### THE CABINET

## STATE OF FLORIDA

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## Representing:

### DIVISION OF BOND FINANCE

FINANCIAL SERVICES COMMISSION, OFFICE OF INSURANCE REGULATION

BOARD OF TRUSTEES, INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT TRUST FUND

STATE BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION

The above agencies came to be heard before THE FLORIDA CABINET, Honorable Governor Bush presiding, in the Cabinet Meeting Room, LL-03, The Capitol, Tallahassee, Florida, on Tuesday, August 1, 2006, commencing at 9:05 a.m.

Reported by:
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Notary Public

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# APPEARANCES:

Representing the Florida Cabinet:

JEB BUSH Governor

CHARLES H. BRONSON Commissioner of Agriculture

CHARLIE CRIST Attorney General

TOM GALLAGHER Chief Financial Officer

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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(The agenda items commenced at 9:15 a.m.)
3	GOVERNOR BUSH: Division of Bond Finance.
4	CFO GALLAGHER: Motion on the minutes.
5	ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Second.
6	GOVERNOR BUSH: There's a motion and a second.
7	Without objection Item 1 passes. Item 2. Ben, how are
8	you doing?
9	MR. WATKINS: Very good, Governor. Item 2 is a
10	resolution authorizing the issuance of community
11	college capital improvement revenue bonds. This is a
12	new program that was authorized for community colleges.
13	It's based on a per credit hour fee capital improvement
14	charge, and it's elective on the part of the community
15	colleges as to whether they participate or not.
16	CFO GALLAGHER: Motion on 2.
17	COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Second.
18	GOVERNOR BUSH: There's a motion and a second.
19	Without objection the item passes.
20	MR. WATKINS: Item Number 3 is a report of award
21	on the competitive sale of \$144,580,000 in Florida
22	Forever revenue bonds. The bonds were awarded to the
23	low bidder at a true interest cost of approximately
24	4.38 percent.
25	CFO GALLAGHER: Motion on 3.

Т	COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Second.
2	GOVERNOR BUSH: There's a motion and a second.
3	Without objection the item passes.
4	MR. WATKINS: And Item Number 4 is a report of
5	award on the competitive sale of \$16.7 million in
6	capital outlay bonds for education. The bonds were
7	awarded to the low bidder at a true interest cost of
8	4.55 percent.
9	CFO GALLAGHER: Motion on 4.
10	ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Second.
11	GOVERNOR BUSH: There's a motion and a second.
12	Without objection the item passes. Interest rates are
13	going up, uh, Ben?
14	MR. WATKINS: Yes, sir, marginally. But we've
15	been able to effectively manage those, but rates are
16	headed up. Thank you, sir.
17	GOVERNOR BUSH: Thank you, Ben.
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1	GOVERNOR BUSH: Financial Services Commission,
2	Office of Insurance Regulation. Mr. McCarty, how are
3	you, sir?
4	MR. McCARTY: Good morning, Governor. How are
5	you, sir?
6	GOVERNOR BUSH: Doing well.
7	MR. McCARTY: Good morning, members of the
8	Cabinet.
9	CFO GALLAGHER: Motion on 1.
10	ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Second.
11	GOVERNOR BUSH: There's a motion on the minutes
12	and a second. Without objection the item passes. Item
13	2.
14	MR. McCARTY: Adoption of amendments to Rule
15	690-141.020. These are procedures for withdrawal,
16	surrender of certificate of authority or for the
17	discontinuation of writing business in the state of
18	Florida pursuant to Chapter 624.430 of the Florida
19	Statutes.
20	The proposed amendment to the rule would put
21	changes in Florida Law by removing portions of the rule
22	pertaining to the surrender of a certificate of
23	authority in references to related moratorium
24	phase-out.
25	CFO GALLAGHER: Motion on 2.

1	ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Second.
2	GOVERNOR BUSH: What does that mean in English?
3	There's a motion and second, and we'll have discussion
4	now.
5	MR. McCARTY: The current law requires the Office
6	of Insurance Regulation to approve various changes.
7	Basically the law has been repealed. The moratorium
8	phase-out, which was put into effect after Hurricane
9	Andrew, which was done initially by order of the
10	Insurance Commissioner, subsequently put into law, they
11	phased out, which allowed a phase-out of the policies.
12	That law was expired and as a consequence the rule has
13	been rendered moot.
14	GOVERNOR BUSH: Thank you. That was an excellent
15	English interpretation.
16	MR. McCARTY: I'm working on my English.
17	GOVERNOR BUSH: I know you are. And I'm
18	encouraging it. That was my point.
19	CFO GALLAGHER: And you may remember, Governor.
20	After Hurricane Andrew we were notified that about a
21	million and a half policyholders were going to be
22	non-renewed. We didn't have an insurer of last resort.
23	We didn't have a cat fund to back them up. We didn't
24	have anything. So we did an emergency order that said
25	they had to renew policies and then went to the

1	Legislature and passed a law that said that.
2	And they can only drop no more than ten percent of
3	their policies in any one year, no more than five
4	percent in any one county. And, of course, after ten
5	years it was no longer needed. And the Legislature
6	repealed the law, which was a good thing. And these
7	are the rules that don't need to be there if there's no
8	law.
9	GOVERNOR BUSH: Gotcha. There's a motion and a
10	second. Without objection the item passes. Item 3.
11	MR. McCARTY: Item 3, Governor, is the adoption of
12	amendment to Rule 690-144.002 and 005, approval
13	procedures for credit for reinsurance. This proposed
14	amendments to the rule are the new National Association
15	of Insurance Commissioner forms, which are universally
16	applied across the country, used by reinsurance
17	companies to submit their final financial statements to
18	the Office of Insurance Regulation.
19	Also there are additional amendments that reflect
20	the changes to the structure within our organization.
21	CFO GALLAGHER: Motion on 3.
22	ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Second.
23	GOVERNOR BUSH: There's a motion and a second.
24	Without objection the item passes.

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MR. McCARTY: Item Number 4 is the adoption of

1	amendment of Rule 690-170.013, filing procedures for
2	property and casualty insurance rates and rules. This
3	rule allows insurers to use their own internal data for
4	rate development when it comes to terrorism rates, as
5	opposed to using industry standards that are
6	established by rating organizations.
7	CFO GALLAGHER: Question.
8	MR. McCARTY: Yes.
9	CFO GALLAGHER: How does this affect workers'
10	comp?
11	MR. McCARTY: Well, the workers' comp rates are
12	unique in that they are State actually, they're
13	State-approved rates. You have a uniform rate,
14	different rating classifications, but you have one
15	rate. This differs from regular property insurance,
16	where everyone files for their own individual rates
17	based upon their own projected future losses and
18	expenses.
19	What this rule did was establish the standards by
20	which we address the cost of the terrorism provision
21	within workers' compensation. This was challenged,
22	this rule previously was brought before it. We lost
23	the rule initially and won on appeal. So we're

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CFO GALLAGHER: So this rule basically carries out

bringing this rule back for adoption.

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1	what you've been doing in regards to comp.
2	MR. McCARTY: Right. As a matter of fact, as a
3	result of this there will be a number of as a result
4	of this and actions taken by the office, there will be
5	several million dollars in premiums returned to
6	policyholders.
7	CFO GALLAGHER: That's what I was checking on.
8	COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Motion on Item 4.
9	ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Second.
10	GOVERNOR BUSH: There's a motion and a second.
11	Without objection Item 4 passes.
12	MR. McCARTY: The next agenda item, Governor, is
13	the request for approval to publish the notice for
14	rulemaking. The proposed rulemaking activates the
15	Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association,
16	which is established pursuant to Florida Chapter
17	627.351.
18	This, again, does not activate the JUA but merely
19	puts us in a rulemaking posture. We'll be taking
20	evidence over the course of the next several weeks, and
21	then we would bring this issue back to the Financial
22	Services Commission for final action regardless of
23	whether we're going to activate the JUA.
24	GOVERNOR BUSH: How long will that take, Kevin?

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MR. McCARTY: Well, the rule adoption process

1	generally takes approximately 90 days. We anticipate
2	that we could, if necessary, advance that schedule
3	based upon provisions of the Florida Law, Florida
4	Administrative Procedures Act, a finding or
5	determination that the health, welfare, safety of the
6	State of Florida is in jeopardy.

I think he could probably conclude that as a result of the numerous e-mails and phone calls that we've received collectively in terms of what's been going on.

We have met with business associations in South Florida, the Beacon Council, the Enterprise Florida, with our Office of Insurance Regulation. And there is deep concern, not only about the future economic development of Florida but maintaining the businesses that are currently in Florida and the jeopardy of losing those businesses to other states because of the cost of insurance.

But it's not just a matter of cost. We have recently completed a survey, the survey which results we've presented to you, where 13 percent of the respondents said they couldn't find insurance at any price. So this is a crisis that is deepening in Florida and would certainly potentially jeopardize the future economic development of our state.

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1	CFO GALLAGHER: I would suggest, Kevin, that you
2	prepare an emergency rule for the next Cabinet meeting
3	so that we'll have time to discuss it over the next two
4	weeks and see if it's justified at that point by the
5	surveys that are being done. I'm pretty sure it will
6	be. And that way we can move forward from there.
7	MR. McCARTY: Certainly we would also like the
8	opportunity to look at some other opportunities as well

opportunity to look at some other opportunities as well in addition to emergency rule drafting.

CFO GALLAGHER: We need to get a board?

MR. McCARTY: Yeah. There are a number of things that need to be done. The board appointments that are required under the Florida Statute are required to be made by you, the CFO. And it is prescribed by statute, the formula for making those appointments. They serve a two-year term. But that is the essential part, obviously, for us to proceed. If we do activate that, they are the governing body responsible for proferring the plan of operation.

The rule lays out a lot of the things that would ordinarily be established in the plan of operation, and we'll be presenting the plan -- according to the rule, we'll be presenting the plan of operation to you for your adoption.

CFO GALLAGHER: It looks like the rule that I saw 25

like it's a draft rule.

3	MR. McCARTY: Right. This would be the rule that
4	we would take to the Florida Administrative Weekly
5	tomorrow, announce it in the normal course of business
6	in accordance with the act. We'll hold a public
7	hearing. I mean, if we were to push on a date of
8	activation, if we had to do something, I think the most
9	immediate date would be September 1st, on or about.
10	GOVERNOR BUSH: But you need to get our approval.
11	MR. McCARTY: Yes.
12	GOVERNOR BUSH: So it would be the first meeting
13	in September; is that what you're saying?

here as a -- I guess somebody put a rule up here, looks

MR. McCARTY: Yes, sir. That is if we decide and opt to do this as a direct writer. By that I mean setting up an insurance company or a servicing carrier. One of the things I'd like to explore doing -- and it's allowed under the way we've currently drafted this -- is look at potentially doing quota share agreements, where we -- as a result of our meeting with the Lloyd's syndicate, the real problem is the availability of global reinsurance. And the contraction of that marketplace is affecting our primary marketplace in Florida, and elsewhere in the country, but it's most dramatically here in Florida.

