THE CABINET STATE OF FLORIDA
Representing:
STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION
The above agency came to be heard before THE FLORIDA CABINET, Honorable Governor Crist presiding, in the Cabinet Meeting Room, LL-03, The Capitol, Tallahassee, Florida, on Thursday, November 29, 2007, commencing at 11:45 a.m.
Reported by: JO LANGSTON Registered Professional Reporter Notary Public
ACCURATE STENOTYPE REPORTERS, INC. 2894 REMINGTON GREEN LANE TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA 32308 (850) 878–2221

## APPEARANCES:

Representing the Florida Cabinet:

CHARLIE CRIST Governor

BILL McCOLLUM Attorney General

ALEX SINK Chief Financial Officer

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1	PROCEEDING
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3	GOVERNOR CRIST: Good morning. I'd like to call
4	to order the special meeting of the State Board of
5	Administration. Let the record reflect that CFO Sink
6	is here in the meeting room, and Attorney General
7	McCollum is joining us by phone from Utah. Let's begin
8	by standing for the Pledge of Allegiance to our flag.
9	(Pledge of Allegiance)
10	GOVERNOR CRIST: Coleman, would you like to give
11	us a prayer?
12	CFO SINK: Governor.
13	GOVERNOR CRIST: Yes, CFO.
14	CFO SINK: Do you mind if I just make a few
15	comments?
16	GOVERNOR CRIST: No, no. Go right ahead. Please
17	do. Please do.
18	CFO SINK: I kind of feel like I asked for this
19	emergency meeting, and I want to thank you and the
20	General for agreeing to get together at such short
21	notice.
22	GOVERNOR CRIST: Well, I think only I can call the
23	meeting, and I am very grateful for your good advice.
24	CFO SINK: I wanted to just since obviously you
25	and I haven't talked, I know that we all understand

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that we share a responsibility for the State Board of Administration and that one of the things that is important for us to do is to attempt to find a way to restore confidence to our local governments and school boards, boards who are investors in this fund.

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6 There are probably around about 950 to 1,000 7 entities, local government entities that have 8 participated in this fund. And we were last discussing 9 the SBA funds in general at the November 14th board 10 meeting, our last Cabinet meeting. And our executive 11 director spoke to us about -- a little bit about the 12 Local Government Investment Pool.

13 But since then things have changed. And in the 14 past two weeks the withdrawals from the fund have been 15 accelerating at what I would call an alarming rate. So 16 there is a heightened sense of urgency about the fund. 17 I hope you've seen the news articles. I'm sure you 18 have. General, you probably haven't, but there were 19 more articles published around the state newspapers 20 this morning about the withdrawals --

21GOVERNOR CRIST: Can I interrupt you just for a22second?

23 CFO SINK: -- and the lack of confidence. Yes.
24 GOVERNOR CRIST: Can I interrupt you for a second?
25 CFO SINK: Of course.

1 GOVERNOR CRIST: General McCollum, can you hear us 2 okay? 3 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: I can hear you just 4 fine, Governor. I hope you can hear me. I'm listening 5 very intently. Thank you. 6 GOVERNOR CRIST: Okay, great. Thank you. Pardon 7 I'm sorry. me. 8 Thanks, that's good. And I hope that CFO SINK: 9 you agree with me and the many investors that we do 10 need much more transparency and open communications 11 with all the interested parties. 12 And that word "transparency" is critical. It's 13 very important. It's essential to see if we can figure 14 out a way to get the fund back on the right track. I 15 believe that we also need to have a thorough and timely 16 assessment of the situation by an independent financial 17 expert. I think that certainly the people at the SBA 18 have been working hard managing the fund, but they may 19 be a little bit close to it at this point in time. 20 And, finally, as board members, to try to identify 21 solutions to restore confidence. Many of our local 22 governments rely on this fund to make payroll and pay 23 other obligations and operational costs, and I have a 24 primary concern for what's fair for all of the 25 investors.

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And I asked for the special meeting because it was appearing that we were going to wait until our Cabinet meeting next Tuesday, as we usually do, to have an SBA agenda. And because of just the events of the last couple of days, I just think that we have to have a real sense of urgency around this situation.

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7 And like we would do in the private sector, things are happening, we need to know more about them. 8 We 9 need to figure out where we're going to go. And just 10 like a private board would do, the three of us sit here 11 as the Board, as the overseers of the SBA. And I'm 12 anxious to hear from our executive director. Thank 13 you.

14 GOVERNOR CRIST: I share your concerns, CFO. And, 15 again, I thank you for your recommendation of a special 16 meeting today. I'm sure that the Attorney General 17 shares in that as well. We have a fiduciary 18 responsibility to adapt and adjust as facts require.

19And there have been some facts over the past week20or so, maybe a little bit longer, and continue today,21as I understand it.

And with that, Coleman, if you could sort of run us through what we're experiencing here, why, and maybe we would have a few questions thereafter and some ways to address this issue and instill confidence.

MR. STIPANOVICH: Good, Governor. Thank you very much. I certainly welcome the opportunity to address you all because this is time sensitive. And, CFO, I appreciate that you asked the Governor to call this meeting and the Attorney General coming out of his meetings out on the West Coast to participate.

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There are three objectives of the Local Government Investment Pool. And this is what we're going to be focused on today and then talk about possible solutions to achieve those objectives.

11 The number one objective of the Local Government 12 Investment Pool, because it is a 2a-7 type investment, 13 which is money-market-like, it's equivalent to like 14 your typical money market fund in the private sector. 15 It's not 2a-7. It's just 2a-7-like. So the idea is it 16 operates like a money market fund.

17 The investors in that regard expect to put in a 18 dollar and they expect to get out a dollar, and they 19 expect to get that dollar out whenever they want to get 20 that dollar. And the State Board of Administration has 21 for 25 years done just that. We have never lost any 22 money in the Local Government Investment Pool and we 23 have no intentions and do not believe that we will lose 24 any money moving forward. So what I want to focus on 25 are those three investment objectives.

Last night I circulated to the trustees a five-point plan that we would like to move forward with to begin to achieve these investment objectives. But it might be helpful if I sort of put things in context before we get to some actual, the five-point plan and some specific recommendations.

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I went back and looked. The question was asked at the previous Cabinet Meeting in terms of cash flows. We knew then that we are in, because of the subprime meltdown, we have for months been in a once-in-a-lifetime event.

I've been in the business over 25 years. I'm talking to people on Wall Street that have been in the business over 40 years. Without exception, everybody I talk to -- and there are a lot of smart people on Wall Street -- say they have never seen anything like this liquidity crisis that we're dealing with today.

For this fund it's more of a liquidity turmoil than really, in our view, a safety -- you know, in terms of a safety objective. But I'll talk about that, because we do have some troubled securities. And part of the proposal is how can we address that on the safety front.

In October, compared to last year, we actually had positive cash flows in. In November, the first two

weeks of November, as I stated to you all at the last Cabinet meeting, the question was asked, are we seeing any cash flows out. And the answer was, yes, we are seeing cash flows out, but it doesn't appear to be material cash flows.

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As the CFO said, there are close to a thousand participants in this plan. We have over 2,000 accounts in this plan. And then there are hundreds of transactions that take place daily. So it's hard to ascertain why everybody is putting money in or taking money out.

