# THE CABINET STATE OF FLORIDA

#### Representing:

STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION
FINANCIAL SERVICES COMMISSION, FINANCIAL REGULATION
FLORIDA LAND AND WATER ADJUDICATORY COMMISSION
BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT TRUST FUND

The above agencies came to be heard before THE FLORIDA CABINET, Honorable Governor Crist presiding, in the Cabinet Meeting Room, LL-03, The Capitol, Tallahassee, Florida, on Tuesday, April 14, 2009, commencing at approximately 9:36 a.m.

#### Reported by:

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#### APPEARANCES:

Representing the Florida Cabinet:

CHARLIE CRIST
Governor
(Appearing telephonically)

CHARLES H. BRONSON Commissioner of Agriculture

BILL McCOLLUM Attorney General

ALEX SINK Chief Financial Officer

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# FINANCIAL SERVICES COMMISSION, FINANCIAL REGULATION (Presented by ANDREA MORELAND)

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### 1 PROCEEDINGS (The agenda items commenced at 9:38 a.m.) 2 3 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: It's my 4 understanding this morning before the resolutions and so forth that Ash Williams with the State Board 5 6 of Administration needs to have the agenda item up first, and we put that up there, Ash. If you could 7 8 come forward, we will begin with the State Board of 9 Administration. 10 Thank you, General. Item 1 is MR. WILLIAMS: 11 the minutes from the March 24 meeting. Request 12 approval. 13 CFO SINK: I move it. 14 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Governor, can you 15 second it, or should I? 16 GOVERNOR CRIST: Second. 17 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Thank you. No 18 objections. It's approved. 19 Item 2, request approval of the MR. WILLIAMS: 20 appointment of Robert H. Gidel to the Investment 21 Advisory Council. 22 CFO SINK: I move it. 23 GOVERNOR CRIST: Second. 24 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Without objection, it's approved. But I've got to comment at this

time, because this is my nominee to this particular advisory panel. And for those of you who don't know, there are six investment advisors, Ash, that you have on your Council, and I have the privilege of appointing two of them, as the CFO does too, and the Governor has too.

Ash Williams has had 18 -- or I should say Rob Gidel. You've had a lot more than that, probably, Ash. But Rob Gidel has had 18 years of experience in private equity investing and management. He has had a 23-year history in a public company, investing and management. He has been a long-time person whom I've known in the financial world, and I'm really looking forward to his being aboard as one of your advisors, Ash.

I know you have an agenda today, but I wonder if it would be appropriate for Rob to come up just for a minute to be recognized and just acknowledge who he is and let you know who one of your new advisors is going to be. If we could have him, if that's appropriate --

MR. WILLIAMS: Absolutely.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Rob Gidel. Rob, welcome.

MR. GIDEL: Thank you, General. It's truly an

honor to be able to join the Council. I take this role with extreme seriousness, particularly in the times that we're in.

I have about 35 years of investing my own capital alongside public and corporate pension funds, as well as university endowments. At the present time, I'm Chairman of the Finance Committee at the University of Florida, the foundation and endowment, so I'm familiar with both the structure and the plans and the processes that the pension funds like the State of Florida use to make investments.

I'm also very proud of the fact that I'm homegrown. I graduated from Clearwater High School and from the University of Florida. I have been chairman of the board, CEO, and lead director of a number of companies based here in Florida. I love this state, and at times like this, I think that those that care about it greatly are the ones that are being asked to serve, and I'm grateful that you asked.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Well, Rob, we really appreciate it. I do indeed, and I think all of us do, the Trustees, CFO Sink and Governor Crist.

1 One of the unique features you bring to this is that you've been an advisor or been on the board 2 3 with CalPERS, with the California teachers, the 4 Texas teachers, the State of Illinois, the State of 5 Utah, a number of pension plans. And I would like 6 to believe that your experience and depth of 7 experience will add to the Council and to the 8 assistance that Ash and his team need. 9 And I appreciate your coming this morning in person. Not every time we have a nominee does that 10 11 I think you have your son with you today 12 too, and we're just very proud that you're here. 13 Thank you very much. Any questions, CFO Sink or Governor? 14 15 CFO SINK: No. 16 GOVERNOR CRIST: No. Thank you. 17 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Thank you. Thank 18 you very much. Ash. 19 Item 3, we request approval of MR. WILLIAMS: 20 the SBA Quarterly Report regarding the Protecting 21 Florida's Investments Act. 22 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Do I have a 23 motion? 24 CFO SINK: Move it. 25 GOVERNOR CRIST: Second.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Without objection, approved.

MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you. Item 4, let's frame up this item, if we could. This was originally a request for authorization to purchase financial products for the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe
Fund. We are in fact not recommending the purchase of any financial products today, so if it please the Board, perhaps we should change this to a discussion item.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: That would be fine with us. Please proceed, Ash.

MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you very much. At our -CFO SINK: General, can I ask a question about
that? So we're not going to be expected to vote on
your recommendation not to pursue a financial
product? I don't know what the proper protocol is
here today.

MR. WILLIAMS: Well, I think the way we had it framed was, we would need specific authorization to move forward with a product, so I was thinking if you were doing the inverse, which is not to move forward, then you don't need any authorization, because you're not doing anything.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: So then we would

be removing this as an item for consideration? We may have to have a motion to do that, because it is an item. It appears as an item here.

MR. WILLIAMS: Well, if procedurally it would be more straightforward to leave it as it is and simply affirm by a vote not to do a financial product at this time, that would work as well.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: We aren't voting on anything today.

What does staff think about that? Do we need a vote? Does anybody back there know?

(Sotto voce discussion among staff.)

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Well, it's our option to withdraw it or have a vote. CFO Sink, do you have a preference? Do you want to go ahead and vote on not doing something, or do you think it would be better to withdraw it? Governor, do you have a thought?

GOVERNOR CRIST: No. It occurs to me that you might want to go ahead and record a vote to just have it as a discussion item and not as an item for a vote, and I'll make that motion just to make it a discussion point.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: CFO Sink, would you second that?

CFO SINK: Okay. I'll second that.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Without objection, it is so altered, and that is the proceeding here today. Please proceed, Ash, then.

MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you, General. Originally our plan was to have Mr. John Forney of Raymond James with us. He is a victim of the same weather conditions that have stranded the Governor in Tampa this morning, so I will work from the memo that he prepared and would originally have presented.

Just recapping, the Florida Hurricane

Catastrophe Fund created a Financial Services Team

through competitive and public procurement

processes over the course of 2007 and 2008. The

team consists of investment banks, reinsurance

brokers, and lawyers, all of them well recognized

firms.