1	If the issue is reinsurance, I think what we'd
2	like to do is see if we can bring some mechanism of
3	bringing reinsurance in the marketplace. Therefore,
4	you're able to maintain the regular delivery system of
5	the private service marketplace and not supplant this.
6	The goal of doing this is to do the least
7	intrusive in the private sector marketplace and provide
8	a bridge for us until the marketplace brings back to
9	some semblance of normalcy or back to normal.
10	CFO GALLAGHER: Have you surveyed to see if
11	companies would be amenable to continue writing if they
12	had a quota share?
13	MR. McCARTY: I've had discussions with a number
14	of companies. The companies said they think it's
15	doable. With this, we'll need some time for us to
16	flesh out the details to see in fact if we've been able
17	to make this a part of our operation.
18	It may be something that could be done, but it may
19	not be able to be done in the time frame in which you
20	want to do it. That's way, the way it's drafted, it
21	could be done either on a direct basis or an indirect
22	basis. So we can do it either as a reinsurer or as a
23	direct writer.
24	GOVERNOR BUSH: But the objective ought to be that
25	the first meeting in September, after having these

1	ideas be thoroughly vetted, where you're at least I
2	volunteer to talk to the commercial insurance companies
3	as well, to determine the best possible way that we
4	either way we can have rules ready if there is a
5	consensus that there's emergency, which I believe that
6	easily could be proven out. Then we could have
7	something operational shortly after the first meeting
8	in September.
9	MR. McCARTY: Well, that would not that would
10	not be my ideal date, but it's something, if you wanted
11	to activate it
12	GOVERNOR BUSH: Your ideal date is August?
13	MR. McCARTY: No. I'm saying, in order for us to
14	flesh it out, I would like more time if that were
15	available. But I'm guessing from my previous
16	conversations with you that
17	CFO GALLAGHER: Here's the problem. August 15th
18	is when we already have a lot of people that don't
19	have any coverage. And as we get into August 15th is
20	when the waters are warm in the Gulf and bad things
21	happen from little storms that start, and people need
22	insurance.
23	And we're going to lose businesses that are going
24	to move out of Florida if they can't get it. And I
25	think time is of the essence on this. And I think

1	there's three ways we can go. One is the quota share
2	which I think would be fastest and best for us. The
3	only problem with that is we could end up with a
4	whole you know, having quota share reinsurance on
5	every piece of property.

MR. McCARTY: It doesn't necessarily mean, though, that people who aren't getting the insurance will get the insurance. That's my concern about doing the quota share. Just by expanding -- the expectation is just by expanding the capacity in the capital market by creating this additional reinsurance, whether it's quota share or catastrophe, you don't necessarily -- the individual people that we've met in Polk County and Miami and Key West that don't have the coverage will not necessarily get it through that quota share.

That's why it might be necessary to bifurcate the product and have a short-term direct product to immediately deal with the problem and then look over the course of the next 18 months and gravitating this more towards the reinsurance mechanism for stability in the marketplace.

CFO GALLAGHER: I agree with that. That was sort of where I was going. My first problem with the quota share is, one, getting people interested. And the other one is the other side where everybody would quota

1	share everything, and all of a sudden we would
2	basically be writing every piece of commercial property
3	in Florida. So we don't want that to happen by any
4	means.
5	GOVERNOR BUSH: But we also don't want a
6	Citizens-like commercial insurance company writing all
7	the policies either.
8	CFO GALLAGHER: Exactly.
9	GOVERNOR BUSH: I think we've learned some lessons
10	and we might as well
11	CFO GALLAGHER: What we would probably do and I
12	haven't discussed this with you, Kevin is the
13	alternative that we would do with the quota share would
14	be probably to be a direct writer but through servicing
15	carriers; in other words, not do it totally direct but
16	use the existing commercial market out there and the
17	existing agents to process the business as opposed to
18	doing what Citizens does direct.
19	MR. McCARTY: Yes. And the statute contemplates
20	that, yes, sir.
21	GOVERNOR BUSH: So, as it relates to any of these
22	options, all of which are on the table, all of them, in
23	terms of timing, can be accomplished, in terms of the

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MR. McCARTY: We would have to do that through

rulemaking part of this, by the first --

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1	emergency	rulemaking,	sır.	Ordinary	rulemaking	takes
2	forever.					

- 3 GOVERNOR BUSH: Yeah, I know. And that's why I'm
  4 bringing it up again.
- 5 CFO GALLAGHER: Kevin, you were around during
  6 Hurricane Andrew. We got those rules done pretty
  7 doggone quick.
- 8 MR. McCARTY: Yeah. Again, we relied on the 9 provision of -- yes, sir.

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10 GOVERNOR BUSH: Well, we could probably do the

11 rules when there's a hurricane coming and we could

12 declare it a disaster, but there won't be any insurance

13 so -- we could do it really fast then, but it won't

14 matter.

MR. McCARTY: I think the concern -- and I think this is a concern probably shared by members of the industry, and I think, as you probably expressed today, Governor, and have in the past, is whatever solution we craft, you know, we want to make sure that it does as little violence to the marketplace that's willing to write at this time as possible and not supplanting that market, but actually going very strategically in those areas where it's necessary.

And the faster we do this, we run the risk, of course, of doing some dislocation in that marketplace.

1	And that's going to be kind of a
2	GOVERNOR BUSH: We're counting on your incredible
3	expertise
4	MR. McCARTY: Yeah. I appreciate that, sir.
5	GOVERNOR BUSH: to avoid the laws of
6	unintended consequences. I realize the faster this is
7	it creates the potential for something that two years
8	from now they may say, why did we do it. That's just
9	the law of that's public policy 101.
10	But we've had enough experience now to hopefully
11	avoid those pitfalls. The other thing that I am more
12	than willing to do is to help convene, you know, use
13	the power of convening to get some of these insurance
14	companies that are in the commercial side to come and
15	to listen to them and to encourage them to not lose
16	confidence in the state and not lose confidence in
17	their customers.
18	I mean, this is a serious problem, but we don't
19	have to just exclusively focus on rulemaking. We can
20	do other things as well. And we ought to in the next
21	couple of weeks.
22	CFO GALLAGHER: I think most of the companies
23	probably have pretty good confidence in everything
24	except the weather. That's what's

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GOVERNOR BUSH: Yeah. But they have long-standing

1	customers that they'll abandon at the drop of a hat
2	because of this reinsurance problem.
3	CFO GALLAGHER: Right. And some of them fiscally
4	cannot write the business because of the lack of
5	reinsurance. They don't have the capital to pay a
6	catastrophic hit. So without the reinsurance, they
7	don't have a choice but to drop them. I mean, they
8	wouldn't let them write it.
9	MR. McCARTY: I mean, we would not allow a company
10	who did not have adequate reinsurance or some way of
11	paying claims to operate in a hazardous financial
12	condition during hurricane
13	GOVERNOR BUSH: These commercial writers, are they
14	different than the residential writers that have
15	created these Florida captives that creates the
16	unintended consequence again of concentrating our risk?
17	MR. McCARTY: The commercial market is very
18	different than the residential market.
19	GOVERNOR BUSH: So it's diffused out.
20	MR. McCARTY: It's much more diverse. It's much
21	more spread out, and it's much more in national
22	companies. They don't have insurance company
23	Commercial Company of Florida, as we've seen with the
24	large national writers for homeowners insurance, where

on a homeowner basis nationally it's much more

1	concentrated in five or six companies. In Florida it's
2	more diffuse than that. But we still have the large
3	companies who set up Florida pup companies, which we
4	know, Governor, from our conversations with the Lloyd's
5	syndicate, makes it more difficult to place that
6	Florida coverage.
7	GOVERNOR BUSH: Commission Bronson and then
8	General Crist.
9	COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Thank you, Governor.
10	Kevin, I've been concerned about this. When I start
11	hearing from agriculture people with properties where
12	they're either manufacturing another product or

affect jobs, what those people are going to do with

remanufacturing. The domino effect of not getting a

really solid solution to this problem is going to

16 their property from here on out. It could really

17 have -- what happens at this level is going to have a

18 big effect on people all the way down to their

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insurance on their homes because people are going to be

20 wondering how long their business is going to be in

21 operation and whether their job is still there.

And I'm sure banks would be very interested in that since they're holding mortgages on a lot of those properties that people are having to pay for that insurance.

1	So this is really concerning to me as well. When
2	I start hearing from agriculture people on commercial
3	property issues, I know it's gotten pretty serious by
4	then, because a lot of them have done a lot of their
5	own backup. And they're at the point now, they've been
5	hurt so bad they can't back their situation up like
7	they used to. They just don't have the capital
3	available. They've had to go out and rebuild and do
9	things themselves.

So I'm very concerned that the domino effect of this could be pretty bad if we don't get a solid solution.

MR. McCarty: And the breadth of the problem, as you said, sir, really goes -- it's not just a coastal problem. We kind of think of this as a coastal development problem, but this is -- from the results of our survey, some of the most difficult problems are in Polk County. I mean, and a lot of this has to do with building construction and how well the building is constructed, not so much -- yes, proximity to the coast is important.

But it gives me an opportunity to emphasize, there are two ways to really fundamentally address the issue of the capacity problem in Florida, and that is to put more capital in Florida. And I've got to commend the

1	Legislature for adopting the law they passed last year
2	because they put a quarter of a billion of Florida
3	capital, which means a half a billion more capital in
4	our system, which in the long run is going to go a long
5	way.
6	And number two is we have to change how we build
7	in Florida. We have to address the issue that we
8	cannot build buildings that blow away, that affordable
9	housing is more than just bricks and mortar. It's the
10	ultimate cost of the insurance and the cost of what
11	happens to that family or that business when it's
12	destroyed in a storm.
13	So we really have to emphasize improved building
14	codes and improved enforcement of building codes. And
15	I commend the Legislature again for the quarter billion
16	dollars they put in the homeowners for that
17	retrofitting program for mitigation. We may need to
18	look at a mitigation program for our businesses as well
19	in the future.
20	GOVERNOR BUSH: Well, you may want to commend the
21	Legislature for the \$715 million

Legislature for the \$715 million.

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MR. McCARTY: Yes. And as long as I'm on it, I'd like to commend the Legislature for that as well, and certainly would like to encourage the public to call in with regard to the building commission and their

1	activities with regard to the Panhandle, because I
2	think that that Panhandle from Flagler County to
3	Escambia County and not having the same wind load
4	standards for the home owners there, you know, we
5	really need to change the culture in this state about
6	safe homes for Floridians. It's an integral part to
7	the culture of our preparedness in our state.
8	GOVERNOR BUSH: General.

ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Thank you, Governor. I just had a few questions, Kevin. You said ordinarily the time table is about 90 days, in response to the Governor? In accelerating that, I think the Treasurer mentioned maybe an emergency rule. What is the shortest time frame? Is the first part of September the earliest we could --

MR. McCARTY: And just managing expectations, I know the Governor generally likes to know what the date it's going to be operational. And I'm trying to, in meeting with my staff and talking with some industry people, what is reasonable for us to be able to go market with this product, either -- probably more realistically on a direct basis but potentially on an indirect basis.

ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Well, I would encourage you to accelerate prudently, along with what the

where you would have them?

2 hearings as part of this process?
3 MR. McCARTY: Yes, sir.
4 ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Do you know how many or

Governor had said. I was curious, too. You would have

MR. McCARTY: We would have at least one hearing.

We'll have an informal hearing. The law contemplates
that you have -- there's the due process hearing. We
do intend to have a hearing. We will probably have
that hearing in the next couple of weeks. We're
already working with some legislators about some
potential hearing sites, et cetera, to help bring in
the necessary businesses, if it's necessary to make the
case for an emergency rule. We could use that hearing
as that opportunity.

ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Great. And then,

Governor, if I could, I was curious about the survey
that you did. Can you elaborate on that a little bit?

MR. McCARTY: Sure. There were approximately

1,900 respondents to the survey. And I'd like to
emphasize, to begin with, General, that this is a

voluntary survey. We did encourage the restaurant
association, Enterprise Florida, chambers of commerce,

to encourage their members, but it's not necessarily a

scientifically statistical sample, but it is people

1	that	have	reached	l out	to	our	Web	site	through
2	coope	eratio	on with	the	busi	iness	s cor	nmunit	ty.

We did get 1,900 respondents. We did have -- let me try to find that. You can see from that that a majority of the respondents are small businesses. The majority of it is coastal. The majority of the respondents were coastal, but we did see that there was a particular problem in some of the interior counties as well.

The property summary chart shows the data. Some of them had found coverage. And this is another thing we need to do in terms of managing expectations. Some of them found coverage, and we have anecdotal stories that they found them, but they paid in some cases over 200 percent what they paid previously.

And some of the comments, they would show that they paid well in excess of 200 percent of their previous premium. Some of these are finding it with deductibles that are just beyond what they could be able to pay.

And some people are having their premiums go up to what's about 50 percent of their gross proceeds for the whole year, which is just not something they could build into their businesses over time.

25 Thirty-nine percent of the respondents found

1	coverage but at an increased price, and they found
2	coverage as I just articulated. Seventeen percent
3	could not find coverage at any price in the counties of
4	concerns that I showed you on the chart.
5	We have all of the answers to the study available.
6	We'll be putting those we're redacting that
7	information as to personal identifiable information,
8	and we'll be putting that on our Web site and we'll be
9	happy to send those responses to you as well, sir.
10	ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: It looks like the
11	majority on your pie chart probably would concur with
12	the Governor and want to try to accelerate some kind of
13	opportunity, because it's either, you know, they found
14	coverage but it was higher, they found coverage but
15	there was a higher deductible. I mean, obviously they
16	need help.
17	MR. McCARTY: Right. And that's the issue we
18	really have to grapple with, is if they have found
19	coverage, are we going to be supplanting that coverage
20	with rates with State-provided coverage. And
21	that's, I think, the concern.
22	It's an available issue for those 13 percent.
23	It's an affordable issue for the combined marketplace
24	of a sizable number of our respondents. And this is

25

also substantiated by talking to individual businesses,

people who are calling on the hotline, as well as what our agent force is telling us as well.

GOVERNOR BUSH: Kevin, the bank issue.

4 MR. McCARTY: Yes.

thought was interesting. It was a small business person or I guess it was a person that owned real estate, had e-mailed Senator Lynn, who passed it on to you, I believe. And in that e-mail she had a suggestion about how -- what we could do to maybe convene a meeting with the banks, credit unions, others that are providing mortgages on these properties, to make sure that they don't, in this interim period where we have significant problems here that hopefully will be resolved with the return of the reinsurance market and any proposals that we implement, that they don't -- that we either voluntarily -- I assume that would be the logical thing to do -- ask them not to foreclose on properties or to create hardship.

Maybe they have some suggestions on what could be done because most of this commercial real estate is leveraged. And so you could get to a point -- although, I just remind everybody, the premiums on commercial real estate is going to be still -- it's less than property taxes, which have also gone up. I

1	mean, we have it's not a hundred percent of the net
2	operating income of properties.
3	Typically I mean, it used to be 40 cents per
4	square foot, something like that. That would be the
5	average. And so it's now
6	CFO GALLAGHER: Two dollars.
7	GOVERNOR BUSH: two dollars a square foot.
8	That's a significant increase. It probably won't
9	create the hardship for every person that's got a
10	mortgage. But there could be cases where the inability
11	to get insurance would mean the loan would be
12	foreclosable. And we need to work with the banks, I
13	think, to figure out a way to solve that problem.
14	CFO GALLAGHER: Usually what happens is the bank
15	will force place coverage. In other words, the bank
16	has an agreement with a major insurer.
17	GOVERNOR BUSH: And they may not be able to get
18	insurance.
19	MR. McCARTY: And that's a good point. When you
20	cannot get forced-placed coverage, that's a very

CFO GALLAGHER: One banker told -- his commercial property owner said, "Look, I can't get insurance, and I know you've got the forced-placed thing, and I know I'm going to get it put on top of everything else, but

telling sign of how much distress the marketplace is.

go ahead and just force place. I cannot find it anywhere."

And the banker said, "We just got a call and our forced-placed company said, 'We're full, we can't take anymore,' so there isn't any to get there either."

GOVERNOR BUSH: So this is -- again, the point here is that over these next two weeks, before you come back, I would hope that we would -- I'm offering our office to work with all of the impacted parties to try to help forge some solutions that go beyond just the narrow focus of what your responsibilities are.

MR. McCARTY: Thank you, Governor. If I may be allowed to make one other point. Oftentimes, you read sometimes in the trade journals, which most working people don't have to read, but I do. And a lot of what they're saying, that what we're doing in Florida is contrived. I just want to emphasize that a number of what we call the excess and surplus, the surplus lines market -- these are unregulated, their rates are not regulated -- are leaving the Florida marketplace or have reached capacity.

And you met with some of those surplus lines companies recently on your trade mission in England. And they just told you, there is no more capacity at any price. So I just want to say --

1	GOVERNOR BUSH: It was tough. I admit it. Even
2	the hopeful, optimistic Jeb walked out of there
3	saying you saw me. I was trying.
4	MR. McCARTY: Yeah.
5	GOVERNOR BUSH: They weren't taking.
6	MR. McCARTY: And that's a similar response we had
7	when we met with the Bermuda companies. They think
8	Florida is doing all the right things and putting all
9	the things in the right direction, but it's an exposure
10	problem, and it's also an issue of dealing with
11	additional capacity. And that's just not a matter of
12	steep rate increases. We've seen those rate increases,
13	and that has not stimulated the response in the
14	marketplace that we had anticipated.
15	CFO GALLAGHER: After the storms of '04 and '05
16	and the 15 months of 30-some billion dollars in losses,
17	it was pretty evident that we were going to see this
18	kind of a crisis and crunch come. And I've been sort
19	of talking about it for a while. You never know how

And the commercial side is one that we didn't really have the major problems after Hurricane Andrew that we've had here. So this has been a much tougher crisis than we had back then.

bad it's really going to get, and you're always hopeful

it won't happen, but it has.

1	I guess, Kevin, let's talk about timing here so we
2	all understand where we really are here.
3	MR. McCARTY: The timing?
4	CFO GALLAGHER: Right.
5	MR. McCARTY: Well, I'm coming back in two weeks,
6	when I guess I'll give an update as to where we are.
7	We have scheduled a public hearing by then. We're
8	going through the normal publication process that we do
9	in the normal rule development. We will move that to,
10	based on the evidence at our hearing, to an emergency
11	rule process, in response to the comments I've received
12	today. We will meet with industry, banking, financial
13	institutions, et cetera, during that period of time to
14	report back to you their sense of what might be able to
15	be done as part of the solution to the problem.
16	We will I would assume in that time frame, sir,
17	that you would have made your appointments pursuant to
18	Florida Statute and the 13 members of the board. We
19	will hopefully convene a number of those as an advisory
20	capacity in anticipation of the activation of it. And
21	I was hoping the activation date would be in September
22	so that we I think that's more reasonable in terms
23	of getting it done.
24	CFO GALLAGHER: And the rules are going to allow a

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reinsurance mechanism and a direct write mechanism.

1		MR.	McCAR1	'Y:	That	is	correc	t.	The	rule,	the	way
2	it's	Curi	rently	draf	ted.	doe	s that	. si	r t	7 <b>0</b> 9		

- 3 CFO GALLAGHER: The way I read it, I didn't see it
  4 both ways. But if you say it is, I believe you. And
  5 you're also going to have a plan of operation.
- 6 MR. McCARTY: Yes, sir.

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- 7 CFO GALLAGHER: Which will include both also, I gather.
  - MR. McCARTY: Well, on the plan of operation, we have drafted, we've pretty much concluded that draft. We would like also to perhaps borrow some resources from your office, in particular Mr. Sumner, who was involved in the previous activation back in the eighties. He's very familiar with this subject and would be very helpful in doing some of the work with us.
- 17 CFO GALLAGHER: We'll get him up to you.
- MR. McCARTY: And we'll have something prepared 18 19 for your board to look over and then -- the way we 20 contemplate this, Treasurer, is using your board as an 21 advisory council in this process, because there will be a blend of consumer -- presumably, there are spots for 22 23 consumer representatives and there are specific 24 provisions for four trade associations and two 25 statewide agents association members, and then the rest

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- 2 CFO GALLAGHER: One of the problems with the
- 3 statute is some of the organizations that they're
- 4 supposed to come from don't exist anymore.
- 5 MR. McCARTY: That is correct.
- 6 CFO GALLAGHER: We'll figure out something on that
- 7 and get those people appointed anyway.
- 8 MR. McCARTY: Some of them have successor
- 9 organizations that have absorbed them, but I'm sure
- 10 that we can come to an agreement with the industry of a
- 11 representative group.
- 12 CFO GALLAGHER: We'll get that done in the next
- week or so. We'll get a meeting set.
- 14 GOVERNOR BUSH: We can always clean it up in a
- 15 special session.
- 16 CFO GALLAGHER: Well, that will be the next item
- 17 we'll talk about.
- 18 GOVERNOR BUSH: Is there a --
- 19 CFO GALLAGHER: I'll move that Kevin carries
- forward in his recommendation on 5.
- 21 ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Second.
- 22 GOVERNOR BUSH: There's a motion and a second on
- 23 Good Cause Item Number 5. Without objection the item
- 24 passes. Thank you, Kevin.
- MR. McCARTY: We have Item 6.