And so for that two-week period there might have been cash flow out of about one and a half billion. Now, that's not normal to the previous year. But in terms of material cash outflow, it simply wasn't happening.

17 The Cabinet meeting took place on November 14. On 18 November 15th an article appeared in the Bloomberg News 19 that, by virtue of errors, omission and tone, created a 20 climate of fear among the Local Government Investment 21 Pool participants that precipitated a material 22 withdrawal that requires the immediate action that 23 we're here for today.

24Today, I checked the -- first of all, we had a bit25of our own crisis at the State Board of Administration.

We had the sixth floor flood, and we literally had to go into disaster recovery plan and evacuate everybody from the building. Water was coming down through all the electrical systems. The engineers and the building management was concerned about people's safety. And so the pool shut down.

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And for the participants that may be on this call listening, the phones of course began to ring because they were not able to access the pool. The pool, because electricity was taken down, all our computers, because the water was taken down, was shut down for about an hour, but we got it back up, and I suspect everybody was able to continue business.

14 GOVERNOR CRIST: Did that shut down business 15 during that time?

16 MR. STIPANOVICH: Oh, yes, sir. We were shut 17 down, people standing outside. And it was because of 18 people's safety in terms of the water and the 19 electrical.

GOVERNOR CRIST: Safety first.

21 MR. STIPANOVICH: Yes. So from about -- from 22 November the 15th, when this article appeared, we've 23 gone from about 24 and a half billion to the close of 24 the day, the best estimate I got, is to about 10 25 billion. We had 3.5 billion withdrawals estimated out

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So the five-point plan is to address this issue. I'm sorry. We're at 15 billion, with 10 out. So from the 24 and a half, 25, down to 15, we've had 10 billion in withdrawals.

GOVERNOR CRIST: So a drop of nine since the 15th of November?

8 MR. STIPANOVICH: Yeah. It's probably closer to 9 10, Governor, through today. So we need to come away 10 from this meeting today setting the record straight, 11 getting the facts right to build credibility back in 12 this Local Government Investment Pool that the 13 Legislature created 25 years ago to provide a service 14 to the local government parties that has been very 15 successful at a very low cost. And that confidence 16 needs to be restored.

17 The biggest issue that we're dealing with right 18 now is about, because the value of the fund drops, 19 these securities that have been downgraded below 20 purchase requirement quidelines that's been referred to 21 as having defaulted -- and I don't want to split hairs 22 here, but in a practical sense they have not defaulted 23 because they're paying principal and interest. We have 24 collected \$64 million since August in principal and 25 interest. They are paying.

Now, we've had to work through these -- work with the issuers and other senior note holders and work through restructuring the programs and have had to make exceptions in terms of extending when the paper -- you know, this market may get better, so for example some of these may come due in February. We hope to be able to get our par value in February, March.

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As you've heard me say many times, we believe and we have gone through and looked at this collateral. We're fiduciaries. We're investment professionals. We know what we're doing. And we're working with other senior note holders that are investment professionals, institutional, sophisticated investment professionals.

14 None of us believe that that collateral is 15 anything less than par. It's AAA. It is not -- and I 16 saw this said again today in the newspaper. We do not 17 have direct exposures to subprime mortgages.

18 CFO SINK: Coleman, let me just go back. How can 19 those instruments be AAA if they were in danger of 20 default and they got restructured before they 21 defaulted?

22 MR. STIPANOVICH: The commercial paper defaulted, 23 but the collateral is different. The collateral is 24 sitting down here, which you can take the collateral --25 we have the option in terms of the renegotiations, we

have the ability to take that collateral. When you look at the collateral, it's prime collateral. For example, those residential mortgages, these are people that have paid more than 20 percent down payments on their house, they've got over 700-point credit ratings. They fall outside of the agency commercial paper, and it may be because they're under the threshold to be an agency-issued paper or maybe they're above the threshold.

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But we've had, in one of the issuers, a forensic accountant look at the collateral. We have looked at this collateral. We continue to look at this collateral. We will always look at this collateral. And if we believe it's --

CFO SINK: What did you mean by AAA?

MR. STIPANOVICH: It has an S&P rating of AAA in
terms of the quality of --

18 CFO SINK: Commercial paper or the underlying --19 MR. STIPANOVICH: No, not the paper. The paper 20 has been downgraded. It is not by any means investment 21 It has been downgraded. The collateral, the grade. 22 collateral underneath the commercial paper, which is 23 what generates the principal and interest, is the 24 investment, is AAA. I mean, it's good collateral. So 25 the fact that this is subprime --

GOVERNOR CRIST: If I might, if that's the case, why the depletions?

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MR. STIPANOVICH: Because of the turmoil in the market. The market doesn't care because they're trying to figure out, an asset-backed commercial paper is toxic. They don't care what kind of collateral you've got underlying. They're trying to figure out on their own books, you know, what kind of exposures do I have to subprime.

10 So before they take on any more exposure and buy 11 paper and let it roll and take on more of this type of 12 paper, they're saying, Uh-uh, don't want any exposure 13 to this, we're not buying it anymore. If we buy it, 14 we're going to buy it at a huge discount. The paper 15 now, being a fair value, ranges from anywhere like 95, 16 93, 95, 97 cents. We're not selling it for one cent 17 less than par.

And so if you went to the street and literally had to hit a bid, it's likely it would even be less because there is no liquidity out there. There are no bids. And it's not any more complicated than that.

22 So if we can address that seven percent, because 23 if the fund drops, it becomes a higher exposure and one 24 of -- in terms of addressing the safety of the fund, if 25 the participants in the plan understand that we can put

an investment proposition forward that you all can take action on today in terms of giving us approval to move forward in an expedient manner, doing all the due diligence -- again, we do a lot of due diligence, as you all know.

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And when we look at this stuff, we will have an independent fair market value done on what -- you know, what's the value of exercising this investment proposition for securing or providing insurance for those troubled securities.

11 So if we can pretty much assure -- and we'll just 12 call it providing insurance. If we can pretty much 13 provide insurance that quarantees par value for those 14 securities, that's what the participants in the local 15 government plan are going to see. They're going to 16 say, oh, wow. That's what they're most concerned 17 about. The portfolio has been restructured. So the 18 portfolio -- and it's all out on the Web now. You can 19 see in terms of communications and transparency, we 20 have the entire holdings with every statistic that 21 you'd want to see and what that security looks like.

22 We have pie charts, just simple pie charts that 23 everybody can see the entire rating of the portfolio. 24 They can see another illustration of all the asset 25 types that are on the portfolio, and the little sliver

of downgraded securities. They can see what's left in asset-backed commercial paper securities. Even if it's backed by banking and insurance companies, we're not buying any more asset-backed commercial paper. At one point in time we were probably in the mid forties. We are down to about 20 percent now. By the end of December we're going to be down to under 15 percent of any asset-backed commercial paper.

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I don't care if it's got bank backstops. I don't
care if it's got insurance. Right now the participants
are scared to death, and they're running to -- it's a
flight for high quality. So they're moving their money
out of here and going to Treasury money market funds.