You'll also recall that at our March 10 meeting, we discussed the notion of going into the market for financial products, and I was directed to work with the Cat Fund and our Financial Services Team to go and analyze the availability of various financial products and report back with the benefit of that detailed background. We have done so and have looked at the purchase of financial

1 products, including reinsurance, finite 2 reinsurance, and also puts similar to the 3 transaction that was done last year. And our conclusion is that the amount of risk 4 5 that we could transfer through that process is very 6 small and not enough to really be material, and the 7 price at which that risk transfer could be accomplished is extremely high. And for that 8 9 reason, it is not attractive economically to pursue financial products at this time. 10 11 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Are there questions? CFO Sink, Governor? 12 13 GOVERNOR CRIST: No, sir. Thank you. 14 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Any questions, 15 CFO? 16 CFO SINK: Thank you, General. No, but are 17 you going to be preparing -- I see in this report 18 you have an update on our federal initiatives and 19 some other matters. Are you prepared --20 MR. WILLIAMS: Yes. 21 CFO SINK: -- to give us an update on those? 22 MR. WILLIAMS: Yes. Why don't we go ahead and and --23 24 CFO SINK: But for purposes of what we're doing right now, I don't have any -- well, I do. 25

So as it stands now, we've been talking about a gap of as much as \$18 billion. And I understand that some people think the markets might have opened up quite a -- a little bit. Would you just summarize for us where we think we stand now in terms of the Cat Fund?

MR. WILLIAMS: Certainly. We're in substantially better condition, is the short answer. The original analysis was that our access to the capital markets was estimated to be at approximately \$3 billion. As part of our analysis that we're reporting to you today, we would like to revise that estimate to \$8 billion.

So keeping in mind that a significant part of the reason the Cat Fund has been a focus of our attention of late is that there has been a gap that has resulted largely from the freezing in the financial markets and the inaccessibility of the debt markets for post-event bond issuance by the Cat Fund, in fact, if we look at where we would be today if we were in fact able to issue \$8 billion in post-event financing, the aggregate resources of the Cat Fund could cover Cat Fund loss exposure of between 12 and \$15 1/2 billion.

If you keep in mind that the Cat Fund's

exposure does not come from the first dollar, and if you look at what's called the ground-up loss number, meaning losses from the first dollar, which would include those losses paid by insurance companies before the Cat Fund would be called upon to pay the first dime, that would bring us up to a bottom-up loss experience of between 20.4 billion and 24 billion. And again, putting that in perspective, that would mean a storm the size of Hurricane Andrew would have a current day loss expectation of about \$22 billion, so you would be right in that range of being able to cover an event the size of Andrew with current resources.

To give you an idea of probabilities, when we first began talking about the Cat Fund situation at the onset of 2009 and tail end of 2008, the probability at that \$3 billion issuance level that the resources of the Cat Fund could be outstripped by loss experience was roughly 6 percent. That probability has dropped to 3 1/2 percent currently with this estimate. If the capital markets continue to thaw, issuance capability continues to trend upward, that number could go lower. And if you couple that with the initiatives we're pursuing at the state and federal levels, there are numerous

tracks down which we are proceeding to get the Cat

Fund on a sound footing.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: I had one clarification question. It remains true, though, that for that which is above the amount that you described, the \$15 billion exposure, there would be no protection and no realistic prospects of getting support in terms of any kind of liquidity without some intervention from perhaps the federal government, which I know you've been pursuing. We are correct about that, aren't we?

MR. WILLIAMS: Yes, sir.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: And as far as what you're doing now, your recommendation would be that we not proceed to try to look for other products, because they're too expensive, considering the relatively low probability of exceeding that 15 billion loss figure during this next storm season. Is that the bottom line?

MR. WILLIAMS: That is correct. And what it comes down to is this, very simply: If you buy a financial product, you will pay a very, very significant cost for it. In many cases, to transfer -- for example, to transfer a billion dollars of risk, you could pay \$270 million or more

in premium.

That is a very substantial out-of-pocket cost that does not come back. And our view is, given where we are on current resources and the improved bond issuance capability, that we would be better off preserving our capital, allowing it to compound tax-free over time, and letting markets normalize, and working on the other tracks that we're on.

And as the CFO requested a moment ago, I'm happy to provide you an update on where we are on all those tracks.

CFO SINK: General?

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Yes, CFO.

CFO SINK: So we -- in terms of preparation for this hurricane season, we have about -- isn't it about 3 billion of the surplus, I think? And then on top of that, we already have some pre-event financing that we've done to bring us up to -- I want to say \$8 billion. I'm not sure my numbers are exactly right.

But would you review with us how we see the possibilities of getting some more money in the bank, so to speak, earlier that would enable us to pay claims in terms of similar types of pre-event financing? Give us a status on the pursuit of

getting some money in the bank.

MR. WILLIAMS: Sure. Currently we have about \$4 billion in cash and about 3 1/2 billion in proceeds from prior pre-event issuance.

With pre-event issuance, the objective is to issue at the lowest possible cost, invest the proceeds, and use the investment returns on the proceeds to offset the carrying costs on the borrowing.

We all know that interest rates have effectively gone to zero in the short term, which means that our ability to cover the debt carrying costs of pre-event bond issuance is nonexistent. That in turn makes the cost-effectiveness of pre-event issuance undesirable in the current environment. And the analysis of the Financial Services Team was that the scale of pre-event issuance in the current environment that's available is quite small anyway. The estimate was 500 million to a billion dollars. So it's a small amount of capital, and it's an expensive source of capital.

That said, we intend to file within the next 30 days an application with the Internal Revenue Service to get a private letter ruling so that we

could issue our pre-event paper on a tax-exempt
basis, as we do our post-event paper. That would
increase the size of issuance possible and also
lower the cost of that issuance. And at some
point, we would think there will be a firming of
interest rates as we make a bottom and the economy
begins to recover, and the ability to cover
issuance costs and carrying costs with interest
income might come back, but it's not there
presently.

CFO SINK: Thank you.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Questions?

Governor, do you have any questions of Ash?

GOVERNOR CRIST: No, no. That was very clear to me. Thank you.

attorney General McCollum: Thank you very much, Ash. I think it's clear where we are and where we're going with this. And there is some degree of risk, but as you say, it's minimal, and I think you've made the right choice. So that will dispense with Item 4, since it became a discussion item, and you may go on, I presume, to Item 5.

MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you. Item 5 is the premium formula for the proposed 2009-2010 rates.

We are not recommending any rate increase beyond a

1 0.84 percent premium increase. That is driven

primarily by the change in interest income.

I went back and took a look at what the difference was in the interest earnings on the Cat Fund as a percentage, looking at the prior fiscal year versus current fiscal year-to-date. And in the prior fiscal year, the Cat Fund had an interest year-to-date return of 4.17 percent. To put that in perspective, today it's a 0.27. So you can see the impact of the falling interest rates on our ability to earn a return on short-term exposure. And, of course, the emphasis in investing Cat Fund dollars is safety, liquidity, and return, just as it is with our Local Government Pool. So the near-term rates are returning very low levels, and that in turn has affected us.