1	GOVERNOR BUSH: Yes.
2	MR. McCARTY: Agenda Item Number 6, this good
3	cause item was presented by Treasurer Gallagher, to ask
4	to establish a working group to investigate the
5	prospect of lowering the retention level of the Florida
6	Cat Fund. As you know, the Cat Fund retention level at
7	this point is 5.2 billion. That's an aggregate level
8	to be reached before you kick into the Cat Fund.
9	The Cat Fund has been the cornerstone of the
10	recovery of the Florida marketplace after Hurricane
11	Andrew, provides relatively inexpensive reinsurance in
12	a marketplace where reinsurance is, unfortunately, in
13	much greater demand than there is supply.
14	And the Treasurer is suggesting that we to
15	appoint a working group to look at lowering the
16	retention level to make insurance more available and
17	affordable.
18	COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Motion on Item 6.
19	CFO GALLAGHER: If I may, before we and I'm for
20	it, but I just want to let everybody
21	GOVERNOR BUSH: You are?
22	CFO GALLAGHER: I just want to let people know a
23	couple of things. The Cat Fund that we have today
24	saves a home owner living in Dade County in a \$150,000

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house as much as \$3,100 annually right now that they're

1	not payi	ng, and	for a	home	owner	in	Hillsborough	or
2	Escambia	it's s	aving	them S	5500 a	vea	ır.	

And the reason for that is right now insurance companies are paying 70 cents for every dollar's worth of reinsurance in the worldwide market. That's --

6 GOVERNOR BUSH: Ridiculous.

CFO GALLAGHER: -- 50 cents for the reinsurance, and then what they do is they get a reinstatement, and it's 20 cents for that, and they pay both of those up front. So that gives them a guaranteed reinstatement. So when you figure that, because they are buying -- are able to buy that through the Cat Fund at about somewhere around 10 cents, a little less actually, that is a huge savings for a home owner in Dade County right now.

So I think what's happened is we're getting to the breaking point on homeowner's insurance as far as cost goes. So if we can get these companies to buy this reinsurance -- now, we started the Cat Fund at a \$3 billion level up to 11, and then it had an automatic increase in it in the statutes.

And each year I've tried to get the Legislature to bring it back down to 3 billion. One year I got them to bring it back down to four and a half. I think one year we got it down to four. This year I wasn't able

to get it down at all, although I did argue for it to come down.

And what's happened is, of course, it goes automatically up. And now it's at that 5.2. I analyzed what would happen if we moved it down to 3 billion. What happens is it would reduce cost for Florida policyholders by about 1.4 billion. That means that a home owner in Miami -- and I don't know where they find this \$150,000 house, but God bless them if they have one. They'd save an additional \$527 a year. That's what the reinsurance would cost less by buying it through the Cat Fund.

GOVERNOR BUSH: If you could get. I don't know if we would have reinsurance if we didn't have a Cat Fund.

CFO GALLAGHER: That's part of it. But what is available, in other words, that's one of the reasons that the private sector has dropped out of writing business and Citizens is picking up 60,000 policies a month, because there's no reinsurance for the private marketplace.

This would put them in a position to buy the reinsurance, a billion four worth, and would save -- which could easily get passed on to the policy, or would stop an increase that would come because of the cost of reinsurance.

1	So the sooner that we can get this done, the
2	sooner we can, I think, stabilize the market. And so
3	what we're asking for here is, I guess, to have a
4	committee to look at it and make a recommendation and
5	have some kind of consensus so you could call them in,
6	because it does take the Legislature to do this.
7	GOVERNOR BUSH: Absolutely. How do you envision
8	the working group working?
9	CFO GALLAGHER: Well, I would think that you would
10	get the President of the Senate to have a couple of his
11	key people and the Speaker of the House and have
12	someone from your office and OIR and basically have a
13	presentation to them of exactly how this works and see
14	if they can get consensus, primarily the House and
15	Senate and your office, to make sure that they see it
16	the way at least I see it. And if they do, then they
17	could, in a quick one-day session, make a change.
18	GOVERNOR BUSH: General?
19	ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: I think, Governor, you've
20	appointed a committee to look at this issue. And I
21	think the Lieutenant Governor heads it up. I mean, if
22	it includes, as the Treasurer says, members of the
23	Legislature as well, then maybe that's already
24	tailor-made to
25	GOVERNOR BUSH: If we could get Kevin, do you

remember what -- the date of the first meeting is
August 9th?

3 MR. McCARTY: 8th.

GOVERNOR BUSH: We could make this the first item
on that agenda, because it's probably the number one
most significant recommendation that has come forth
right now.

MR. McCARTY: If I can amplify on that, we also want to look at not only lowering the retention but perhaps -- when you lower the retention, you lower the top, too. You might want to leave the top there and then lower the retention so you're really expanding the capacity, not just at the lower level.

CFO GALLAGHER: Exactly.

GOVERNOR BUSH: I think it would it be helpful also to -- I mean, there are other ideas out there that are sincere efforts to offer up solutions. In the Legislature this last session, the Democratic leadership in the House came up with a proposal, and others have done the same. At least they're thinking about it.

It might be good to kind of get a group to look at this from the perspective of the benefits and costs. I mean, we can take the ideas we have that are being proposed. And if you went back in time two years and

1	you could see what the consequences of these ideas are,
2	it's kind of a unique time, since we don't have to go
3	back to Hurricane Andrew. We can go back literally for
4	the last 24 months and say, if we had this in place,
5	what would have been the impact on rates, on the
6	treasury and on other things.
7	And so because there are other ideas about
8	retention. We could share part of the costs. We
9	could the Democrats are proposing, I guess, a
10	lower not lowering the retention of the Cat Fund,
11	but they want to take the first part of the risk and
12	CFO GALLAGHER: I think the insurance industry
13	likes the idea of getting rid of as much of the risk as
14	they can. I think it's dangerous for us to take the
15	first part of the risk.
16	GOVERNOR BUSH: I agree. I'm just saying that I
17	could ask the Lieutenant Governor to look at this, too,

GOVERNOR BUSH: I agree. I'm just saying that I could ask the Lieutenant Governor to look at this, too, because I don't want to -- I have some held beliefs about the role of government in all these things. But I'm more than happy to look at any idea.

I don't think that this is the time to be prejudging ideas. This is complicated stuff, and we need to have people that are objective looking at each one of these suggestions and have a hardy debate about it. But it has to be quick, though, Kevin.

1 MR. McCARTY: I understand	that.
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2 CFO GALLAGHER: Here is one of the problems that
3 exists with this, just so we know it. Most companies
4 that could get the reinsurance they needed are going to
5 have to -- the sooner the better for this to happen
6 because they'll have to renegotiate those treaties.

Secondly, those companies that don't have the reinsurance, they're being forced to non-renew policies, and all those policies are coming into Citizens.

One of the things that I hope that we're looking into, Kevin, is that those companies that are being looked at by you all in regards to not having the capacity for the business that they have because of the reinsurance issue be able to use the part of the law that allows a quota share with Citizens, so that they could get the reinsurance from Citizens as opposed to the entire policy going to Citizens.

And I did have a discussion with Chairman Douglas about that. And he -- I think they weren't real interested in the beginning, but he said he would be willing to do that. Everybody wins by doing that. The policies don't get into Citizens. The companies keep it. It's a one-time thing, hoping the reinsurance comes back. And sort of it's an everybody wins thing.

1	MR. McCARTY: Citizens inherited that when they
2	took over the old Windstorm Underwriting Association,
3	which was the wind-only policy, which you aggregate the
4	highest risk in the highest risk counties. It makes it
5	impossible to ever distribute that back out.

Again, as the Governor said, we will learn from -just as we've learned from the hurricane seasons on how
to better prepare our state, we're going to learn from
the various experiences in our state and elsewhere to
try not to do -- to do a best practices and take
advantage of the marketplace as best we can, providing
a cushion during that time.

But the Cat Fund is very critical to the recovery, not only after Hurricane Andrew but the stability that we have today in the marketplace is due in large part to what the Cat Fund has done. And one of the things also we could explore is using the Cat Fund potentially, if reinsurance is the problem, and it's been a very successful model, whereas Citizens has, although been an asset to our state, has not been as effective of the Cat Fund, that perhaps we'll look at the Cat Fund as a way of providing reinsurance for the business community.

If the problem is that, then perhaps we should look at the success of that. And that's a potential,

1	too, as opposed to setting up the PCJUA. We're only
2	saying to set up the PCJUA because that's available in
3	the law now.
4	GOVERNOR BUSH: The law allows us to do it.

CFO GALLAGHER: Here is what we could do, and I was going to talk about that, but the problem with having the Cat Fund change or have another account at the Cat Fund, which I would be all for, is that that again requires the Legislature to do that. And we can do this without that, so we want to pursue this. And at this committee meeting that should be brought up as an alternative also and put in -- as far as I'm concerned, put that in the legislation because that would be the most efficient way to do it, with some legislative approval.

MR. McCARTY: So in understanding where we are now with regard to Item Number 6, are we making a group making a recommendation to Governor Jennings'

Commission or are we going to --

GOVERNOR BUSH: I would suggest we do this.

Present, which you're intending to do the first

meeting, this concept and have a discussion about it.

If we need to add people to the technical advisory

group, we've tried to not have insurance folks on the

committee but have them be there to provide advice, all

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1	the different stakeholders in this market.	

If we need to add people to provide some expertise 3 or if they need to come and share their views on this, let's have this be a thoroughly -- both ideas, both

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done.

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CFO GALLAGHER: Commercial and the --

GOVERNOR BUSH: The commercial and then the suggestion that you've been advocating as it relates to Citizens, have those be the first topics of discussion, because again there's some -- if we have enough consensus that these ideas will have a positive impact, I think we need to go convince -- get a consensus as best we can. You never can get ironclad consensus in the Legislature, but pursue these ideas. I know there's a willingness to look at them, and call a special session and add to the stuff we've already

COMMISSIONER BRONSON: If I could ask one question. Kevin, was there any indication from any of the companies, whether it's homeowners or commercial, if the building codes -- I know the builders and all kind of get antsy about this. But the last time we did this it actually worked because we had less damage on those buildings that went up with the better tie-downs and all on the structure.

1	Have they indicated any willingness to ease up a
2	little bit if we had our building codes were up to,
3	say, 150-mile-an-hour or a little better capabilities
4	for wind? Would they kind of work with us better on
5	that?

MR. McCARTY: Oh, absolutely. And I think the underwriting, change in underwriting supports the empirical evidence. The evidence we had from hurricane season 2004 and 2005 is overwhelming that better buildings not only mean that we reduce the loss, but it's an integral part of our state of Florida, to keep people in their homes, hardening our homes, as the Lieutenant Governor refers to it as, so that it's part of our strategic plan.

And I think you're absolutely right, that we have a minimum statewide building code. And what we need to understand, as Secretary Cohen says, it's not just the cost of building the home.

Ask the person who has been dislocated after

Katrina, who is now living in Tulsa, if they would have

spent another 10- or \$15,000 over a 30-year period to

be home today instead of dislocated. I think this is a

critical, important issue, that if we're ever going to

be able to really have affordable insurance, we have to

build buildings that resist the wind load that we are

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1	expecting	to	nave	ın	Florida	on	а	periodic	basis.