14 And not all -- you know, unfortunately, and I 15 don't believe we're in the frying pan, but some are 16 jumping out of the pan into the fire because they're 17 going to other corporate mutual funds. And we had one 18 example, and when you looked at the portfolio of that 19 corporate mutual fund, Jesus, I mean, it had more 20 exposure than anything that we had. But that's -- they 21 don't care.

22 One of three things are happening, is they're 23 sitting over there saying, I just want to be away from 24 this. The investment people and the people in the 25 trenches are looking at this, and many of them can get comfortable with it. But when they have to go to the county commission or the city commission and these kind of folks, they're saying, no, I just want to be out of there. I don't want to deal with the risk. I don't want to deal with the headlines. Just get me out of there. And when this market settles down and we know what's going on at the Local Government Investment Pool, then maybe we will likely come back, but I'm just simply not going to do that now.

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10 And so that's why we need to implement this 11 five-point plan and secure those troubled securities. 12 So if we can secure those troubled securities, where 13 they say, okay, not a problem anymore, we're not going 14 to lose money there, if you look at the portfolio in 15 terms of what's left and you say, good quality stuff, 16 don't have the kind of exposures that we've had -- and 17 when I talk about the downgraded securities that are 18 below purchase requirements, I'm also lumping in there, 19 in terms of protecting, Countrywide.

Now, Countrywide has been downgraded, but it's still several notches, I believe, above the purchase requirements. But Countrywide has a scary name. Now, we don't believe, and there are a lot of folks on Wall Street that don't believe that Countrywide is going to go under, that Citigroup, Citibank is going to go

1 under, because the banking system will collapse, and 2 the possibility of this government letting the banking 3 system collapse is highly unlikely. 4 But there is a fear that Countrywide has got 5 problems and they could go in bankruptcy. So guess 6 what? The participants don't want Countrywide in the 7 portfolio. So part of the proposal is, let's put 8 Countrywide in there in terms of back-stopping against 9 anything less than par. So in effect --10 CFO SINK: Coleman, would you just review with us 11 the dollar amount that you're talking about in terms of 12 the downgraded securities? 13 MR. STIPANOVICH: That would be about a billion 14 dollars. 15 CFO SINK: And that includes the \$800 million that 16 was restructured? 17 MR. STIPANOVICH: That's a billion dollars, yes. 18 CFO SINK: That's a billion, okay. 19 MR. STIPANOVICH: Yes, ma'am. And Countrywide 20 represents about 650 million. 21 CFO SINK: Is there anything else out there that's 22 suspect? 23 MR. STIPANOVICH: When you look at the portfolio 24 that's left -- and this is where we're trying to get to 25 because, again, that first objective is trying to get

the participants to having a real appreciation of the safety of this portfolio.

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When you look at that other 90 percent, 7 percent downgraded, some small amount in terms of Countrywide, when you look at that balance and you go look at what those investment types are and you go see them, they are high quality.

The average duration of this fund now is 20 days. It used to be 40. You know, we've eliminated some of 10 the duration risk, some of the interest rate risk. But 11 the balance of the portfolio is high quality 12 investments.

13 So I can't imagine that they would be concerned 14 with what's left in the portfolio. Their concern is 15 going to be centered around those securities I just 16 talked about. And in the five-point plan, as you can 17 see -- and I'll get to that in a second, but I'll go 18 ahead and touch on a couple of points.

19 The whole idea of that five-point plan is to bring 20 back confidence in the Local Government Investment 21 Pool. So we are recommending that we make changes to 22 how the Local Government Investment Pool has been 23 managed moving forward.

24 For example, we're working towards an S&P, what we 25 think is a AAA rating, the highest rating that you can

1 get, and have the money market pool rated. We have had a lot of people, participants in the pool tell us that 2 3 that would be very helpful. 4 CFO SINK: Are you going to go through the points 5 one by one? Yes. Would you like for me to? 6 MR. STIPANOVICH: 7 CFO SINK: Yeah. Because the people out here can't see, so -- you're kind of jumping around a little 8 9 bit. 10 So let me do that then, CFO. MR. STIPANOVICH: So 11 I pretty much have talked about -- unless you have 12 questions, I pretty much have talked about point one, 13 the importance of providing that protection for those 14 specific securities. 15 GOVERNOR CRIST: Could you review it again, 16 though, Coleman? 17 MR. STIPANOVICH: That would be, the first thing 18 we need to do is assure the participants --19 GOVERNOR CRIST: I have an idea. Do you have 20 somebody from your office here? Maybe you could stick 21 it under that thing that puts it on the screen so 22 people can follow. Or, Rachel, do you have that 23 capability? 24 MR. STIPANOVICH: I do have a pie chart that I can 25 put up which would show the breakdown of the

1 securities. 2 GOVERNOR CRIST: I'm looking at this thing that 3 has one through five on it. 4 MR. STIPANOVICH: No, sir, I don't have that. 5 CFO SINK: We have it. MR. STIPANOVICH: Yeah, you can put that on there. 6 7 That's going to be hard to read. CFO SINK: Y'all can really read that, can't you? 8 9 GOVERNOR CRIST: I think we need to --10 CFO SINK: That's good. 11 GOVERNOR CRIST: I think the five points may be 12 lower on the page. 13 MR. STIPANOVICH: Yeah. You're going to be at the 14 bottom of the first page. There you go. 15 CFO SINK: Let me just ask a question. Do the 16 people in the audience have this, or not? Because I 17 can get my staff to run out and make copies of it. 18 Does anybody want a copy of what we're looking at? 19 MR. STIPANOVICH: CFO, in the press release that 20 we sent out last night -- of course, which these people 21 may not have. I can see a lot that certainly will have 22 it. But in the press release we sent out last night, 23 we outlined the five-point plan. 24 CFO SINK: Well, that's what I have, the press 25 release. But not everybody has it. Good. Thank you.

1 GOVERNOR CRIST: We're getting copies for you. 2 MR. STIPANOVICH: Step one would be to provide 3 credit protection for the pool to essentially ensure 4 that the pool will receive par value for those 5 securities in the event of anything approaching a real 6 default. And that would be anything less than par, 7 where it's not paying --8 GOVERNOR CRIST: Now, when you say credit 9 protection, can you explain what you mean? Credit 10 protection, what do you mean by that? 11 MR. STIPANOVICH: Where there would be a vehicle 12 in place, and it would really be -- Governor, I can't 13 help but get a little technical here. It's called a 14 couple of things, a default credit swap or a put 15 option. And I'll try to do it in put terms. 16 The Local Government Investment Pool would have 17 the option to -- the proposal is going to be the Florida Retirement System, the strategic investment 18 19 asset class, which is a diversified asset class that 20 has a five percent real objective return for that asset 21 class, every asset class has an investment objective 22 that rolls up into the total return. 23 Where would that best fit? In the strategic 24 investment asset class, with a five percent rate of 25 return -- again, we need to get an independent, fair

opinion on what premium you have to pay the State Board of Administration, because you've got two hats on here, the hat as a fiduciary for the pension fund and the hat as a fiduciary for the Local Government Investment Pool.