There have been a couple of other aspects of the Cat Fund's overall cost picture which have shifted a little bit the other way. We have less pre-event note expense because we've paid off some of the pre-event financing that was out there, so we're no longer paying the debt service on it. And we have slightly lower modeling costs that have also affected the overall blend. But where we get to net of all of these things is a proposed rate

1 increase of 0.84 percent. In terms of how that might affect consumers, 2 3 keep in mind, the Cat Fund is only one element of 4 retail insurance costs. There's no guarantee that 5 that .84 percent would be passed through in a 6 straight linear manner. In fact, it almost 7 certainly would not, because it's only a small 8 component, or a component of retail rates, and to 9 the extent retail insurers wanted to change rates 10 at all, that, of course, would be subject to OIR 11 regulation. 12 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Do I have a motion 13 to approve Item 5? 14 CFO SINK: I move it. 15 GOVERNOR CRIST: Second. 16 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: No objections. 17 Item 5 is approved. 18 MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you. Item 6 is a request 19 for approval to file a rulemaking notice for the 20 reimbursement premium formula. 21 CFO SINK: I move it. 22 GOVERNOR CRIST: Second. 23 Item 6 without ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: 24 objection is approved.

Thank you. Item 7 is request

MR. WILLIAMS:

1 approval to -- approval of and authority to file a notice of proposed rulemaking for insurer reporting 2 3 requirements and insurer responsibilities. ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Is there a motion 4 5 on Item 7? 6 CFO SINK: Move it. 7 GOVERNOR CRIST: So moved. ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Is there a second? 8 9 CFO SINK: Second. 10 GOVERNOR CRIST: Okay. We've got a motion and 11 second there, and without objection, Item 7 is 12 approved. Thank you. Would you like an 13 MR. WILLIAMS: 14 update on the other items that we talked about, the 15 federal activities, state legislation? 16 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Please give us 17 that update. We would be very interested in that, 18 Ash. 19 MR. WILLIAMS: Certainly. Commissioner 20 McCarty and I are planning to back go up to 21 Washington next week and do a meeting with the 22 Florida delegation. We will pursue other meetings 23 as available. What we have done is continued to work with 24 25 several other states, primarily California,

Louisiana, and Texas, who have entities similar to the Cat Fund, to advance federal legislation that would create the authority for the Cat Fund and these other entities, or other similar entities that might appear later on, to have access to a federal credit quarantee.

We think this is an attractive approach from the standpoint that we're not actually asking for any federal dollars. It's simply a credit guarantee. We are in fact a good credit. Paper issued by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund has in the past been rated at a double-A level.

And the guarantee would not be triggered absent our using up roughly 80 percent of our resources. So it's truly something that would only be called in the event of real need. It doesn't require any advance funding on the part of Uncle Sam.

In addition to that, we have had some initial discussions at the executive level on the possibility of securing some sort of guarantee there. Those discussions are in early days, and we can talk about strategy on moving forward with those subsequently.

At the state level, there is legislation moving in both the House and Senate that would do

two things that are relevant to the Cat Fund.

Number one, over a five-year period, it would ramp

down the temporary increase in coverage layer at an

incremental rate of change of \$2 billion per year.

Secondly, also over a five-year period, there would

2 1/2 percent per year for the Cat Fund that would be over and above the actuarially indicated rate,

be an accelerated capital build-up at the rate of

9 and therefore would give you additional capital.

So the idea would be five years down the road, with this legislation, you would have completed a glide path that would accomplish two things.

First, it would reduce liabilities by dramatically scaling back the so-called TICL layer. Secondly, would you increase the capital base of the Cat

Fund, and the combination of those two things together gives you a much stronger fund.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Are there questions, CFO?

CFO SINK: Yes, General. I would like to -- I just want to bring up the issue about the ratings agencies of the insurance companies. And I see Commissioner McCarty in the audience, and this may be something that's better responded to by him.

But there is this ongoing expectation that one

of the companies who rates insurance companies, particularly our Florida domestic companies, of which we have probably 40 or 50 now, may be at risk of having their ratings downgraded because of this gap in the Catastrophe Fund's ability to fulfill the claims-paying ability. And what that leads to is the possibility that homeowners then cannot use those insurance companies in order to get mortgages done, which would have a really dampening effect on the mortgage industry, real estate sales, et cetera. And I would just like, Ash, for either you or

And I would just like, Ash, for either you or Commissioner McCarty to kind of lay out the scenario of what may be brewing out there and what might be done by us to shore up and to ensure that we don't have a semi-collapse in that 30 percent of the market that's written by the Florida domestic companies.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Commissioner McCarty.

MR. McCARTY: Thank you. Thank you, General.

I think you did a very excellent job, Madam CFO, of laying out the factual predicate of actually a confluence of events that concerns us all and is one of the many reasons why both

Mr. Williams and I are working with the Florida delegation and with the Treasury and the Federal Reserve, to articulate that irrespective of a storm, that we have an underlying issue of the potential of downgrade.

There are a number of remedies that the companies on their own are seeking to find financial solutions themselves. There are financial instruments out there that they are investigating, one of which is very common is a drop-down potential from the -- if the TICL layer is not available in the reinsurance market, there are other risk transfer mechanisms that are being investigated.

But the upshot of it is that there are going to be companies that are going to have grave difficulties securing any kind of financial transfer risk -- risk transfer mechanism, and they do stand the risk of being downgraded, as you have already stated. And the risk therein is that those companies would be technically in default, the policyholders would be technically in default, and that could have a dampening effect on our economic recovery, and that concern is still out there.

CFO SINK: Well, as we go along here -- and

we're almost running out of time, as I understand it -- I just think it's critical for the two of you as our team to try to be as creative as possible.

And I'm sure that any of the members of the Commission up here would be glad to get engaged and to help with any proposed solutions, because it is a potentially serious situation for an economy that needs to be rebounding right now.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Governor, do you have a question for Commissioner McCarty while he's at the rostrum?

GOVERNOR CRIST: No, no. Thank you. I appreciate it, though. Thank you, Commissioner.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: I have one question or one comment for you following up on CFO Sink's points for clarification.

Several years ago when I was in Congress, I recall we had a period of time when you couldn't buy reinsurance. Insurance companies, those who insured homeowners for windstorm could not buy reinsurance at any price anywhere above a certain amount. There was just a lack of availability back then. A year or so ago, we were told that, you know, there was plenty of that available out there with new offshore markets, et cetera. Is my

understanding correct?

And it's really somewhat related, I think, maybe directly related to what the CFO is trying to make a point of, and that is that we don't have in the world today adequate reinsurance available at any price for new purchases. Is that correct, Commissioner McCarty?

MR. McCARTY: Well, I think that that's an ever-shifting number. Obviously, the reinsurance market is affected by global markets in general, so that would have a dampening effect.

The reinsurance capacity this year is probably about the same as it was last year. We have seen upward pressure points with regard to pricing.

But there is a finite amount of reinsurance out there within a margin. I recall the trip I took with Governor Bush to Lloyd's, and they made it very clear that, you know, there's X amount of reinsurance available for Florida. Now, the number may vary for global reinsurance in general, but there's a finite amount of reinsurance available at any price. You are correct.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: So it's very, very difficult to achieve and, of course, the price is extremely high out there still.