GOVERNOR BUSH: Kevin, part of this is perception,

part of it's reality. The reality is that the

exemption that the building commission did is a tiny

fraction of the overall population of the state. But

it is -- if you got hit one mile or half a mile on the

wrong side of that line, it wouldn't really matter to

you. It could create a problem. I think what they did

needs to be reviewed.

But the perception is equally bad. When Kevin and I were visiting with these Lloyd's folks, this guy pulls out this article from the Pensacola News Journal about the decision made by the building commission.

And here is a guy that's 10,000 miles, wherever, how many miles away it is.

And I'm trying to explain, well, this is a fraction of our state. I'm doing my best to defend the honor of the state of Florida. And he says, "And you guys have done great work, but you need to strengthen your building code."

CFO GALLAGHER: Here is the concern I have in this. When you have an area like that that doesn't follow a strong building code, the residents will pay dearly down the road. And I can just tell you the scenario that will happen three years from now, and

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The private market will pull back completely from those areas that don't have a strong building code and from those houses that don't meet the code. Citizens will be required and be the only one to write it. And then the Legislature, not wanting to be assessed to pay the claims in that area, are going to require the rates to be two or three times higher than they are already.

So all of a sudden now the residents of these areas are going to get a huge burden put on them because they didn't have that 5- or \$10,000 down on the house.

MR. McCARTY: But I think the larger issue that Commissioner Bronson is raising is overall, notwithstanding the issue of the Panhandle, which incidentally they've improved it from where it was.

 $\mbox{\sc GOVERNOR}$  BUSH: Let the record show they have improved it.

MR. McCARTY: It's just not -- it's not uniform with regard to the wind load debris of the rest of the state. I didn't use English, but I'm working on it.

The issue you raise, I think, is a larger issue and it's a more comprehensive issue, is that we have a statewide minimum code now for the state, depending on where you are in the state and your susceptibility to

1 wind damage. But I think your issue is very important, 2 that we have to increase that over time as well, because as we do that, we will make homes more 3 resistant to wind. 5 And we have had the technology for 50, 70 years. 6 We have lots of new technology coming into the marketplace every day. Leslie Chapman-Henderson has 8 made me a disciple of mitigation, that we can do better in terms of building our future housing stock and our 9 businesses because we're learning now, we can have our 10 homes there, but if there are no businesses for people 11 12 to work, then the fact that we hardened our homes and not hardened our businesses, we have to do both to have 13 the economic development that we've become used to in 14 the state of Florida. 15 GOVERNOR BUSH: Thank you, Kevin. 16 MR. McCARTY: Thank you, sir. 17 18 GOVERNOR BUSH: It was in good English, that last

GOVERNOR BUSH: It was in good English, that last part. Just as a -- because this is the ultimate solution, is hardening Florida, if you will, not our hearts but our homes. And perhaps, Treasurer, it might make sense to get Lisa Miller to come and give us a briefing on the next Cabinet meeting about the \$250 million plan because I think it's really -- I've believed for a long time that this is the number one

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thing that we could do. And it shouldn't be a one-time deal. It ought to be an ongoing, recurring effort.

There should be some description, just to set the stage, of how many homes -- you know, we think about Florida being new and everything being built in the last two years, given the growth of the state. But in reality the percentage of homes that have been built since the new code was passed is minimal.

MR. McCARTY: About 15 percent.

GOVERNOR BUSH: So maybe some description of the estimation that we have of what the quality of housing is and then -- I mean, I'd like to see a longer-term proposal that we might be able to embrace as part of this as well that could go back to the Legislature to set some aspirational goals about how to help Floridians harden their homes and maybe their businesses as well.

MR. McCARTY: And as you know, Lieutenant Governor Jennings recently went to Washington to meet with officials from HUD to discuss using our money, which really was unique for them, because most of the time they're looking at evacuees and other things that -- Florida has already taken care of those issues. We're really looking at the next generation of solutions, which is using HUD money to harden homes for low income

1	folks.
2	GOVERNOR BUSH: That's an interesting I don't
3	know if my fellow Cabinet members know what we're
4	doing. This is the CDBG money, the next tranche that's
5	available for Texas, Mississippi, Alabama and Florida.
6	And how much money are they going to
7	MR. McCARTY: Just shy of a billion.
8	GOVERNOR BUSH: Just shy of a billion. We want
9	to our proposal is to have every dollar of what we
10	get go to enhance our mitigation program, which would
11	be pretty historic.
12	CFO GALLAGHER: That originally was set to go to
13	local governments, wasn't it, or was it going to go to
14	the State?
15	GOVERNOR BUSH: It can go any way we propose it.
16	MR. McCARTY: Right. It's pretty discretionary.
17	GOVERNOR BUSH: Normally CDBG money, not emergency
18	CDBG money, but normally the Community Development
19	Block Grant money does go through the State to local
20	governments.
21	CFO GALLAGHER: Just not to get ahead of myself
22	here, but in order to get this mitigation program up
23	and running, we will be starting with some partnerships
24	with local governments who already have some money that

they've either gotten from the federal government

1	through	the	State	or	appropriated	themselves	for
2	similar	prod	grams.				

So we're going to get up and running on that part to really get it moving and enable ourselves to get the inspections going and everything else. And on the 15th we'll let you know exactly where that is and how we're moving, and we'll be ready to go.

MR. McCARTY: Just one other observation, back to the issue of agenda Item Number 6, which is discussion about the expansion of the Florida Cat Fund, lowering the retention. I did want to point out that the Florida Legislature, in its recent bill that we talked about, also did provide some expansion of the Cat Fund for our small cap companies that were struggling to have capital this year, which was an integral part of the recapitalization program, as we talked about before.

CFO GALLAGHER: And for what it's worth, they pay and willingly paid 50 cents straight online, which meant they paid \$10 million to get \$20 million worth of coverage into the Cat Fund, as unbelievable as that is. And they were thrilled to do it because it protected their capital base.

MR. McCARTY: So my direction, just for my personal clarification, is to make this part of the

1	presentation, in cooperation with Jack Nicholson and
2	the CFO's office at the first meeting?
3	GOVERNOR BUSH: Yeah, and whoever else you think
4	would be good to participate as an advisor to work
5	out I mean, this is going to be a day-long meeting,
6	isn't it, I mean, the sleeves rolled up?
7	CFO GALLAGHER: When is this meeting?
8	MR. McCARTY: August 8th. And I'd certainly offer
9	our State economist, who has extensive experience in
10	cap markets, cap bond markets, et cetera.
11	GOVERNOR BUSH: Can he speak English?
12	MR. McCARTY: Actually, I'm training him, so that
13	should give you an idea.
14	GOVERNOR BUSH: Oh, it will be a great meeting.
15	Before you leave, this is not on the agenda, but we
16	had the last time we visited you mentioned the Keys.
17	MR. McCARTY: Yes.
18	GOVERNOR BUSH: The situation there. We've had
19	I'm curious to know what the status is.
20	MR. McCARTY: We had as a matter of fact, we
21	had a representative. Heather Carruthers was a
22	representative for Fair Insurance Rates for Monroe,
23	spoke before the Cabinet several weeks ago. That was
24	about the pilot program that we have established by the
25	Florida Legislature which allows for a separate rating,

1	territory rating class for Citizens.
2	As a matter of fact, as we speak, there is a
3	hearing today in Key West, Monroe County, on the rate
4	filing that has been made, the actuarial filing that
5	has been made from Citizens. We are taking testimony.
6	We're changing the framework, Governor, a little
7	bit on this one, and we're going to try to do this in
8	the future to make this process more transparent and
9	hopefully provide some educational benefit of what
10	exactly goes into a rate review process. And we will
11	also attempt to do that in English. It's very
12	difficult with regard to the intricacies and
13	complexities of actuarial science, but hopefully
14	GOVERNOR BUSH: Excuse me. But you're right on
15	target to do this and to be transparent about it
16	because it's hard for a lot of us to understand let
17	me put it this way. I'm kind of a I'm Mr. Anecdote
18	you know. I'm not a scientist. So I just get I get
19	tons of e-mail. So I'm a listening post for people's
20	frustrations, and they normally don't write me when
21	things are going well. It's just kind of part of this
22	CFO GALLAGHER: You'd think the place was sinking
23	if you just read your e-mail.
24	GOVERNOR BUSH: Exactly. But the interesting

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thing is that people in Central Florida think that the

1	coast properties aren't being charged enough, and the
2	folks on the coast think that they're paying too much,
3	and the guys in the center, even though because they
4	had three storms. There's not a lot of transparent
5	discussion about this. And it's really hard to
6	understand how these rates are created.
7	But put aside that. The thing that kind of is
8	completely inexplicable to me is why the Keys would
9	have what percent higher than Dade County?
10	MR. McCARTY: I think it's 250, 300 percent.
11	Well, that's
12	GOVERNOR BUSH: Who is the gnome that came up with
13	that plan?
14	MR. McCARTY: It's called your computer models.
15	GOVERNOR BUSH: Yeah, but somebody has got to put
16	the input into those models. You can't blame the
17	computer.
18	MR. McCARTY: Yes, sir. And you've changed that
19	by making them go through a rule adoption process, to
20	bring transparency to that process. And I commend you
21	for doing that because I think it's very important,
22	because you have an organization which does do great
23	work and they come out with these answers which are
24	probably, in terms of science, the best derived answers
25	we can come up with But we need to do a better job

1	explaining	to	the	people	of	Florida	who	are	paying
2	these prem	iııms	z						

GOVERNOR BUSH: And maybe us. I mean, I could 3 4 help explain it if I could understand it but --5 MR. McCARTY: Well, the issues that are being

6 presented in Key West, I think, are much easier than 7 the general actuarial questions we get on your usual run-of-the-mill filing. 8

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I think that the citizens, particularly in Key West, have been sensitized to this because of the significance of the rate increase, and therefore they've been very active. They have a very active grassroots organization there. We think that this will be a very beneficial process in terms of educating the office in terms of the issues as well as the public that's down there.

And we're hoping that it gets very -- we've worked very hard with the local community to get as much broad news coverage a possible. And we expect this to be a good model for our rate review processes in the future. We will be working with the Florida News Channel to televise these in the future.

23 GOVERNOR BUSH: Are they going to televise the Key West one? 24

25 MR. McCARTY: They were attempting to do so.

1	not sure. I'll have to confirm	that.
2	GOVERNOR BUSH: That's gre	at. Good work.
3	MR. McCARTY: Thank you, s	ir. Appreciate it.
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Т	GOVERNOR BUSH. Board of Trustees.
2	CFO GALLAGHER: Motion on the minutes of April
3	21st, May 2nd and May 16th.
4	ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Second.
5	MS. ARMSTRONG: Good morning. How are you?
6	Secretary Castille is in Miami.
7	GOVERNOR BUSH: Hang on a second. There's a
8	motion and a second on Item 1. The motion passes
9	without objection. Yes, Eva, how are you doing?
10	Congratulations.
11	CFO GALLAGHER: Great day, great day.
12	MS. ARMSTRONG: Thank you. Absolutely. And we
13	have a two-minute video for you, please.
14	GOVERNOR BUSH: Do you want to say where Secretary
15	Castille is?
16	MS. ARMSTRONG: Yes, sir. She's in Miami this
17	week with her mom. She'll be back at the very next
18	meeting.
19	GOVERNOR BUSH: We're praying for her momma.
20	MS. ARMSTRONG: Yes, sir.
21	(Video played)
22	MS. ARMSTRONG: Well, not bad for \$350 million,
23	uh? That is the two-minute opening to a National
24	Public TV special that has been officially sponsored
25	now by the local public television station in Fort

1	Myers	that	Kitson	&	Partners	is	putting	together.	Ιt
2	will l	oe a -	T t.h:	inl	c it's 90	miı	nutes.		

They're going to start at the beginning when the family started assembling the land, all the way through the history of the ranch, the family, the ranch hands on the ranch, the last year we all went through.