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And both those have to be served. So if the -- if because there is no -- there is no option out there, that unless you're going to go and deal with someone that's going to give you a huge haircut and charge you -- excuse me -- charge you a high premium for providing you that protection, if you look at it from a market basis, it's going to be cost prohibitive.

13 The way we're going to look at it is from a 14 fundamental basis. In other words, look at that 15 collateral. Do we feel that that is a good, solid 16 investment. If it is, what's the appropriate rate of 17 return. What's the appropriate adjusted risk rate of 18 return.

19 Once we know what the appropriate -- based on the 20 quality of the investment, the underlying collateral, 21 depending on what that premium is -- and we've done 22 some back-of-the-envelope estimating, but again we need 23 to have it done independently and get that fairness 24 opinion.

If it's anything chose to what we say it is, we

think that it will meet, from the pension fund side, the investment objective of the strategic investment asset class.

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Not only will it meet the investment objective of the asset class, but it will be a wonderful diversifier in the asset class. It will have a negative correlation to the other investments in that asset class, which means it would reduce the volatility in that asset class. So it would reduce risk and it would meet our investment objective.

If we can get to that point, as fiduciaries, investment professionals making this decision that it meets that criteria, then, you know, the next thing is on the Local Government Investment Pool.

15 Again, if they were charged what market rates 16 would be, they would be disadvantaged, unfairly 17 disadvantaged because that collateral is worth more 18 than what the market would give you for it because of 19 the turmoil that's going on in the market and the 20 psychology in the market and the emotionalism in the 21 market, there just isn't a bid, a fair bid out there 22 that you're going to get.

23 So they would get what's fair and we would be able 24 to meet our investment objectives and reduce risk in 25 the pension fund.

So what would happen is we would pledge the amount of those securities in a sense. Again, it's like a surety that we're going to pledge that if -- that they would get par for those securities, but only if it gets down to the point that they have to -- the securities drop below par and they have to liquidate them.

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At that point we're going to make them whole and take delivery of the securities, and they would go into the pension fund in the strategic investment asset class. And we would continue to hold those securities because, again, at that point in time we still believe it's a good investment. We're going to hold those securities.

And typically the life of those mortgages on those particular issuers is about two to three years. You know, they're paying out, you get your principal and you get your interest. We would take those securities into the pension fund.

19 If they don't, if they don't, and let's just say 20 they mature at par and they eventually roll when the 21 market settles down and they get what we think is a 22 fair price, which is par, then they're home free. The 23 money goes out. They get the money. The securities 24 are gone.

In the meantime the pension plan earned a premium.

We never actually put up any real principal. That billion dollars would actually be about -- because we're going to put Countrywide in there, because we want to get Countrywide out and we want to basically safeguard the Local Government Investment Pool against any bankruptcy or problems with Countrywide, because again we want to address safety to get the pool participants comfortable --

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9 CFO SINK: Coleman, I know we've got four more 10 items to discuss here.

MR. STIPANOVICH: They'll move pretty quickly. CFO SINK: Governor and General, we're also the fiduciaries of the retirement system. And it just -actually, the State doesn't have a legal obligation in this local government fund; is that correct?

MR. STIPANOVICH: That's correct.

17 CFO SINK: So I think what we're doing here today 18 is trying to figure out, from a concern on behalf of 19 our cities and counties and our taxpayers out there 20 what we might be able to potentially do to shore up 21 this local government fund.

22 But the notion of transferring the risk, which 23 there is risk, I'm kind of getting a little bit tired 24 of the "we think" commentary, especially when we're 25 talking about transferring really an unknown risk at

this point in time over onto the backs of the millions of retirees that depend on our pension fund to be making wise investments.

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And, granted, there's all sorts of different rated securities in the \$140 billion pension fund. But we would be, in effect, bailing out one fund over which we have no legal obligation with the star fund of Florida, which is our pension fund, which is highly rated and highly regarded.

10 I believe there are potential legal implications 11 from an IRS and an ERISA standpoint. And I'm not 12 saying necessarily today to take this idea off the 13 I'm highly skeptical of it. But I don't think table. 14 we ought to be -- I think we have to be very, very 15 careful about transferring this suspect risk, known 16 suspect risk right into our pension fund, when we 17 can't -- the market won't give us par value for the 18 securities, so why should our pensioners take it at par 19 value or close to par value?

20 GOVERNOR CRIST: I think that's well stated. I 21 would concur.

22 MR. STIPANOVICH: Governor, members, respectfully, 23 there certainly is risk in any investment and some less 24 sometimes and more. But to us it's not unknown risk. 25 GOVERNOR CRIST: Say again.

MR. STIPANOVICH: It is not unknown risk. As investment professionals, we have looked at that collateral, and we believe we know what the collateral is, and we think we know what our risk/reward relationship is. It's not unknown risk to us. And we will get an independent fairness value opinion that confirms that with an arm's length transaction to see if their view is the same as ours. That's part of our due diligence.

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10 The legal thing the CFO talks about, that's part 11 of our due diligence. We've looked at whether or not 12 this will jeopardize our tax status as a tax-exempt 13 pension fund. And our preliminary, very preliminary 14 view is that it will not. But we will get a tax expert 15 to look at that. And we would never make that 16 investment to jeopardize the Florida Retirement 17 System's tax-exempt status.

18 That is part of what we do in terms of conducting 19 our due diligence and making a sound investment 20 decision. We get this independent analysis. We get 21 the lawyers to look at it. We know what our known 22 risks are. So that is the position we would take with 23 our fiduciary.

24 Governor, members, if we thought for one second 25 that the pension fund was bailing out the Local

1 Government Investment Pool and being disadvantaged, we 2 would not do this. We simply wouldn't do it because 3 we're fiduciaries, too. 4 CFO SINK: Well, Coleman, you know, there are 5 three board members here. And one of the recommendations I have is that we find our own -- we 6 7 need an independent advisor who is not too close to the 8 situation to evaluate a proposal like this. 9 GOVERNOR CRIST: I think that's prudent. 10 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Governor, can I ask 11 Coleman a question or talk to him a little bit? 12 GOVERNOR CRIST: Please. 13 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Can you hear me? 14 GOVERNOR CRIST: Yes, sir, very well. 15 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Coleman, I understand 16 this, I think, but I want to make sure I do. First of 17 all, my understanding is that the questionable, risky, 18 if you want to call it that, securities or paper we're 19 talking about are all paper that is surrounding folks 20 like Citibank and others that have been downgraded in 21 this whole process of commercial paper downgrading, 22 from AAA rating to B or A-minus or whatever it is. 23 And, therefore, the value, if you sold it tomorrow 24 morning is -- you can't sell it, for one thing, because 25 people don't want to buy it because they're afraid of

1 it. But the only way you're really going to lose money 2 is, A, if you do have to sell it, of course, you would 3 have to sell it way under par value at this point, if anybody would buy it. Or, B, if in fact one of these 4 5 issuing entities went under, went bankrupt, which I 6 think all of us believe is highly unlikely. 7 So it's still paying, and that's your point. The paper is still paying interest, will continue to pay 8 9 that. They're having to restructure a little bit of 10 it, meaning to lengthen the time that the people who 11 owe the money, the principal, have to pay off the 12 principal. 13 But overall, unless the folks that are issuing 14 this or the primary responsible parties go bankrupt, 15 there's no loss involved in this unless we sell or 16 you're forced to sell this paper. Am I right about 17 that? 18 You're exactly right, General, MR. STIPANOVICH: 19 about that. And even if the issuers on the 20 asset-backed commercial paper defaulted and they went 21 under, we take the collateral. 22 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: What is the 23 collateral? You keep talking about that. To the 24 average person, what do you mean when you say 25 collateral? What is the collateral?