MR. McCARTY: And I think what the Legislature has done in their wisdom is to try to address that problem with building new capital, by the capital build-up program that we have with the \$250 million that was used to provide incentives. And also, the other end of that equation is driving down the exposure in Florida, and one of the ways of doing that is to get people to mitigate their homes and incentivizing people to mitigate their homes with My Safe Florida Homes, which has been a very successful program.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: We still don't have transparency in the offshore reinsurance companies. They do not provide you with the same data that our domestic reinsurers do; is that correct?

MR. McCARTY: Yes. The market is not as transparent as our domestic market, no question.

One of the things we are pursuing is international agreements with regulators from the UK, Swiss,

Bermuda, to bring more transparency into that process.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: And that tightness of that market and the absence of transparency contributes to all the things we're talking about

1	as a problem here; right?
2	MR. McCARTY: To a certain extent, yes, sir.
3	CFO SINK: Well, General
4	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Any further
5	questions, CFO?
6	CFO SINK: Kevin, that brings up a point.
7	Where do we stand in our agreements and
8	negotiations that you've been having with the
9	Bermuda Monetary Authority in terms of sharing of
10	information?
11	MR. McCARTY: We're on track with the Bermuda
12	authority and with the UK. We have been putting
13	most of our effort into the UK recently. We are
14	pursuing a parallel track with the Bermuda
15	authority. We should probably have something
16	completed, hopefully, within the next 30 days.
17	CFO SINK: Good.
18	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Any other
19	questions?
20	Thank you very much, Commissioner.
21	Ash, further presentation?
22	MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you. Just in closing, in
23	addition to the initiatives that we talked about
24	earlier, legislative and executive, in terms of
25	getting additional support for the Cat Fund, there

is one new initiative I wanted to share with you, and that is our view that our ability to issue post-event financing may be improved by doing a road show and approaching various institutional investors when we're not pushing an individual transaction, just to better acquaint them with the quality of our credit and therefore put them in a mode where they might be more receptive to our paper should we need to come to the market on a post-event basis. So we'll be working to put together a group and do a little road show for that purpose.

The last thing I wanted to share with you is not Cat Fund related. It has to do with the Pension Fund. You might recall a while ago we had a conversation about our funded status, and we've talked in the past too about our long-term orientation and sticking to our investment discipline. I just wanted to share with you that since the low in the markets of March 10, we've added roughly \$12 billion to the Florida Retirement System Trust Fund, and that's a result of being positioned as the equity markets have shown some strength.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: That's very

encouraging, and we really appreciate it. 1 Any further questions of Ash? 2 3 GOVERNOR CRIST: Yes, if I might, General. 4 Ash, did you just say you added 12 million? 5 Is that correct? 6 MR. WILLIAMS: 12 billion with a B, Governor. 7 GOVERNOR CRIST: Billion. God bless you. 8 Thank you. 9 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: That sounds a lot better, doesn't it? 10 11 GOVERNOR CRIST: Yes, a lot better. 12 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Thank you very 13 much, Ash. We appreciate very much the fact that 14 the audience is out here. Normally we would be 15 doing resolutions first. Ash, thank you for coming 16 forward. We did the State Board of Administration to 17 18 accommodate Mr. Williams this morning and his team, 19 but for those of you who are in the audience -- and 20 there are a number of children here who probably don't know what in the world are we talking about. 21 22 And we can't give you the whole lesson this 23 morning, but the State of Florida has the fifth 24 largest pension fund in the country, and we also 25 have -- which is managed by the State Board of

Administration, and the trustees are myself and CFO Sink and the Governor. And there's also this huge catastrophe fund, which is really a reinsurance fund for our homeowners insurance in our state, which is what we were discussing this morning. With that in mind, we are moving to resolutions. Commissioner Bronson, you've been very patient this morning, and you have a

resolution, I believe.

(Resolutions were presented by Commissioner Bronson and CFO Sink.)

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: The next order on our agenda is for Andrea Moreland to present for the Financial Services Commission, the Office of Financial Regulation. Andrea.

MS. MORELAND: Good morning. Commissioner
Hager has asked me to present our agenda for today.
He's attending a meeting of state bank regulators.

The Office has two agenda items. Item Number 1, we are requesting approval of the minutes of the March 10th meeting.

CFO SINK: Move it.

COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Second.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Without objection, it's so approved.

MS. MORELAND: Item Number 2, the Office is requesting approval to file for final adoption Rule 69V-560.1000, relating to disciplinary guidelines for money services businesses. This is the last rule that implements the substantive legislation last year that strengthened the regulation of money services businesses. The Commission approved the majority of those implementing rules in December, and those took effect January 13th. This is the last remaining rule to implement that legislation.

When this rule was noticed for final hearing,

we did receive some additional comments regarding the rule. We received comments from the financial services centers. They asked that the rule be clarified and some technical changes made to the rule to establish that the factors that are used in the rule would be used as far as looking at when we are assessing an appropriate penalty within the guidelines and also when going outside of the guidelines. Those were technical and clarifying in nature, so we incorporated that into the rules that are before you today.

We also received comments from the Office of Statewide Prosecution. They had recommended for certain penalty provisions, that an additional penalty of revocation be added to the first and second offense. While the Office agrees with those recommendations, they are more substantive in nature, and we felt that we should probably hold an additional workshop on that particular change to give all the interested parties an opportunity to comment. So we didn't include those, not because we don't agree with them. It was just that we wanted to move forward with the rules as they are now so that we could get those into place.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Is there a motion

1	on this item?
2	CFO SINK: I move it.
3	GOVERNOR CRIST: So moved.
4	CFO SINK: Second.
5	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Without objection,
6	the item is approved.
7	MS. MORELAND: Thank you.
8	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Thank you very
9	much.
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1	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Lisa, Florida Land
2	and Water Adjudicatory Commission, Lisa Saliba.
3	MS. SALIBA: Good morning, Members of the
4	Cabinet. We have two items. The first is the
5	approval of the minutes from the March 10th
6	meeting.
7	CFO SINK: Move it.
8	COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Second.
9	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Without objection,
10	so approved.
11	MS. SALIBA: The second item is, we're
12	recommending your approval of amendments to a rule
13	for the Fleming Island Plantation Community
14	Development District in Clay County. This would
15	provide us final approval to publish and go into
16	final adoption.
17	CFO SINK: Move it.
18	COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Second.
19	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Any discussion?
20	If not, any objection? If not, Item 2 is approved.
21	MS. SALIBA: Thank you very much.
22	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Thank you very
23	much.
24	
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1 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Mike Sole, Board 2 of Trustees. 3 MR. SOLE: Good morning, Governor and Cabinet 4 members. Item Number 1 is submittal of the minutes 5 from the January 27th Cabinet meeting. 6 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Is there a motion? 7 CFO SINK: Move it. COMMISSIONER BRONSON: 8 Second. 9 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Without objection, 10 so approved. 11 MR. SOLE: Thank you. Item Number 2, this is 12 a Board of Trustees agenda item relating to the Department of Community Affairs Florida Communities 13 14 Trust Stan Mayfield Working Waterfronts 2008 15 project list. Here with us today we have Ken 16 Reecy, who is the executive director of the Florida 17 Communities Trust, to present this item. 18 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Please. 19 MR. REECY: Thank you, Secretary Sole. 20 morning, Governor and Cabinet. It is indeed a pleasure to be here for the first Florida 21 22 Communities Trust appearance before the Board of 23 Trustees. Secretary Pelham would be here this 24 morning, but he is feeling under the weather, so he

does send his regrets.