So I wanted to share it with you because I think it gives you folks a sense of what we have collectively done for the citizens of this state and future residents and visitors. So yesterday and today, I mean, it's just great.

CFO GALLAGHER: When is it going to be aired?

MS. ARMSTRONG: They're still putting it together.

You're just seeing a piece of the video that they've
been shooting out there. That's just the introductory
piece, but it gives you a sense for the class of the
production that they're doing. So I just wanted to
share it with you.

GOVERNOR BUSH: Kudos to the Florida Legislature for paying all cash.

MS. ARMSTRONG: Absolutely, absolutely. So, anyway, great day yesterday. So on with Item Number 2, which is the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission Triple N Ranch Wildlife Management Area Additions and Inholdings Project.

1	This is consideration of a purchase agreement to
2	acquire 902 acres within the FWC Commission's Triple N $$
3	Ranch Wildlife Management Area Additions and Inholdings
4	Project. It is multiple pages. At the cost of \$8.1
5	million, 90 percent of value. They bought the land in
6	1994, and we're paying 9,000 roughly \$9,000 an acre
7	for it.
8	CFO GALLAGHER: Which looks like we're paying the
9	same price they paid in '94?
10	MS. ARMSTRONG: No. We're paying more. But we
11	got a good price on it. Fish and Wildlife Conservation
12	Commission negotiated that price.
13	CFO GALLAGHER: What are we paying an acre?
14	MS. ARMSTRONG: Nine thousand dollars an acre.
15	CFO GALLAGHER: Oh, I see. '94, gotcha. Motion
16	on 2.
17	ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Second.
18	GOVERNOR BUSH: There's a motion and a second.
19	Without objection, the item passes.
20	MS. ARMSTRONG: Item 3 is a series of it's two
21	exchanges with M.C. Davis. It was in the Point
22	Washington State Forest and with a parcel in Leon
23	County. We're asking you to do four things in this
24	item. One is a determination that nine parcels of
25	State-owned lands containing approximately 58.83 acres

1	in the Point Washington State Forest are no longer
2	needed for conservation purposes and no longer needed
3	to preserve the furtherance of P-2000.
4	Two, a determination that the nine parcels are
5	surplus. Three, an exchange agreement under which the
6	Board of Trustees would convey eight of the nine
7	parcels to M.C. Davis and Stella Davis in exchange for
8	a 70-acre parcel located within the forest optimum
9	boundary and one parcel to S.R.W. Properties, LLC, in
10	exchange for a 2.69-acre parcel located in Leon County
11	behind the governor's mansion, and a determination that
12	the exchange will result in a net positive conservation
13	benefit to the State. I wanted to give you just a
14	little bit of history. Yes, sir.
15	CFO GALLAGHER: Before we go through some history,
16	do you know what the planned use is for the property
17	behind the mansion?
18	MS. ARMSTRONG: Yes, sir. We're going to lease it
19	to DMS for security reasons. FDLE
20	CFO GALLAGHER: I know that part. So is it just
21	going to be vacant? Are they going to put a building
22	on it?
23	MS. ARMSTRONG: I don't think it's gone farther
24	than that yet. I have somebody here from DMS, Rebecca

McCartney, who might be able to address it further.

MS. McCARTNE	Y: Actually,	Eva is	right.	We're
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- just going to leave the land as is for now for security
- 3 purposes.
- 4 CFO GALLAGHER: So the idea is just to leave it
- 5 open?
- 6 MS. McCARTNEY: Yes, sir.
- 7 CFO GALLAGHER: Okay.
- 8 MS. ARMSTRONG: Maybe it will help even more.
- 9 When we started negotiations with Mr. Hatcher either in
- 2001 or 2002, the old wooden homes, pretty much shacks,
- were being used by vagrants.
- 12 CFO GALLAGHER: Aren't they all torn down now?
- GOVERNOR BUSH: Yeah.
- 14 MS. ARMSTRONG: I think some drug activities were
- going on back there. It's immediately behind the
- 16 governor's mansion, and FDLE was very concerned at the
- 17 time about security for the mansion.
- 18 And since then Mr. Hatcher had cleaned it up. We
- 19 were having difficulty negotiating. There's a long
- 20 history of the negotiations, but --
- 21 GOVERNOR BUSH: Did you bring -- Mrs. Collins came
- in to close the deal, is that --
- MS. ARMSTRONG: No, sir. But we heard from her.
- 24 She was very excited when we did.
- 25 GOVERNOR BUSH: Good.

1	MS. ARMSTRONG: Would a map help? Are you okay
2	with this, or do you want me to go into the history?
3	CFO GALLAGHER: I move the item.
4	ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Second.
5	COMMISSIONER BRONSON: One question, though, Eva.
6	MS. ARMSTRONG: Yes, sir.
7	COMMISSIONER BRONSON: There is going to be a
8	house left inside the property at the forest, right?
9	MS. ARMSTRONG: Yes, sir. Mr. Davis'.
10	COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Is that part of a life
11	estate or anything?
12	MS. ARMSTRONG: It is not a life estate. Did we
13	try to get no, it is not a life estate. He's just
14	going to we cut out around his house, and he
15	retained an easement to get in and out. He wanted to
16	maintain that residence within the 70 acres, so it was
17	cut out. And the value of the easement is deducted
18	from the price that we're paying. So it's not part of
19	the 70 we get. It was cut out.
20	And I do want to point out, Commissioner Bronson,
21	that when we started down this path on this exchange,
22	it was an effort to try to acquire the inholdings for
23	the forest that you manage, because we were having so
24	much trouble negotiating acquisitions of those
25	inholdings because they were holding out for a high

1	dollar amount.
2	And we really wanted to go after your number one
3	parcel in there, which we weren't able to acquire but
4	he now is willing to sell. So we've turned it back
5	over to your inholdings staff. They're negotiating to
6	sell it for cash. So we're continuing to do additional
7	exchanges with for the remaining parcels because
8	they have more value for us as exchanges. So it's
9	turned out to be an effective tool for us that we had
10	not tried for.
11	GOVERNOR BUSH: And we got a price that was lower
12	than
13	MS. ARMSTRONG: Yeah, it's value for value for us,
14	right.
15	GOVERNOR BUSH: Value for value but also lower
16	than what Mr. Davis purchased the
17	MS. ARMSTRONG: Oh, on the exchange? Right, yeah,
18	\$200,000 less, right, than what he paid, right.
19	GOVERNOR BUSH: I guess he couldn't get his
20	zoning. There's a motion and a second. Any other
21	discussion? Without objection, the item passes.
22	MS. ARMSTRONG: Item 4 is the Destin Beach,
23	Incorporated, marina lease. And we've had a request
24	from both the applicant and the county about well,

now it's been about 30 minutes. We've had a request

instead from them to do a deferral to November 14th
from the parties.

3 CFO GALLAGHER: Motion to defer to November 14.

4 ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Second.

GOVERNOR BUSH: There's a motion to defer until

November 14th and a second. Without objection the item

passes.

MS. ARMSTRONG: And then on Item 5, William
Beardall, Tosohatchee State Reserve. We have some
speakers on this. But what I thought I'd do is kind of
walk you through the staff recommendation, what you're
being asked to do first. This is a consideration of a
50-year multi-agency management lease for the William
Beardall Tosohatchee State Reserve and designation of
the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission
as lead manager on the lease.

The Division of Recreation and Parks and DEP have been discussing this recommendation for some time, like multiple years, mainly because for the Department, it's an efficiency issue. Right now you have two sets of biologists. You have two sets of law enforcement, two sets of managers on the site, because while the Division of Parks Manages it for parks, you have Fish and Wildlife managing it for hunting. And so in their minds it makes more sense at this site to step back and

let it be managed for hunting.

This is in the best interest of both the land that's being managed and the uses for which it's managed. The visitors won't be able to tell the difference. Fish and Wildlife has made a commitment. They will continue to manage it under the current existing management plan that is in place until the year 2013. You will see no increase in the current hunting days, which are capped at 46. And there will be no decrease in the visitor recreation days. They are set at per the management agreement.

Any substantive changes before 2013, if they were to occur, would have to first go to ARC for discussion and recommendation to this board and then would have to come to the Board of Trustees for approval.

After 2013, if there were to be any changes to the management plan, it would have to be done in accordance with Chapter 259 and they would have to -- which requires public input, meaning public hearings, and then have to go before the Acquisition and Restoration Council and again come before the Board of Trustees.

I do have with us today Mr. Vick Heller, who is the assistant executive director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. And he's here to tell you exactly what the commitment is from the Fish

- discussion at their commission meeting about
- 3 Tosohatchee. So he can represent to you exactly what
- 4 their position is. And I think you ought to hear from
- 5 him. So I thought with that, unless you have a
- 6 question of me?
- GOVERNOR BUSH: The Legislature passed a law that
- 8 required no net loss of hunting lands on public
- 9 property or something like that. This doesn't change
- 10 that, right?
- 11 MS. ARMSTRONG: This does not change that. It is
- 12 not affected by that.
- 13 GOVERNOR BUSH: All right. Would you like to hear
- 14 from --
- MS. ARMSTRONG: Do you want to hear from
- Mr. Heller? And then we have the speakers.
- 17 GOVERNOR BUSH: Mr. Heller, come on up. We have
- 18 speakers?
- MS. ARMSTRONG: We do have speakers. But I
- thought, let you hear from Mr. Heller because that's
- 21 the official position of the Commission.
- 22 GOVERNOR BUSH: Whatever. We're happy to have
- you.
- MR. HELLER: Thank you, Mr. Governor, Cabinet
- 25 members. I just want to reiterate what Eva has already

1	said. Our Commission is on record in an official
2	Commission meeting as supporting the existing balance
3	of recreational uses on Tosohatchee. They've agreed to
4	come back to the Board of Trustees in the future if we
5	ever propose any change in the balance of recreational
6	uses, hunting days on the area and things such as that.

The agency is excited and ready to go. On the area -- we've had staff on the area for almost 20 years working hand in hand with the DEP staff. And should you decide to approve this agenda item, we are willing and ready to engage in a seamless transition and continue to provide a suite of recreational services to the public.

GOVERNOR BUSH: Very good. Questions?

Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER BRONSON: Governor, this is more of a compliment than a question to the Commission. Let me thank your chairman and the executive director. I understand in their last series of meetings -- and this will pertain to this property as well -- that you are putting an aggressive effort in to addressing the non-native species of both animals and plants. And I think that's a great step in the right direction to help protect these State lands.

25 And I'd like to commend the Commission for taking

1	that on. And I'll do everything I can to help them
2	from our side, from the Agriculture side, on those
3	lands where we both have joint management issues.
4	MR. HELLER: May I?
5	GOVERNOR BUSH: Yeah, sure.
6	MR. HELLER: Thank you, Commissioner Bronson.
7	You've provided some excellent leadership in control of
8	exotics in the area, in concert with our Commissioner
9	Huffman leading the way, and I will carry on your
10	compliments and your remarks to our Commission and
11	Director Haddad.
12	GOVERNOR BUSH: Thank you. Eva, who else is
13	speaking?
14	MS. ARMSTRONG: We don't have we have about
15	five, I guess. Let's start with Marianne Gengenbach,
16	and then Mark McNichols, if you're here, both of you
17	come on up so we can move them quickly, please. And
18	then Mr. Douglas Sphar, please.
19	GOVERNOR BUSH: Welcome.
20	MS. GENGENBACH: Good morning, Governor, members.
21	The Nature Conservancy
22	GOVERNOR BUSH: Can you say who you are for the
23	record?
24	MS. GENGENBACH: I am so sorry. Marianne
25	Gengenbach with the Nature Conservancy. Our

organization had initially received some concerned calls from our membership because there's a long and complicated history involved with this tract of land.

However, we've worked very closely with the Commission, and we believe in their commitment to continue the balanced recreational use that you see here. In fact, I think that a lot of folks from both the passive recreational community and the hunting community spoke eloquently at the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission meeting to state that they felt that this was really a great model for how to balance recreational uses.

The concerns of our members had to do with the potential increase in hunting on the land. We feel that the additional caveats that were put in the Cabinet item that require this thing to come back to the Governor and Cabinet if there were to be any change and the fact that these conditions will also be contained in the lease are things that give a great level of comfort to the folks who have been concerned about this.

And we would like to commend the Commission on doing some great work with the Division of Rec and Parks and the OF, and we support this transfer. Thank you.

1	GOVERNOR BUSH: Thank you. Good morning.
2	MR. McNICHOLS: Good morning. My name is Mark
3	McNichols. I'm with United Hunters of Florida.
4	GOVERNOR BUSH: I'm sorry. United
5	MR. McNICHOLS: Hunters of Florida. And actually
6	I'm glad to see everybody working together here on this
7	issue. The FWC does a great job with land they already
8	have, the land that they have or are getting. And just
9	there was a lot of issues going on, and I was concerned
10	that hunters weren't getting the right view of what we
11	actually are doing out there and that we are a
12	management tool, not just out there to hunt. We hunt
13	not as much time during the year as everybody else gets
14	to use the land.
15	But we do get to see this land and help keep it,
16	the animals in control and stuff. So I just want to
17	leave you at that and just say I'm glad the FWC has
18	taken over and that we're doing a good job and y'all
19	are doing a great job, too. And thank you for that
20	Babcock Ranch. That was real good work. Thank you
21	very much.
22	GOVERNOR BUSH: Thank you, sir. Thanks for coming
23	up.
24	MR. SPHAR: Good morning, Governor and Cabinet

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officers. I'm Douglas Sphar, a volunteer from Cocoa,

representing the Sierra Club Turtle Coast Group. And I
also have a long-standing personal relationship with
Tosohatchee State Reserve. I have developed and
maintained hiking trails there since 1979.

The public process being followed for this agenda item should be evaluated for adequacy and compliance with State statute. There was no advanced publicity that DEP was planning to divest the State reserve units. Citizens heard rumors that a Tosohatchee swap was on the agenda of the April 20, 21st meeting of the ARC. And this agenda was not released to the public until a week before the meeting.

At this meeting ARC considered the Tosohatchee transfer as information only. And according to the minutes, the ARC director stated the management of Tosohatchee had already been transferred completely to the FWC. This is before the public was apprised of any opportunity to participate in the possess.

DEP is planning a different public process for the remaining two reserve units, Cedar Keys Club and Rock Springs Run. DEP said they will hold public meetings, then refer the matter to the ARC. Tosohatchee should have been given such opportunities for meaningful comment and evaluation. It is at least as valuable for its ecology and recreational possibilities as the other

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7	+ 1.70	reserves.
_	LWU	TCDCT ACD .

FWC stated they plan to manage the property until 2013 according to the existing management plan, which contains numerous references to DRP, DRP's policies, goals and long-term intent. Is having the FWC manage DRP's plan consistent with Statute 253.034, Section 5, which states, Each manager of conservation land shall also update a land management plan whenever the manager proposes to add new facilities or make substantive land use management changes that were not addressed in the approved plan?

The current plan states that DRP shall be the land manager. Changing that to an agency outside the DEP certainly seems substantive.

I reviewed the plan. And updating it is not as easy as crossing out all the instances of DRP and writing in FWC. The context and intent of each mention of DRP must be evaluated so that the proper meaning is conveyed and there's no confusion or conflict.

The Sierra Club asked the Trustees to focus on the question, what agency is the most appropriate manager for Tosohatchee, considering State law and agency emphasis. The most appropriate agency to manage Tosohatchee is a larger issue than whether to approve a lease deal worked out before HB-265 exempted lands in

1	the State Park system.
2	The issue of the most appropriate agency to manage
3	Tosohatchee must consider whether the proposed transfer
4	best serves the public interest. I thank you.
5	GOVERNOR BUSH: Thank you, sir. Thanks for being
6	here.
7	MR. FUSARO: Ben Fusaro, volunteer with the Sierra
8	Club, chair of Protecting Native Wildlife Habitat
9	Committee. This response is a follow-up to Doug's
10	comments. I do want to thank the Governor's Cabinet
11	and aides for spending the time and effort to protect
12	the relatively small jewel of old Florida, the
13	Tosohatchee State Reserve, small relative to the
14	Babcock, the wonderful Babcock Ranch purchase.
15	You have provided the insurance. Fish and
16	Wildlife must adhere to the current excellent
17	Recreation and Parks management plan for Tosohatchee.
18	As we heard earlier, reinsurance is sometimes
19	necessary.
20	We respectfully request that in this transfer, the
21	Governor's Cabinet instruct Fish and Wildlife to stick
22	to the spirit as well as the letter of the current
23	management plan. Thank you.

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MR. WIMMER: Good morning. My name is Kent

GOVERNOR BUSH: Thank you very much.

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1	Wimmer. I'm the liaison for the Florida National
2	Scenic Trail with the Florida Trail Association. The
3	volunteers of the Florida Trail Association have
4	maintained a piece of hiking trail, a piece of the
5	Florida trail in Tosohatchee for over 25 years. This
5	about eight-mile-long segment of the Florida National
7	Scenic Trail is a very important piece in our as we
3	go through east Central Florida.

The Florida Trail Association has worked with the commission concerning this proposed transfer. We're pleased to report that the Commission has committed to take the necessary steps to maintain the high quality hiking and backpacking experience in Tosohatchee.

We're also pleased that the Board of Trustees have taken the steps to include the provisions within the lease agreement to maintain the existing uses and the management practices that will occur in the future.

The Florida Trail Association supports this transfer, and we appreciate the opportunity to be a partner with both the Division of Recreation and Parks for these past 25 years and in the future the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission. Thank you very much.

24 GOVERNOR BUSH: Thanks for being here.

25 MS. WRAITHMELL: Good morning, gentlemen. I'm

transparently.

2	brief. You know that Tosohatchee is a beautiful place.
3	It's of utmost importance to folks in east Orange
4	County, escaping the urban core to enjoy our wildlands,
5	and it's home to resident birds that set many an
6	Audubon member's heart aflutter, things like
7	brown-headed nuthatches and Bachman's sparrows and
8	hairy woodpeckers. I'm sure you get excited at those
9	words, too.
10	But unfortunately you can imagine that hearts were
11	set aflutter for a different reason when that local
12	community received word that that property was going to
13	be transferred and the decision had already been made.
14	At our members' behest, we looked into the
15	circumstances of the decision. And while we support
16	both agencies, the Florida Park Service and the FWC,
17	the concern of our members was that the decision was
18	made suddenly or at least appeared to have been so.

Julie Wraithmell with Audubon of Florida. I'll be

When the agencies realized the concern they created, the FWC and the Park Service spent a great deal of time working with the local community to make their goals and in fact their agencies' very missions better understood by those members of the public.

And the result was not made locally, inclusively or

1	When the issue was before ARC, I testified that
2	Audubon did not object to the transfer but rather to
3	the way that the decision was made, with a lack of
4	transparency, provoking unfortunate suspicion in the
5	local community.
6	I think FPS has recognized the missteps that
7	resulted in this perception, and FWC is seeking to
8	remedy it as they build relationships with their soon
9	to be new constituents in east Orange County.
10	So we are pleased with FWC's growing commitment to
11	serving their wildlife viewing constituents, including
12	Audubon members, and are comfortable with the transfer
13	with the assurances of both agencies that future
14	decisions of transfers of this magnitude will involve
15	stakeholders on a local level. Thank you.
16	GOVERNOR BUSH: I agree with that.
17	CFO GALLAGHER: Motion on 5.
18	GOVERNOR BUSH: Any other speakers?
19	MS. ARMSTRONG: Let me just inquire. Is Annette
20	Huggins here?
21	MS. HUGGINS: I'm going to decline to speak.
22	MS. ARMSTRONG: Okay. That's it. No more
23	speakers.
24	ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Second.
25	GOVERNOR BUSH: There's a motion and a second.