MR. STIPANOVICH: The collateral is the single family residential mortgages. It's just like your mortgage, my mortgage. My mortgage is out there in somebody's investment pool. And so the type of --

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GOVERNOR CRIST: So we would take the property, the house, the building?

MR. STIPANOVICH: No, sir. We would take on the loan. And then what happens is, if the collateral defaults -- this is Rob Smith, the senior investment officer over the asset class. So let Rob explain it.

11 I think it is a good idea to step back MR. SMITH: 12 for a minute and understand, because it is almost a 13 three-part transaction. Mortgage loans were given to 14 people who are considered prime borrowers. They were 15 loans on single family residences. These are the ones 16 that Coleman referred to as having a credit score of 17 700 and above. That's the limit to be a creditworthy 18 prime borrower. They paid down 20 percent of their own 19 money as equity in the house at origination.

20 So all those thousands of mortgages that were 21 issued are then put in a big pool of mortgages. That 22 pool of mortgages is then used as a basis to issue 23 securities off of those mortgages.

24 What we have as collateral for the commercial 25 paper that we own in the pool are these securities themselves. The good thing about that is the securities themselves actually have support, credit support below them, so that's why they get the AAA rating, and they should continue to be AAA rated.

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The problem here is that these securities themselves have an average life of about three years. Commercial paper has an average life of about three months.

9 So you've got one group of people that own the 10 commercial paper that are very short-term risk averse 11 people, and yet they are depending on collateral that's 12 two or three years to pay them off. And the 13 illiquidity of the market today makes it such that if 14 that collateral had to be sold today to pay off the 15 commercial paper, it's doubtful that it could pay it 16 off at par. It would pay it off at some amount less 17 than par. We really don't know. We don't want to have 18 to find out.

So the object here that Coleman is trying to do in terms of this insurance is that the pool would pay the pension fund a premium, an insurance premium to guarantee that when this commercial paper comes due in the next several months, that irrespective of market conditions, they'll get paid par for the commercial paper. If that doesn't happen, their commercial paper will mature. They will earn interest. Then they'll have their money to reinvest.

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ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: It sounds like a pretty good actual investment deal for the fund, for the pension fund, actually, with little or minimum risk. But I agree with CFO Sink, we ought to get outside analysis.

9 But Coleman is saying that you're planning to do 10 this or at least you're planning to get somebody to do 11 it. I certainly believe, before that actually occurs, 12 we need that confirmation for everybody's security and 13 concern and the prudent thing to do. But on the 14 surface, it sounds to me like that this is actually a 15 very good investment for the pension fund.

MR. STIPANOVICH: General, we'll know more. In terms of the review that the investment staff has done, that's where we are today in terms of the recommendation. But until the proper due diligence that we typically do that's unquestionable, we really won't know, and we will get that independent evaluation.

GOVERNOR CRIST: How long will that take, Coleman,do you think?

MR. STIPANOVICH: Governor, we would like to move

1 very quickly with this. 2 GOVERNOR CRIST: I'm just kind of curious. 3 CFO SINK: I mean, what is very quickly? Three 4 days, a week? 5 MR. STIPANOVICH: If we get approval today, we 6 would like to close the transaction hopefully no later 7 than about December 4th. 8 CFO SINK: Well, as for me, I'm not approving 9 anything like that today. I might approve the hiring 10 of an independent auditor to go out and assess the 11 situation. 12 GOVERNOR CRIST: I thought that's what you were 13 talking about. 14 MR. STIPANOVICH: No. 15 GOVERNOR CRIST: My question was how long would it 16 take to get an independent auditor. 17 MR. STIPANOVICH: What's before you today is to 18 give us approval to move forward with a plan that would 19 enhance pool liquidity, provide credit protection and 20 safequard assets. Part of that would be, in terms of 21 number one, part of that would be as providing the 22 safequard for those securities in the Local Government 23 Investment Pool, because if we don't do something 24 quickly, we're not going to have an investment pool. 25 GOVERNOR CRIST: What are the other options?

MR. STIPANOVICH: Pardon?

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GOVERNOR CRIST: What are the other options?

3 MR. STIPANOVICH: We have looked at letters of 4 credit with banks. We have looked -- you know, we have 5 experience in the defined contribution plan with what they call stable value funds, where you get a credit 6 wrap from insurance companies. We have looked in terms 7 of sources from Wall Street, in terms of providing the 8 9 same type of sources that a pension fund would do. But 10 they want to do it on a market basis rather than a 11 fundamental basis. And, of course, they're wanting to 12 capitalize on the market environment, and you can't 13 blame them for that.

14 Governor, we have spent a lot of time looking at 15 those options, and we hit a wall. Everywhere we turn 16 we hit the wall. But from our view, because we -- if 17 you want to base this on a market value, then it's a 18 nonstarter. If you want to base it on what we think is 19 a sound investment that's a reasonable risk-adjusted 20 rate of return, backing out the market psychology -- a 21 year from now we probably wouldn't be having this 22 discussion. Of course, we probably wouldn't have the 23 securities. We can't do that now.

24 So if we don't shore up, these participants that 25 are listening today and in this plan, three billion,

1 three and a half billion went out today, if we don't 2 solve this -- address their concerns about safety of 3 this Local Government Investment Pool in a time-sensitive manner, we're going to have to take 4 5 other measures. And other measures to be considered, 6 which we have reservations about, and I know the pool 7 participants would be livid, is restricting liquidity 8 in the pool. 9 GOVERNOR CRIST: What does that mean in English? 10 MR. STIPANOVICH: Where they can't get their 11 money. 12 GOVERNOR CRIST: Well, let's talk about our 13 options. Here we are. And, you know, livid or not, we 14 have a fiduciary duty to protect; do we not? 15 MR. STIPANOVICH: To protect --16 GOVERNOR CRIST: To protect what's there. 17 MR. STIPANOVICH: Sure. 18 CFO SINK: Well, we have a moral obligation. 19 Let's go back, because I want everybody to hear this. 20 Tell the audience again what the withdrawal rates have 21 been and how much you all sent out today. 22 MR. STIPANOVICH: Today we stand at 15 billion. 23 CFO SINK: Right. So \$10 billion in 15 days. 24 MR. STIPANOVICH: That's about right. Since 25 November 14th, 15th, \$10 billion has come out of the

fund. Now, we were prepared for the worst. So way prior to this two-week period, we're raising liquidity, because we know the market we're in. We know we're getting these downgrades. So we started raising liquidity. And that's one reason we shortened the duration from 40 to 20 days, so that we'd have more liquidity, because we wanted to be able to make sure that we had liquidity.

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9 CFO SINK: Well, how much -- I understand from my 10 chief of staff that you told him yesterday that you had 11 about four billion in liquidity. Three and a half 12 billion dollars already went out of the shop as of, I 13 guess, 11 o'clock. How much liquidity do you have 14 left?