Ιt

It's appropriate that we consider in this
room, given the artwork that is all around us
showing working waterfronts, this item today.

5 Florida.

As you know, this is an entirely new program. The Stan Mayfield Working Waterfronts program was created last year within the Florida Communities
Trust Act, and to fund the program, the Legislature provided 2.5 percent of the total Florida Forever distribution, which at the traditional funding level would be \$7.5 million. The waterfront grants will be used to acquire parcels of land directly used for the purposes of commercial harvest of marine organisms or saltwater products by state licensed commercial fishermen, aquaculturists, or business entities supporting these activities.

is a very important heritage industry here in

The Department of Community Affairs worked jointly with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to develop the rules to establish an application process and a process to evaluate, score, and rank the projects. Eligible applicants for this program are local governments and working waterfront non-profits.

The grant application deadline was in November

of this year -- last year, and in January, the FCT governing board met to review each application, consider the staff-recommended scores, and to provide the finalized ranking list that's before you today. So we present the ranking, finalized ranking list to the Board of Trustees for your consideration and approval that may receive funding.

Based on the amounts requested by the applicants, the top three projects on the ranking list would be funded if approved by the Board, Sebastian Working Waterfront Collaborative, Blue Crab Cove in Brevard County, and Apalachicola Boat Works. If annual Stan Mayfield Florida Forever funds become available, additional projects may receive grant funding rolling down the list.

Both the applicants and current landowners of all the projects are in full compliance with their sovereignty submerged lands leases.

I would also like to take this opportunity -Representative Mayfield was here to see this
program brought in for a landing, and she had told
me when she had to leave that she would like to
tell you that she would like to keep this program
relatively the way it is and to see the program

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1 funded if at all possible.

I would also like to thank Commissioner

Bronson for the assistance his staff gave us in the development of the rule and Secretary Sole for the assistance that his staff gave us in bringing this before you today.

COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Motion for approval of Item 2.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Is there a second?

CFO SINK: Second. I do want to make some

comments in a minute, General.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: CFO Sink.

CFO SINK: Thank you so much. This is an exciting program. And it is my understanding that there is the money available to accomplish the funding. Is that right or not right?

MR. SOLE: Madam CFO, currently we do have roughly 132 million in cash proceeds for Florida Forever projects, which includes the Stan Mayfield Working Waterfronts. As we disburse those moneys, it ends up being dependent upon when projects are ready to close. And I know Ken will continue to work quickly to try to get as much of this done as quickly as possible.

CFO SINK: Okay. And just a comment I want to

make to Mike, because I know that your staff -- I know your staff spent lots and lots of hours in trying to get all of these applicants in compliance.

MR. SOLE: Yes, ma'am.

OFO SINK: And for a very minuscule, in my opinion, amount of fees, maybe as little as \$1,000. And so it just disturbs me that there's a mismatch here between the amount of work it requires our state employees to get people who have violated the terms of their lease back into compliance and for us to have on-site inspections. We're certainly not by any stretch covering our costs.

And I just hope the Legislature would at some point go back and review the entire penalty structure of the Department of Environment Protection, because these penalties ought to be put in trust for your department to enable you to do more enforcement and better enforcement and have people, before they violate our rules and our regulations and our laws, have something more than a slap on the wrist and be thinking twice about it before they think they're just going to get away with it because we have inadequate enforcement, or if they get caught, the penalties are like little

1 gnats. 2 MR. SOLE: Yes, ma'am. ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Other comments or 3 4 questions? Governor, do you have anything? 5 GOVERNOR CRIST: No. Thank you. 6 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: I just would make 7 one comment, Mike, before you step away. Florida 8 Forever funds and the funds for this are very 9 limited, obviously. I think all of us want to see 10 them brought back. And you're telling us that even 11 through only three get funded now, the rest of 12 these are now in order to get funded? If we had the money, they would be? 13 14 MR. SOLE: No, sir. 15 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: No, they're not? 16 MR. SOLE: I apologize if I confused you. As 17 I understand it, the \$7.5 million which is 18 appropriated for the working waterfronts will go to 19 the top four applicants on that list. 20 MR. REECY: Top three. 21 Excuse me, top three. And it will MR. SOLE: 22 be subject to future appropriations for any 23 additional applicants, unless somebody drops off

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Will we see this

that top three as Ken's team --

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list again, then? When the next money comes up, it could be reconfigured? Is this kind of the way it's going to be locked in, or how do you see it?

MR. REECY: It's an annual grant cycle program, and it would be a clean slate starting each year.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Okay. If there are no other questions, it has been moved and seconded. Any objection? If not, the item is approved.

MR. REECY: Thank you.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: You're welcome.

MR. SOLE: General, thank you. Item Number 3 is related to the request for consideration of the April 2009 Florida Forever Five-Year Plan as well as the Acquisition and Restoration Council recommended April 2009 Florida Forever priority list.

The Acquisition and Restoration Council has recently reviewed several projects and have proposed adding five new projects to the Florida Forever Five-Year Plan as well as one boundary amendment. The five projects include Harbor Branch Preserve. This is a Phase II project to be added to the Indian River Lagoon Blueway project located

in St. Lucie County. McDaniels Ranch Reserve, 1 which is added to the B List, to the Panther Glades 2 3 Ecosystem project, this is located in Hendry county 4 and has some 4,200 acres. In addition, Bear Hammock in Marion County, which would be 4,800 5 6 acres added to the B List. Seven Runs Creek in 7 Walton County, this is a 14,649-acre parcel which would be added to the A List and is part of our 8 9 Northwest Florida Greenway project, working with 10 our military partners. And finally, Tiger Cattle 11 Company Ranch Reserve in Okeechobee, some 12 2,300 acres which will also be added to the A List. In addition, we have a boundary amendment for 13 14 Clear Creek-Whiting Field in Santa Rosa County. 15 This is also in partnership with our military 16 partners. And there are no shifts from projects 17 moving from the A List to the B List or vice versa. 18 And that is the recommendation of the Acquisition 19 and Restoration Council. 20 CFO SINK: I move it. 21 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Is there a second? 22 COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Second. 23 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: I've got one 24 question for you, Mike.