Eva, just for the record, I think that the commen	e record, I think th	at the comments
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- 2 made by the people about the process is probably pretty
- 3 good because, again, back to the anecdotal man, I got
- 4 quite a few e-mails in response to that. And not that
- 5 I'm complaining. It's my job to receive the concerns
- of people.
- 7 But it really made no sense. I mean, the
- 8 consensus was there, with a little bit of work. And it
- 9 probably required more work afterwards to clean up
- 10 from --
- 11 MS. ARMSTRONG: Right.
- 12 GOVERNOR BUSH: Just good lessons hopefully
- 13 learned.
- MS. ARMSTRONG: Yes, sir.
- 15 GOVERNOR BUSH: Right?
- MS. ARMSTRONG: Yes, sir.
- 17 GOVERNOR BUSH: Well, you're just taking it
- 18 because you didn't have anything to do with it?
- 19 MS. ARMSTRONG: No, sir. I just wanted to correct
- 20 the record.
- 21 GOVERNOR BUSH: You sound like my son. Yes, sir,
- yes, sir. You know, if I just keep saying, yes, sir,
- he'll finally stop.
- 24 MS. ARMSTRONG: I wanted to make it clear I was
- 25 hearing you. And because point well taken, but also to

1	be clear, in the ARC meeting, for Mr. Sphar, there was
2	no indication that employees had been transferred or
3	the action already taken. So I think for him and for
4	the people in the room and on the record, that had not
5	occurred.
6	The discussion and the decision within Parks, I
7	think in their minds, had already been made. But we
8	clearly needed to do more of that public outreach and
9	public hearing. That was clearly where the error was
10	made.
11	GOVERNOR BUSH: Okay. Yes, ma'am. There's a
12	motion and a second. Any other discussion? Without
13	objection, the motion passes.
14	MS. ARMSTRONG: And that concludes our agenda for
15	today.
16	GOVERNOR BUSH: Thank you, Eva. Congratulations
17	again on your hard work for Babcock.
18	MS. ARMSTRONG: Thank you, sir. And to all of
19	you, thank you.
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1	GOVERNOR BUSH: State Board of Administration.
2	CFO GALLAGHER: Motion on the minutes.
3	ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Second.
4	GOVERNOR BUSH: There's a motion and a second.
5	Without objection the item passes. Item 2. Good
6	morning, Coleman.
7	MR. STIPANOVICH: Good morning, Governor and
8	members. Item 2 is
9	GOVERNOR BUSH: Speak up, Coleman. We have a
10	little bit of noise in the house.
11	MR. STIPANOVICH: Item 2 is a request to approve a
12	permanent rulemaking. Going back in May there were
13	emergency rules that you all approved, and then on June
14	15th you approved filing of rules for notice on this
15	same rule. And today we're asking for approval for
16	filing of adoption of Rules 19-8.010, Reimbursement
17	Contract, and Rule 19-8.013, Revenue Bonds.
18	ATTORNEY GENERAL CRIST: Motion.
19	CFO GALLAGHER: Second.
20	GOVERNOR BUSH: There's a motion and a second. If
21	you don't mind, could you give us a little update on
22	the limited apportionment companies, how they've
23	responded to the appropriation of money.
24	MR. STIPANOVICH: Sure. As you all know, members,
25	the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund was dealt two

1	legislative mandates, one being the limited
2	apportionment companies, the small companies that
3	Commissioner McCarty made reference to. In working
4	with OIR there were 48 eligible companies that
5	qualified. Of the 48 that qualified, 32 companies
6	selected the additional coverage.
7	The additional coverage amounted to roughly \$269
8	million. And so which actually provides an
9	additional \$539 million, over a half a billion dollars
10	in additional coverage for the program.
11	CFO GALLAGHER: That was the premium number.
12	MR. STIPANOVICH: That's the premiums, yeah.
13	GOVERNOR BUSH: So it's 32 percent, more or less,
14	of the entire market, the limited apportionment
15	companies. This kept them in the game.
16	CFO GALLAGHER: And it kept from dumping all the
17	policies they had back into Citizens, where most of
18	them came out of.
19	GOVERNOR BUSH: Where if they weren't in the game,
20	that's what would happen.
21	MR. STIPANOVICH: And they can select up to \$10
22	million of additional coverage, and they paid 50
23	percent rate online premium.
24	CFO GALLAGHER: They could only get 10 or they
25	paid 10?

1	MR. STIPANOVICH: Treasurer, only 10. You made
2	reference to 20.
3	CFO GALLAGHER: I was wrong. Paid 5, capped 10.
4	MR. STIPANOVICH: Ten is capped.
5	GOVERNOR BUSH: So they put up five. They got
6	ten.
7	MR. STIPANOVICH: That's correct.
8	GOVERNOR BUSH: Are we calling this an equity loan
9	or something?
10	CFO GALLAGHER: No. It's a rate online.
11	MR. STIPANOVICH: Where they're just buying more
12	insurance coverage. They still have the first layer of
13	insurance coverage they have. And then in addition to
14	that, the companies that qualify, these limited
15	apportionment companies, which are companies that have
16	a surplus of 20 billion 20 million or less and are
17	writing at least 25 percent of their policies that they
18	write around the country has to be in Florida, that
19	kind of generally qualifies them. And then based on
20	that, they can buy additional reinsurance from the Cat
21	Fund, up to \$10 billion, or \$10 million.
22	CFO GALLAGHER: What this is is catastrophic
23	coverage that they must have in order to continue
24	writing these policies. If they didn't have it

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well, some of them could go without it, but if they did

1	and they had a storm, they'd lose all their capital and
2	they'd be out of business. So this protects them from
3	being insolvent.
4	MR. STIPANOVICH: And I think the motivation was
5	they weren't getting it anywhere else.
6	CFO GALLAGHER: There was none available.
7	GOVERNOR BUSH: So this was the full amount that
8	was allocated was taken up? I mean pretty close to it.
9	MR. STIPANOVICH: Well, it's not so much what was
10	allocated. That will be the other program I'll
11	mention, the Incentive Capital Buildup Program. It
12	would really be qualified, to whoever qualified would
13	get the coverage as long as they paid the premium. So
14	of the 48 that were eligible, 32, which is a lot, by
15	the way, 32
16	GOVERNOR BUSH: So the 16 that didn't, the third
17	that didn't had access to
18	CFO GALLAGHER: Either that or their own capital.
19	MR. STIPANOVICH: And they're a national program
20	already and don't want the additional coverage or
21	whatever other reasons.
22	GOVERNOR BUSH: All right.
23	MR. STIPANOVICH: The other mandate, Governor, was
24	the Incentive Capital, the Insurance Capital Buildup

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Incentive Program. And that's the references made a

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1	while ago, that infusion of an additional \$500 million
2	of capital into the insurance marketplace for
3	additional homeowner insurance coverage.
4	The Cat Fund was appropriated, through the
5	Legislature, \$250 million. And so we're in the process
6	of approving those loans. We just approved and
7	executed our first loan yesterday. There are ten
8	companies that have applied for the loan. There's a
9	pool of 250 million. The max that any company can get
10	is 25 million.
11	Ten companies have applied. One was approved
12	yesterday. We expect another several to be approved in
13	late August or September, and then the balance is being
14	asked to be approved sometime between November and
15	January. So they're kind of designating when they
16	would like the money, versus the process is in place
17	and us having the ability to implement it. We've got
18	the implementation in place. We're just doing the
19	reviews, working with OIR, approving the loans. And so
20	we're up and running and beginning to make some loans.
21	GOVERNOR BUSH: So why would someone delay, why
22	would someone want to have their loan be closed in
23	January rather than now?
24	MR. STIPANOVICH: They may not have administrative

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capability to write additional new policies, don't have

1	the infrastructure in place. That could be one reason
2	CFO GALLAGHER: You can't get a new company
3	started this season anyway. It takes
4	MR. STIPANOVICH: Plus they have to do the 250
5	million matching, Governor, the 250 million matching.
6	So they have to raise capital. They may not have
7	raised the capital yet that they need.
8	GOVERNOR BUSH: So these are what kind of
9	CFO GALLAGHER: These are brand new insurance
10	companies.
11	GOVERNOR BUSH: This is just unallocated capital
12	seeking
13	MR. STIPANOVICH: This is a half a billion dollars
14	of new capital in the insurance market to cover
15	homeowners.
16	CFO GALLAGHER: We always talk about we need more
17	companies. This is the incentive to get the companies.
18	It allows these companies to all be \$50 million
19	companies. I think one of them may be smaller than
20	that, because we only use 225 million of it
21	potentially?
22	MR. STIPANOVICH: Right. Right now there are ten
23	that applied. Right now there's ten that applied,
24	which takes up 225.5 million of the 250 that's been
25	appropriated. So if they all qualify and, again.

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GOVERNOR BUSH: The problem with -- these are all ideas that are working and part of the effort over the last six months. The one problem that we've not been able to get around is the concentration of risk that's occurred, that people have -- that's why we need this national catastrophic fund, because we've got to find a way to share our risk with others as well. If not, we're constantly going to be paying more.

CFO GALLAGHER: There's another thing that I think we should try as an alternative, because we've been working on having a national catastrophic fund since 1993, basically, after Hurricane Andrew.

One of the things that I think would make some sense is that we should go to FEMA first to get on their side and maybe the administration and see if Congress would set up a loan program. In other words, in lieu of a cat fund, have a loan program which would be principal repayment only, in lieu of them writing checks and never getting anything back.

And so they could back up our cat fund with capital that wouldn't cost us interest, as an alternative to -- if we can't get a cat fund done, and we haven't done very well at it, I think it would be in the federal government's interest as well as ours to

1 have dollars available to back up our cat fund that

2	would be repaid without interest. That might be an
3	alternative to what we're not able to get in the cat
4	fund.
5	GOVERNOR BUSH: Well, the unintended consequence
6	of this, again, for FEMA is that public entities are
7	going to go bare, basically, because they can't get
8	insurance, and they're going to hope for a designation
9	CFO GALLAGHER: And they'll be giving money and
10	never get it paid back.
11	GOVERNOR BUSH: So if your storm is declared, you
12	get your money back, and it creates a disincentive for
13	insurance.
14	CFO GALLAGHER: Exactly. That's why that might b
15	an alternative.
16	GOVERNOR BUSH: Coleman, have you got something
17	else?
18	MR. STIPANOVICH: Yes, sir. One final comment.
19	I'd like to just update the board on recent Florida
20	Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology
21	action regarding the rulemaking. They met in a
22	workshop on July 27th, and they voted to adopt its
23	process through rulemaking and proceed.
24	GOVERNOR BUSH: We're grateful.
25	MR. STIPANOVICH: Right. And it was it wasn't

Τ	a full it was a quorum. It wasn't a full
2	attendance, but it was unanimous. And there was a lot
3	of discussion, pros and cons. And Dr. Nicholson
4	seconded the motion and had the adopted rule, I mean
5	had the draft rule. So we're working now.
6	The time line will be that on August 17 and 18
7	they will be meeting to look at the standards and
8	guidelines for the draft rule that's been proposed.
9	And so they're getting input from OIR and other places.
10	And then along the way, of course, there will be plenty
11	of opportunities for objections and challenges and that
12	kind of thing.
13	GOVERNOR BUSH: They'll actually get to meet the
14	public for the first time. It will be an interesting
15	experience.
16	MR. STIPANOVICH: And then there will be a rule
17	hearing scheduled for September 26.
18	GOVERNOR BUSH: I appreciate your leadership in
19	that, Coleman. There's a motion and a second. Any
20	other discussion? Without objection, the item passes.
21	MR. STIPANOVICH: Thank you, members.
22	GOVERNOR BUSH: Thank you very much.
23	(The proceeding was concluded at 10:50 a.m.)
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2	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
3	
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7	I, Jo Langston, Registered Professional Reporter,
8	do hereby certify that the foregoing pages 3 through 87,
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11	stenographically and transcribed by me as it now appears;
12	that I am not a relative or employee or attorney or counsel
13	of the parties, or a relative or employee of such attorney
14	or counsel, nor am I interested in this proceeding or its
15	outcome.
16	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand
17	this 8th day of August, 2006.
18	
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22	JO LANGSTON
23	Registered Professional Reporter
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