15 MR. STIPANOVICH: We would have to sell 16 securities, and at this point we haven't had to sell 17 securities for losses. And so what happens is, at some 18 juncture, if you get forced to sell, again -- and good 19 paper in the portfolio, not troubled. We're talking 20 about the non -- the illiquid stuff is the problem 21 That other 93 percent -- and then if you securities. 22 throw in Countrywide, because it's certainly selling at 23 a discount. Even the good paper, the corporate, just 24 the plain vanilla corporate high-rated paper is selling 25 at slight discounts because of the market we're in.

So we sold some today at a slight loss, like seven basis points, to get ready for the next couple of days, so we'll have several billion dollars in terms of ready liquidity for tomorrow.

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But, again, what I'm talking about in this being time-sensitive, we are at a juncture now -- and that's why I'm glad we are having this meeting, so the participants and you all can hear this, and it's happened overnight, we are at a juncture now that we're going to have to start selling, before long, securities at a loss.

And when you do, the people that want their money run the risk of not getting a dollar. Now, there is no guarantee, there's no guarantee by the State of Florida and there's no guarantee by the SBA and the Local Government Investment Pool.

But I can tell you these Local Government Investment Pool participants fully expected to be able to get a dollar for a dollar and have liquidity. The problem is, they've got bills. There's payroll in the next couple of days. You've got bond proceeds over there that have to pay the debt service.

23 So if you just arbitrarily kind of cut off 24 liquidity, I have no idea -- and you probably have some 25 pool participants in here. I have no idea what the ramifications of that will be and the fallout from that will be in terms of them not being able to get their assets.

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CFO SINK: Coleman, what are the chances, though, that -- what's going to happen -- you have these participants continue to call for their investments back. What happens to the participants who have the last \$2 billion in the pool? They get zero.

9 MR. STIPANOVICH: That's exactly what's going on 10 here.

11 CFO SINK: Well, I think it's time to suspend 12 withdrawals and go into a workout mode and have the 13 investors participate in figuring this thing out so 14 that the pain can be shared as opposed to just the 15 lucky ones that -- those people who got their three and a half billion dollars today, they're darn lucky. 16 Is 17 that fair? Is that fair to the investors, the 18 investors who are the remaining ten billion?

MR. STIPANOVICH: If we can take action and move forward and the participants can come away from this meeting today and feel like their issues are being addressed in terms of safety and you're not impairing liquidity, money will come back in. Money will come back in if we can come away with some decisive decision that gives them comfort in terms of, my money is safe.

1 You know what? I understand. I get it now. The Local 2 Government Investment Pool has put in a plan -- and 3 we've got four points left to talk about -- that makes 4 us feel safe and secure, and it has good rates of 5 return. I'm in a Treasury now earning three percent. 6 I'm earning 5.2 in the Local Government Investment 7 Pool. I feel like it's safe. I'm losing 150-something basis points in spread. It's costing me money in my 8 9 budget and in my county or at my school. I am prepared 10 to get back in that Local Government Investment Pool. 11 We've had a great -- they're ready to come back home. 12 We've had a great relationship for 25 years, and now 13 we've got a problem because of a one-in-a-lifetime 14 event that has never happened.

We have an opportunity here to solve this, give them some comfort. But if we don't -- you know, time is of essence.

18 CFO SINK: I agree with you. There may be an 19 opportunity to solve the problem. And I'm going to 20 shut up and let my buddies talk in a minute. But we 21 can't -- I don't see a way for us to guarantee this 22 fund today with state dollars. It's not even legally 23 possible.

24 MR. STIPANOVICH: Well, CFO, I don't want to --25 I'm just trying to provide factual information and

provide you good information. I don't want to sound argumentative. Those things, if we can move forward, we would know about the legal ramifications, about the independent -- the things you keep bringing up. That is what we do.

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We wouldn't do it, CFO, your investment staff out there would not do this, as fiduciaries that work for you and the Governor and the Attorney General, we would not do this if we didn't think it was prudent and done properly. And so --

11 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: This is Bill McCollum. Let me interject here, Coleman. I think we have three 13 options on here, and one has not been discussed because nobody appears to think it's a viable option.

15 But as to the options, you could just liquidate 16 the remaining \$15 billion today and take whatever 17 losses you took on it and then prorate out the balance 18 to the people who are the investors, to all the cities 19 and the counties. They wouldn't get their full 20 investment. Nobody would. But you could do that, and 21 then we wouldn't have any state local pool anymore. It 22 would just disappear.

23 That's one thing you could do. Am I not right, 24 that that's one of the three, that we don't want to do 25 that, but that's one that you could do?

MR. STIPANOVICH: That is certainly an option. And I would opine -- and it's an opinion, but I would opine that if you restrict the Local Government Investment Pool's liquidity and you come up with some methodology that you can get X cents on the dollar, you in effect have shut down the fund. There will be a run on the fund like nothing we've ever seen.

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They may not be able to get but X cents on the dollar, but they will be standing at the door until it's depleted. So ultimately, unless you literally shut them down, ultimately you've just really closed down the Local Government Investment Pool.

13 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Well, that's the 14 second option, is to restrict it completely, and you 15 could say you can't take any more out without a 16 cooling-off period, which I think is what CFO Sink 17 suggested might be an option here; everybody, let's get 18 together and talk about it. I think you believe that 19 if we do that, the same result will happen as though we just did it today, and the pool will disappear. 20

And the third option, which is the one you're advocating, although there are other components to it, is the centerpiece of this. And that is that we do have the pension fund, in essence, purchase this amount, or we're getting paid to take it on, actually.

1 We're going to take on all the risky stuff into the 2 state pension fund, or what people perceive as risky. 3 Other than doing that, there's no other option 4 really out here. These other things you've put down 5 that I've read -- and I'm all for your going over them, 6 but they're just adjuncts to the other proposition, 7 aren't thev? That's correct, General. 8 MR. STIPANOVICH: 9 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: So I think we have a 10 choice to make. And based on what I'm hearing, I would 11 prefer to give you the choice that the pension fund 12 take on these risks, assuming that we have the outside 13 corroboration you're seeking in this. And I trust you 14 to get that set up. 15 But I don't know what the Governor thinks. Τ 16 think CFO Sink doesn't want to do that. But I don't like the other two choices. 17 18 MR. STIPANOVICH: And I'll just make another 19 point, and this has nothing -- this is not on the 20 merit -- an investment merit type comment. But for 21 whatever it's worth -- and I've heard this from -- and 22 this has nothing -- I probably shouldn't even say this 23 because it has nothing to do with investment decision, 24 but it does add some color to this. 25 And what I've heard from participants in the Local

Government Investment Pool is that, look, we're 75 percent of the Florida Retirement System. We are the Florida Retirement System. We would much rather see our dollar over in an investment fund that is structured for the long-term to take on risk, unlike the Local Government Investment Fund which is not set up that way.

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So, again, someone told me this, and I said, yeah, well, thank you very much, I appreciate it. And a very wise and smart man that's here with us today made that suggestion. And I said, of course, it's something we're looking at, we'll continue to consider. At that time we didn't know. We're doing our due diligence.