MR. SOLE: Yes, sir, General.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: We don't have the
money to make these purchases right now, but the
amendments, the boundary amendments involved would
be effective based upon our approval today; is that
right?

MR. SOLE: Yes, sir, they are.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: And the others are just adding projects to the lists whenever we do get the money.

MR. SOLE: And any project, new project that we would seek to actually acquire would come back before the Board of Trustees for your specific approval.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Without objection,

Item 3 is approved. Item 4.

MR. SOLE: Thank you. Item Number 4, request a ten-year sovereignty submerged lands lease for Barefoot Developers, Inc. This is a 63-slip commercial docking facility located in Escambia County, Pensacola, on Bayou Chico. It's a new commercial docking facility. 90 percent of the facility will be open to the public. The consideration is for \$11,074.

The applicant proposed some minor dredging to maintain adequate boat depth as well as maintain

1	good flushing for this section of Bayou Chico. And
2	there will be some additional riprap added to the
3	shoreline. And finally, there will be some
4	pilings, old trestle bridge pilings removed.
5	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Is there a motion
6	on this item?
7	COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Motion
8	GOVERNOR CRIST: I move it.
9	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: The Governor moved
10	it.
11	COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Second. I just wanted
12	to make sure that all the special approval
13	conditions are met as part of the motion, Governor,
14	if you don't
15	MR. SOLE: We do have a speaker on this. The
16	applicant would like to speak on this.
17	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: All right. If we
18	could do that, Commissioner. But before we do
19	that, to clarify, all the conditions, Governor,
20	were in your motion, I assume. Is that right,
21	Governor?
22	GOVERNOR CRIST: Yes, sir.
23	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Thank you. We
24	have a speaker?
25	MR. SOLE: Mr. Rick Higdon, who is the

1 applicant.

MR. HIGDON: Good morning. My name is Rick Higdon, from Pensacola, Florida. I would like to thank the Governor, the Cabinet, and the aides for putting their time and effort into getting to this point with this permit.

I'm kind of glad to be here. I was actually a young man when I started this permitting process, and look at me now.

The reason that I would like to speak is that I'm very concerned. I'm from Pensacola. I've been doing business since 1974 in the Panhandle and other places in Florida, and I've dealt with DEP almost since its conception. And throughout this process of permitting for this marina, it brought back some memories. It reminded me of when I was a child and you did something wrong, you know, you know you've got a whipping coming, and you go ahead and take the whipping, and you go out to play.

Well, in making an application with DEP in this day and time, you know you've got a whipping coming, and the two factors are how much is it going to cost you and how long will it take. Well, this particular permit, I'm about 250 in it, and I'm four years down the road.

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And the only reason I bring this up is that I hear over and over, we want more and more business, and I for one want more business in the state of Florida. DEP has a permitting problem. It's broke and needs to be fixed. And I want to say a special thanks to Mike Sole. He's probably the responsible party for getting me here today.

And just to bring it to your attention, there are some major problems in the permitting process of DEP. When other businesses come to this state, they hear it from the engineers, they hear it from the consultants. And if there's some way you can fix these problems -- and they are major problems -- to make it easier just to get permits.

Now, once we get the permits, our job as developers and builders just starts. We've still got to deal with all the local and state agencies, and we know that, and that's fine, but it takes us so long to actually get a permit in hand.

An example, this is probably a poster child as to how not to do something. When I started this project four years ago, a marina was a great idea.

I had -- I've got three acres on a four-lane highway in Pensacola. I was going to build this for my son to run the restaurant, run the marina,

the dry storage. And we're four years down the road, and, of course, the last thing you would do in these economic times is to build a marina, you know. So we're sitting here, and I'm tickled to death to have a permit to stick in the file. And hopefully, some day this will come back and I'll be able to do this project.

But I just sincerely want to say that, you know, I hope that the Cabinet -- and y'all are the decision-makers -- can try to correct. I know Mike Sole is working on some of the problems with the permitting process in the state, and probably not only in this district up here. But they can certainly be fixed, but they need to be addressed so the small businessman and large businesses that are looking at Florida, to come in, can get in Florida, do business, pay their taxes, and hopefully help our economy.

But I truly appreciate your time. And, Mike, thank you very much.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Well, before you leave the rostrum, if I could here --

MR. HIGDON: Yes, sir, Mr. McCollum.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Could you give us an illustration or two of what you see as the

problems that you encountered? It would be helpful to us, and I'm sure all of us would like to know.

MR. HIGDON: Yes, I would, in general. The problem that I -- now, I'm speaking personally.

Okay? And engineers and consultants can elaborate on these problems. It's mainly the districts. I don't want to step on toes, so I won't mention names, but the districts have no conceptual and don't care about the amount of money an applicant has to spend to get a permit. They also have no concern or consideration for the time that it takes to get a permit. I mean, they just don't.

As an example, they by law have 30 days to respond to any correspondence my consultant sends them, and I guess that's all right. But if they've got that long to respond to any correspondence, I mean, hello, good-bye, it's raining outside, then how long does it take to get a complete permit accomplished? And Mike is aware of a lot of the problems, and he can address them a lot better than I can, but it's mainly the time and the money factor. And, gosh, there's got to be some common sense put into permitting these days, you know.

I mean, I know the engineers -- and we have to hire engineers and consultants, and they're our

professionals on our side of the fence. You know, they know what they've got to do.

And I for one am a proponent of clean air,
water -- I've lived on the water all my life. And
to hear some of the responses I get from DEP -- and
this is just an example. In Northwest Florida,
this particular bayou that I'm permitting is an
impaired body of water, nasty. Okay? In my
permit, I've got to worry about manatees. Now, I'm
sorry, but there ain't been a manatee in Escambia
County that I can ever recall, you know.

But all of them are treated the same, and it should be -- an example, my lease fee on my water for my marina is exactly the same as a lease fee in West Palm Beach, you know, and I certainly can't get the money for my slips that they can in West Palm.

There's just a lot of stuff. And like I said,
Mike is much more aware than I am. But I just
wanted to be the businessman to step up and say,
"Hey, guys, it's broke. We need to fix it." And
it will help all of us in the future for businesses
coming into the state.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Well, we thank you for doing it and thank you for taking the time to

explain those things, because you educated us.

Any questions anyone else has?

COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Well --

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Commissioner Bronson.

COMMISSIONER BRONSON: General, this brings up a good point. And this is just one example. This happens to be -- and of course, anytime anybody is dealing with any body of water in the state, whether it's submerged lands, there are some huge criteria there, depending on the rules and regulations, whether you're involved in federal protected species, state protected species. All of those things come in, so it is a very, very tricky and delicate thing.

But I think the gentleman brings up a point, and that is that not every part of the state is the same, so the conditions in the area that you're in, the specific conditions, all those things should be looked at. But if you've never had a manatee in Pensacola, then I'm not sure you need to be doing any super manatee issues that's going to hold up your permit if there's no manatees there.