14 But I said, you know, to think that somebody is 15 not going to clamor about this, that we did this with 16 the pension fund and the perception is that we're 17 bailing out the Local Government Investment Fund, 18 that's going to happen. But what was kind of alleged 19 is, it won't happen from us, we're going to be happy. 20 But, again, that has nothing to do with the investment 21 decision.

22 GOVERNOR CRIST: I want to sort of take a step 23 back and ask a few questions, Coleman, about this Local 24 Government Investment Pool. What is its purpose? 25 MR. STIPANOVICH: I believe -- of course, I wasn't

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GOVERNOR CRIST: Well, you were. You just weren't here.

MR. STIPANOVICH: I was around, just wasn't here. I was in the investment business but not in this office. I believe the intent of the legislation was to serve local governments, for the State, the big brother, the father to step up and help the smaller entities that get charged -- I mean, the average --

10 GOVERNOR CRIST: To be able to make -- if I might, 11 I'm trying to put a fine point on it. To be able to 12 make investments so that they have funds that they put 13 in an account to make a good return? Is that the 14 point?

15 MR. STIPANOVICH: Yes, sir. What they wanted to 16 do, Governor, is to give all the local governments a 17 low-cost investment option, because when you look at 18 these money market funds, costs will eat you up.

19 GOVERNOR CRIST: If I might, if I might, I want to 20 stick to the script that I've written for a minute. So 21 a laudable thing to do, if possible.

MR. STIPANOVICH: Very much.

23GOVERNOR CRIST: If possible. Something they can24do on their own.

MR. STIPANOVICH: Yes, sir, and they're doing it.

1 They're going out and --2 GOVERNOR CRIST: So we're sort of pooling funds to 3 be able to get more return. And the Legislature wrote 4 this into law 25 years ago or so. But it's an option 5 the State can exercise. It's not a mandate upon state 6 government to do so. 7 MR. STIPANOVICH: No. 8 GOVERNOR CRIST: Is that a good idea? 9 MR. STIPANOVICH: I think it's a great idea 10 because it provides a wonderful service to the Local 11 Government Investment Pool. 12 GOVERNOR CRIST: I'm wondering whether it's a good 13 idea today. MR. STIPANOVICH: To maintain the Local Government 14 15 Investment Pool and move forward? 16 GOVERNOR CRIST: Well, I wonder. I'm asking. I'm 17 not making a comment. I'm asking a question. 18 MR. STIPANOVICH: In my opinion, it is because we 19 can do it low cost and cost effectively. We charge a 20 basis point and a half. After we usually give kind of 21 fee holidays -- last year, for example, it dropped down 22 to 1.25 basis points. 23 The average money market fund in the private 24 sector, I believe, is about 20 basis points of fees. 25 You know, what is that, when you do the math? 2,000

1 percent or something higher than ours. So you take 20 basis points out of something that's yielding, you 2 3 know, five percent or four percent, that is a lot of 4 money. 5 GOVERNOR CRIST: I get it. I understand. So it's 6 a nice thing for us to be able to do if we can do it 7 and it's prudent and it doesn't risk the pension for the people. We have a higher duty, not to just help 8 9 local government make a lot of dough --10 MR. STIPANOVICH: Right, sure, absolutely. 11 GOVERNOR CRIST: -- but also to make sure that 12 those who are invested in the pension, the people are 13 protected first. 14 MR. STIPANOVICH: Absolutely. No, sir. 15 Absolutely. GOVERNOR CRIST: I think that's sort of an issue 16 17 that the CFO and I and probably the AG are sensitive 18 to. Okay. Now, you express that there is a confidence 19 drop which has now manifested itself in significant 20 withdrawals. And you seem to believe that's based on a 21 Bloomberg article more than something else. I don't 22 want to shoot the messenger either, because I'm trying 23 to figure out what the facts are, as all of us are. 24 I'm trying to get your analysis. 25 MR. STIPANOVICH: Again, I've learned a long time

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GOVERNOR CRIST: And sometimes in our business what are facts and what are believed to be facts doesn't make a whole lot of difference, if there's a run going on.

MR. STIPANOVICH: Governor, I learned a long time ago, I carry around an ink pen. They carry around barrels of ink. And so to take on the press --

9 GOVERNOR CRIST: I'm not suggesting we take them 10 on. That's not my point. I'm trying to understand why 11 you think this is happening.

12 MR. STIPANOVICH: I think there's a lot of 13 misinformation out there. I think the Bloomberg article had some not factual information. It basically 14 15 was represented that the state pension fund has 16 defaulted on \$2.2 billion. There was no mention that 17 it's continuing to pay principal. There's no mention 18 that it's continuing to pay interest. It was like we have lost \$2 billion and we have nothing but trouble in 19 20 that portfolio and get out.

GOVERNOR CRIST: And your statement to that would
be?
MR. STIPANOVICH: Not true.
GOVERNOR CRIST: But we're here where we are, so
we have to face that fact. Okay. Well, I mean, I'm

sensitive to what the CFO says. What I would like, what I think would be good is her suggestion of an independent analysis to give us an opportunity to -you know, my dad is a doctor. He doesn't ever mind when people ask for a second opinion. I assume you don't either. It's a mature way to approach business and medicine. And I think that that's prudent, frankly.

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9 And I think that we need to protect what is there 10 in the interim while we await a second opinion, if you 11 will. So, CFO, if you have a suggestion about that, 12 or Attorney General.

13 CFO SINK: I do, yeah. I think we've got to 14 temporarily suspend withdrawal and put together a 15 very -- get our independent analyst on board, which I 16 would suggest, because of the way this board operates, 17 that, Coleman, you might come up with some ideas today, 18 if not tomorrow, to help us, as the three board 19 members, evaluate in an independent second opinion 20 way -- I like the way you described your dad -- second 21 opinion way.

I would recommend, Governor, that the SBA put together a committee of the investors to work with the SBA to kind of come up with some ideas or suggestions about what kind of withdrawals might be permitted or

permissible, with the idea --

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GOVERNOR CRIST: Like payroll, things like that? CFO SINK: -- with the idea of fairness for the remaining investors in the \$15 billion. I mean, clearly, we cannot continue to have total withdrawals and, in all fairness, have the last ones in potentially be -- have the biggest losses. That's just not fair. GOVERNOR CRIST: It seems inequitable.

9 CFO SINK: There has got to be some pro-rata way 10 to do this, and to come back on Tuesday and submit a 11 withdrawal plan in conjunction with working with the 12 investors, as to how we can in an orderly manner 13 continue to release the funds that are needed for 14 critical needs, like payroll and other legitimate needs 15 that our cities have, and rely upon our independent 16 advisor to develop a workout plan, and also to analyze 17 the suggestion and give us, as board members, some 18 advice about whether or not it's advisable to put these 19 suspect instruments in the Florida Retirement System. 20 MR. STIPANOVICH: May I comment, please? 21 GOVERNOR CRIST: So just to maybe recap, is that 22 in the form of a motion? 23 CFO SINK: Yes. 24 GOVERNOR CRIST: That we would suspend 25 withdrawals, is that the first thing you said?

1 CFO SINK: Yes. Temporarily suspend withdrawals. 2 GOVERNOR CRIST: Yes, ma'am. 3 MR. STIPANOVICH: Governor, CFO, may I comment? 4 GOVERNOR CRIST: Can I just let her finish 5 synopsizing? 6 CFO SINK: I'm making a motion, because we'll 7 discuss this --8 GOVERNOR CRIST: And then of course. 9 CFO SINK: -- that we temporarily suspend 10 withdrawals, that we engage an independent financial 11 guru who is rife in the -- has experience in this kind 12 of situation, to help us evaluate the best option in 13 fairness for our investors, and also to -- and, 14 thirdly, to review the option of employing the Florida 15 Retirement System, and make a recommendation to the 16 Board. 17 GOVERNOR CRIST: Say that again, CFO. I'm sorry. 18 CFO SINK: And make a recommendation to the Board 19 about the use of the Florida Retirement System. 20 GOVERNOR CRIST: We'll review that, not exercise 21 it. 22 CFO SINK: Review it. No. 23 GOVERNOR CRIST: Gotcha, okay. 24 CFO SINK: Review it. 25 That's very important. GOVERNOR CRIST: All

1 right. 2 CFO SINK: And fourthly is to have the SBA work 3 with a group of the investors to come up with a withdrawal, an orderly withdrawal plan that would be 4 5 presented to us on Tuesday. GOVERNOR CRIST: With the idea, the goal be that 6 7 the independent financial advisor would be able to 8 report to us before December 4th. 9 CFO SINK: Yes, if possible. I mean, today is 10 Thursday, so we have a meeting scheduled for Tuesday. 11 But I would imagine they could be working over the 12 weekend. 13 GOVERNOR CRIST: Some enterprising firm, I think, 14 would like the opportunity. 15 CFO SINK: I'm sure. I'm sure. 16 GOVERNOR CRIST: Okay. General, do you understand 17 the motion? 18 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: I will second her 19 motion. 20 GOVERNOR CRIST: So will I. Sounds like it's --21 well, Coleman, you want to comment first before we 22 vote. 23 MR. STIPANOVICH: I just want to make sure that --24 again, I'm not a -- you know, I can't predict things, 25 but I just wanted to mention what could happen. We're

1 talking about some decision in terms of slowing down 2 liquidity or restricting liquidity. At the Tuesday 3 Cabinet meeting a proposal will come forward about some restriction on liquidity, is that correct, at the 4 5 Tuesday Cabinet meeting? 6 CFO SINK: Right. 7 MR. STIPANOVICH: I venture to say, because I 8 don't believe that when we leave this meeting today, 9 that the participants in the plan are going to feel any 10 safer than they did when this meeting started, and I 11 predict that by Tuesday we will have somewhere 12 approaching \$10 billion in cash outflow. 13 GOVERNOR CRIST: Say again. 14 CFO SINK: Well, you won't because we're not 15 making withdrawals. 16 MR. STIPANOVICH: Are you saying we're going to --17 CFO SINK: I'm saying we are suspending 18 withdrawals effective immediately. 19 MR. STIPANOVICH: Okay. 20 GOVERNOR CRIST: Right. It's a shutdown. 21 CFO SINK: Now, I think that --22 GOVERNOR CRIST: Well, we have a motion and two 23 seconds, which sounds like a unanimous vote. All in 24 favor say aye. 25 CFO SINK: Aye.

1 GOVERNOR CRIST: Aye. 2 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: Aye. 3 GOVERNOR CRIST: Okay. So it passes. So that's 4 what we will do. 5 CFO SINK: Governor, I do think it's really very, 6 very critically important that the staff of the SBA 7 work very -- it's the investors' money. This is going 8 to create hardships and --9 GOVERNOR CRIST: Well, there's a safety valve on 10 this that you've smartly put into motion, for payroll 11 and other --12 MR. STIPANOVICH: Is there any appetite, interest 13 for -- there are participants here, if you just want to 14 get a flavor of what their thinking may be. I know 15 you've already acted on the motion. 16 GOVERNOR CRIST: I think their flavor is to take 17 their money out. 18 MR. STIPANOVICH: Well, in terms of the 19 complications. And, again, we can come back to that. 20 CFO SINK: Well, Coleman, I think that just as we 21 had our emergency meeting today, if there's another 22 emergency situation --23 GOVERNOR CRIST: But I think the motion was 24 smartly drafted and articulated, so that payrolls will 25 be met. I think it's --

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1 CFO SINK: Well, you'll have to -- the SBA then 2 will have to determine a legitimate request for 3 payrolls. 4 MR. STIPANOVICH: CFO? 5 CFO SINK: Yes. 6 MR. STIPANOVICH: I do not think that's possible 7 for us to do that. They go onto the computer and they 8 enter orders, hundreds of orders and thousands of 9 participants. And so what I understand --10 CFO SINK: Coleman, let me back up now. These 11 governments do have other liquidity sources. 12 GOVERNOR CRIST: Especially local governments. 13 CFO SINK: And we're talking about three days here 14 to be fair to everybody. 15 MR. STIPANOVICH: I understand the shutting it 16 down completely. That's easy. We can shut it down 17 completely. I thought you were saying try to evaluate 18 orders as they come in in the interim and give them 19 some money if you think they need it. 20 CFO SINK: Well, I think that's part of the plan, 21 Governor, for next week. 22 GOVERNOR CRIST: Not orders, not orders. That's 23 why I asked the questions I did before, what was the 24 purpose of this fund. And the purpose, as explained to 25 me, is for local government to be able to pool their

1 funds at the state level in order to make some money. 2 That's prudent. 3 It's not apparently set up to pay payroll. So I 4 don't see any harm in the action that we have just 5 passed. 6 MR. STIPANOVICH: I understand. 7 GOVERNOR CRIST: Especially for a few days, except 8 to stop the bleeding. 9 MR. STIPANOVICH: We will be -- we, effective now, 10 will not allow any more withdrawals, but we will not be 11 able to screen and make subjective decisions as to who 12 should get money and who shouldn't, based on what their 13 needs are and that kind of thing. But we can shut it down and come back with a recommendation. 14 15 GOVERNOR CRIST: Yes, sir. Thank you. I think 16 we're adjourned. General, did you have a comment? I'm 17 sorry. Attorney General? 18 ATTORNEY GENERAL McCOLLUM: I'm all for what we're 19 doing. I think we have to do it. But I wanted to make 20 one comment. I would think it would be prudent for the 21 three of us trustees, not today, but to work on it or 22 have our staff work on it over the weekend, to get 23 ready and do an op-ed piece for next week, after we've 24 got this settled down, at least prepare the framework 25 for it, to explain this to the public.

It's rather confusing. And I think no matter what is reported, it's not going to be as clear as we'd like it to be. And so I would urge that your staff, CFO Sink's staff and my staff work on such a piece over the next few days and do something that we can all be happy with very quickly after whatever we do on Tuesday. GOVERNOR CRIST: Very good. Very good, General. MR. STIPANOVICH: Thank you, Governor, members. GOVERNOR CRIST: That's a great idea. Thank you very much. We are adjourned. (Whereupon, the proceeding was concluded at 12:50 p.m.) 

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