We do need some common sense, not only in submerged land leases, but in other projects,

where, if the goal is to protect land, which it is, and we're doing that by the millions of acres now, there are other ways that we can do this rather than buy in fee simple across the board, letting it turn into whatever it's going to turn into.

And if there are issues with other species in other parts of the state that you can work out with Fish and Wildlife, DEP, Water Management -- and there's the problem. He's not just dealing with DEP. He's dealing with Water Management issues in this area, probably County Commission issues.

People look at Florida, and you wonder why we're not bringing a lot of business to Florida that's creating jobs or buying power to get our economy up. It's because of the red tape.

And I agree with you. I think across the board, these issues ought to be looked at. They ought to be looked at at the county level, they ought to be looked at at the state level, and we need to get a concise permitting situation where people can come and do business in Florida, or they just won't come. And right now, our biggest issue is, we don't have enough people doing business in Florida that's creating jobs, so maybe this is the time for us to take a look at all those issues.

MR. HIGDON: An example -- and this is large businesses. Of course, you know, I'm in Pensacola, which is referred to as LA or Lower Alabama. Well, in the past five years, you know, you've had Mercedes, you've had Toyota, you've had the steel mill; they're all going to Alabama. When they hear what they have to go through in this state for permitting -- now, I'm speaking of just DEP, not all the permitting we have to do, because as Mr. Bronson said, and he's 100 percent correct, we've got to deal with a lot of permitting from a lot of different agencies to do business in this state, and we know that. And if we don't want to step up to the plate and deal with it, then we need to go to the House.

But we're willing to step up to the plate, but we just need some common sense, "Hey, guys, let's work this out," as opposed to giving me five reasons why I can't do something. Give me one, "Hey, let's do it this way," you know, just some common sense.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: And by the way, I looked at that body of water, and I think you would be doing a great public service just to open it up like the plan calls for. It would great to clear

1 up --

MR. HIGDON: Oh, I hired the University of
West Florida to do all my water testing just
because I thought they were probably the best third
party to do that. And we had a meeting, real
quick, with DEP, myself, and the university, and
the university said, "We need to open this up as it
was at one time before this trestle was ever
there."

And DEP said, "Yeah, this is great. We really need to do this."

I said, "Okay. That's great. We've got two people saying, 'Let's do it,' and I'll be more than happy to do it, because I am a contractor." I said, "But don't think I'm going go open this body of water up and not get a permit over here."

They said, "No, no. We're going to put it all together."

I said, "Okay. Fair enough."

But things like that, just the negotiating, you know, I mean, most of the people are willing to do with the right thing, but just give us the chance to do it.

CFO SINK: Well, General, the man who's in charge of all this is standing right here, so,

1 Mike, why don't you respond? 2 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Do you want to 3 respond, Mike? 4 MR. SOLE: Sure. 5 CFO SINK: Tell us about all your efforts to 6 streamline permitting at DEP. 7 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: You're getting a lot of praise, so don't say too much, now. 8 9 Thank you, Mike. MR. HIGDON: 10 MR. SOLE: Thank you, Rick. 11 Without question, there are unfortunate 12 circumstances like this one where the permitting took way too long. You know, I get frustrated just 13 14 like anybody else about why these applications can 15 take so long. A lot of times there's mutual roles 16 in that responsibility, and I'm going to identify 17 that, without question. But, you know, as we look 18 to streamlining, there's things that we can do, and 19 we're working with the Legislature on identifying 20 some of those things. 21 22

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To give you an example, right now, for single-family docks, you can go online and get a certification for your single-family dock without even calling the Department. We're trying to simplify and make those smaller processes more

56 1 streamlined so we can divert more attention to the 2 larger projects and get them through the process 3 There is still lots to do so that we can 4 improve our services, and we all collectively 5 continue to work on that. 6 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: I believe we had a 7 motion and a second on this item, but I don't think we've had any actual vote. Is there an objection 8 9 to Item 4? If not, show it approved. MR. SOLE: General, I made a mistake on Item 10 11 Number 3. I did have a speaker who requested to

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speak. If I may go back --

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Oh, absolutely. Go right ahead, Mike.

MR. SOLE: -- and bring Andy McLeod to the podium. Andy, I apologize.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM:

MR. McLEOD: Thank you very much, Secretary Sole, for taking me out of order, and the Cabinet and Governor. It's a pleasure to be here.

We are very much in support of the additions to the Florida Forever priority list and the boundary expansions being made. We applaud Secretary Sole and Deputy Secretary Bob Ballard and their team for the work that they've done.

As you know, as you referenced, Attorney

General McCollum, funding for Florida Forever is

very much up in the air in the Legislature as we

speak. We have been working diligently to support

the proposal of Governor Crist in his budget for

sufficient general revenue to launch some amount of

bonds next year for Florida Forever, and we applaud

the Governor very much for his leadership on that.

Because there are three timely elements to this, I thought I would mention them, timely in that they have occurred since the Board of Trustees last met.

First is the publication of this report by the Nature Conservancy and its Florida Forever Coalition partners, "Economic Benefits of Land Conservation: A Case for Florida Forever." It is the first compilation of its type of existing data and research on the economic benefits of land conservation, direct and indirect, for instance, the \$8 billion annually that accrues to the state in economic activity in terms of hunting and fishing, the \$5 billion in wildlife viewing, the \$1 billion in economic activity generated by the state parks system run by Secretary Sole. So first, the point that we're making in the

Legislature today, literally, big, significant, 1 real, tangible economic benefits from investment in 2

programs like Florida Forever.

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Secondly, as the Governor mentioned, I gather, in Tampa yesterday about the real estate market, this is an outstanding time for conservation values. And each of you at one time or another have made this point. Not only do we know that the Florida Association of Realtors has most recently announced that the decline in the median price of a single-family home, existing single-family home has decreased by approximately 30 percent in the last year, but a more precise measure perhaps of the potential conservation of values and benefits to be had by investing in Florida Forever at this time comes from the release just last week by the University of Florida IFAS Extension Service of their 2008 Florida land survey, in which they determined that Florida -- in a whole array of farmland values in North Florida, they decreased by a range of 7 to 25 percent in the last year, and from 5 to 26 percent in South Florida. includes a 25 percent drop in the value of northern farmwoods, a 23 percent decrease in value of northern cropland, both irrigated and

non-irrigated, and a 26 percent drop in value in southern unimproved pastureland in a single year.

Those numbers suggest many things to many people, but for us and for the Department of Environmental Protection, it suggests real opportunity for Florida Forever.

And then lastly, on Florida Forever Day a week ago, we released a poll, the Nature Conservancy and the Trust for Public Land, which found that 81 percent of Floridians viewed Florida Forever favorably, one month ago, in the depths of this recession, over 70 percent favorability in the Tampa Bay region, the Palm Beach County region, Miami, Broward, over 60 percent in the Panhandle and metropolitan Orlando, substantial public support for Florida Forever. And so those are the points that we're making in the Legislature today and in the coming days.

We very much appreciate the leadership of the Governor and his budget proposal and all of the Cabinet. Thank you very much.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Well, we appreciate you too, and we appreciate that. I think all of us up here are Florida Forever fans and want to see that hopefully there will be some

money there after this session is over with. Thank you.

Any questions for Andy?

COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Well, while Andy is there, Andy and I and his organization, we've talked a number of times. I have a little different take than the straight Florida Forever idea, simply because I know what the concept is. I've been involved in it. I voted on it in the Florida Senate. But there are other options that are related to the Florida Forever concept.

Right now we're in a very, very tight economic time. We just heard from the business community that it's getting tougher and tougher in some cases to get permits to even do business in Florida. We need jobs, we need people who are going to hire people to do those jobs, and we need the buying power that goes with those jobs for our economic impact of the state. You've got the Rural and Family Lands and some of those programs that are very close to this where the jobs will remain. You still have the buying power. You're still producing a gross domestic product, and you're saving the open green space that Florida Forever saves by buying it outright.

I'm not against this program. I'm not against
-- and I'm not against this listing. If you'll
notice, I voted to put those names on the list,
because that's the way they're supposed to be based
on what the people voted on. But, Andy, where I
think we need to have some discussion in this state
is, I don't think the general public understands
how much land we already have and where is that
number going to go to.

My estimation is, the State is at around 3.8 million acres. The federal government has to be close to 4 with all the open space they own.

And I'm not sure that all of the water management district lands are in that 3.8. I understand most of it is.

But we need to sit down and have a real discussion on how much land are we going to take off the tax rolls, how many jobs are going to go with it, what gross domestic product are we going to cease to continue to produce, what is that impact to the tax structure of the counties where all this land has been purchased. Now, if you take Liberty County and some of these counties up here in North Florida, they're like two-thirds or three-quarters owned by government, and so they're

very limited on their ability to raise the money to keep their own counties going.

I think -- not that I'm against these type programs. There's nobody that loves wildlife and natural resources more than I do, and I love to get out in it. But I think we have to sit down and take a look at how far are we going to go, how much are we going to take off the tax rolls, how are we going to take care of the land. My biggest argument, as you all know, had been we just don't have enough money to truly take care of this land like we should.

But if you add all of that together, and then if you throw in every single building owned by government at all levels in this state, including universities and schools and so forth, there is a lot of land off the tax rolls in this state.

So I think if we're going to get the economy moving again and we're going to talk about business and issues, we need to really sit down and put all these things down on paper and make sure the public understands how much is really off.

I mean, I saw the number of 600,000 in the editorial board of our paper up here. That's not a very -- I don't want to say it's misleading.

That's an accurate number for this particular program that we're talking about, Florida Forever. That is not the composite program of all the land that has been removed and put into natural resource protection. So I -- you know, there's only 33.6, or somewhere close to that, million acres of actual usable land in Florida, and we've got about -- over 10 percent, headed toward 15 or 20 percent of that land for sure that's already in this program. And then you've got all the other lands that belong to government on top of that.

So I think we really need to kind of -- let's all sit down and start talking these numbers outright and where do we need to go. That's all I'm asking. I'm not asking to change it yet. I'm not asking any of this, but there are other programs that will work, and it doesn't take it off the tax rolls and the jobs out of production.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Mike?

MR. SOLE: General, what I would like to do is just remind the Commissioner that without question, not every Florida Forever project is a full fee acquisition. And in fact, based upon the conversations that we've had, you will see that almost a third of the projects on this list are

less than fee. So they address the very point that you're making. It doesn't require a full fee acquisition.

Promise Ranch, which we just closed this -- or actually, it's now last month, in March -- was a less than fee acquisition that allowed them to continue to keep that property on the tax rolls, continue to farm and manage that property, but at the same time, conserve the green space, which is what our desire at the Board as well as the Department was.

So without question, we are looking at those tools to shape the future of Florida Forever, and a reminder that, again, a third, almost a third of the projects on this list are for less than fee acquisition and don't necessarily require a full title acquisition.

ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Representative
Mayfield has come in, Debbie Mayfield. Would you
like to come up? You weren't here to talk about
the Working Waterfronts. We just recognized Andy.
If you would like, since you're here, please.

MS. MAYFIELD: Thank you, General. I really didn't intend to speak, but I just really wanted to thank the Cabinet for approving the awards that

went out today. You know, this is something that was very dear and near to Stan's heart, and I was just so grateful his last two years in office that he was able to make some meaningful changes to the way we do business in the state of Florida. And I was so grateful that the Working Waterfronts was named after him, because he worked so hard on getting it done.

I hope we'll continue to fund it. I hear what Commissioner Bronson is saying about land. He and I agree on some things; we disagree on some things. But I agree we have a lot of land out there. We do have an issue with how we're going to manage it and how we're going to fund it. And I didn't mean to get off on that, but since you were talking about it, I wanted to get this opportunity to say it.

But I do want to commend Secretary Sole. I think he has done a wonderful job of managing the land we have right now. He does a wonderful job of watching over our tax dollars, on what we're purchasing and that it makes sense on what we're purchasing.

And from the bottom of my heart, I want to thank you for keeping the Stan Mayfield Working
Waterfronts in front. Funding is an issue. I hope

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1	we can do funding again this year. I'm begging,
2	borrowing and stealing to try to get a few dollars
3	in there, because it is really meaningful.
4	But again, thank you. And, Madam CFO, I'm
5	glad you walked back in the room. But anyway,
6	thank you very much, and I appreciate it.
7	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Good luck on all
8	your efforts. Thank you very much, Representative
9	Mayfield.
10	MS. MAYFIELD: Thank you.
11	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Mike, does that
12	conclude your business?
13	MR. SOLE: That does conclude our
14	presentation.
15	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: And I believe that
16	concludes our agenda. Governor, if you're still on
17	the line, is there anything else we need to bring
18	up today from your end?
19	GOVERNOR CRIST: No, no. It was a great
20	meeting. I appreciate it, and I look forward to
21	seeing you this afternoon.
22	ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: All right. Thank
23	you very much, Governor. The meeting is adjourned.
24	(Proceedings concluded at 11:12 a.m.)
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## 1 CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 2 3 STATE OF FLORIDA: 4 COUNTY OF LEON: I, MARY ALLEN NEEL, Registered Professional 5 6 Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing 7 proceedings were taken before me at the time and place 8 therein designated; that my shorthand notes were 9 thereafter translated under my supervision; and the 10 foregoing pages numbered 1 through 66 are a true and 11 correct record of the aforesaid proceedings. 12 I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative, 13 employee, attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor 14 relative or employee of such attorney or counsel, or 15 financially interested in the foregoing action. 16 DATED THIS 27th day of April, 2009. 17 18 19 MARY ALLEN NEEL, RPR, FPR 2894-A Remington Green Lane 20 Tallahassee, Florida 32308 (850) 878-2221 21 22 23

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