

**CITY OF BAY LAKE, FLORIDA**

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT  
AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS**

Year Ended September 30, 2009

**CITY OF BAY LAKE, FLORIDA**

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS**

Year Ended September 30, 2009

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	<u>Page</u>
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.....	1 - 2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS.....	3 - 5
<b>BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:</b>	
General Fund Balance Sheet / Statement of Net Assets.....	6
Statement of General Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance / Statement of Activities .....	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund.....	8
Notes to Financial Statements .....	9-11
<b>COMPLIANCE REPORTS</b>	
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> .....	12-13
Management Letter .....	14-15

## Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

Honorable Mayor and City Council  
City of Bay Lake, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and general fund of the City of Bay Lake, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and general fund of the City as of September 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 20, 2010 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 5 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

*Ernst + Young LLP*

January 20, 2010

CITY OF BAY LAKE, FLORIDA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's discussion and analysis of City of Bay Lake, Florida's (the "City") financial performance provides an overview of the City's activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which begin on page 6.

Overview of the Financial Statements

**Government-wide Financial Statements.** The government-wide and fund financial statements are combined for this annual report, as all activities of the City are governmental activities. The report consists of the government-wide and fund statements and notes to the financial statements. The statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. The City uses the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All changes in net assets are reported as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Governmental fund financial statements utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting and focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Reconciliation of the government-wide and fund financial statements is provided on the face of the financial statements and is explained in Note 2 on page 10.

**Notes to the Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 9 – 11 of this report.

Financial Analysis

City's Net Assets

	2009	2008
Total Assets	\$ 4,688,792	\$ 4,401,919
Total Liabilities	51,693	57,144
Net Assets - unrestricted	\$ 4,637,099	\$ 4,344,775

**CITY OF BAY LAKE, FLORIDA**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – CONTINUED**

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. At the close of the fiscal year, assets exceeded liabilities by \$4,637,099. Conversion to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 entitled *Basic Financial Statements – and Management Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments* does not allow net assets to be represented as “reserved” unless there are external legal restrictions on how they may be used. Thus, while there may be long-term management plans for unrestricted net assets, they must be shown as unrestricted until such external restrictions occur.

**City's Change in Net Assets**

	2009	2008
<b>Revenues:</b>		
<b>General Revenues:</b>		
Ad valorem taxes - net	\$ 5,026,859	\$ 4,757,053
Licenses and fees	17,958	17,944
Contribution	-	218,739
Interest income	21,106	142,625
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>5,065,923</b>	<b>5,136,361</b>
<b>Expenses:</b>		
General government	4,755,695	4,615,547
Physical environment	17,904	12,002
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>4,773,599</b>	<b>4,627,549</b>
Increases in net assets	292,324	508,812
Net assets - beginning	4,344,775	3,835,963
<b>Net assets - ending</b>	<b>\$ 4,637,099</b>	<b>\$ 4,344,775</b>

Governmental funds provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. The City's net assets increased \$292,324 as a result of this year's operations. The City had a planned budgeted increase of \$13,149.

The City's primary revenue source is ad valorem taxes. Ad valorem tax revenue for the current period was approximately 99% of total revenues. Ad valorem tax revenue increased 6% from the prior year. The City's largest expenditure is for contracted law enforcement services with Orange County, Florida. Expenditures under this contract totaled \$3,547,000 for the current year, which represents approximately 74% of total expenditures. This was an increase of approximately 5% over the prior year.

**Budgetary Highlights**

There were no amendments to the budget or transfers between activity budgets during the year.

## **CITY OF BAY LAKE, FLORIDA**

### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS – CONTINUED**

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- The unemployment rate of the Central Florida area is currently averaging 10.6%. This is slightly higher than the state's average unemployment rate of 10.5% and is more than the national average rate of 9.3%.
- Fiscal year 2010 assessed values decreased by 4% and similar decreases are expected for fiscal year 2011.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare to national indices.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Auditor, City of Bay Lake, P.O. Box 22066, Lake Buena Vista, FL 32830.

**CITY OF BAY LAKE, FLORIDA**

**GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET / STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS**

September 30, 2009

<b>ASSETS</b>	<b><u>General Fund</u></b>	<b><u>Adjustments (Note 2)</u></b>	<b><u>Statement of Net Assets</u></b>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,305,144	\$ -	\$ 4,305,144
Investments	<u>383,648</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>383,648</u>
Total Assets	<u><u>\$ 4,688,792</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>4,688,792</u></u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Accounts payable	\$ 51,693	-	51,693
Total Liabilities	<u>51,693</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>51,693</u>
<b>FUND BALANCE / NET ASSETS</b>			
Fund balance / unreserved	<u>4,637,099</u>	<u>(4,637,099)</u>	-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u><u>\$ 4,688,792</u></u>		
Net assets:			
Unrestricted		<u>4,637,099</u>	<u>4,637,099</u>
Total Net Assets		<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 4,637,099</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**CITY OF BAY LAKE, FLORIDA**  
**STATEMENT OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND**  
**CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE / STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

Year Ended September 30, 2009

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Adjustments (Note 2)</u>	<u>Statement of Activities</u>
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 5,026,859	\$ -	\$ 5,026,859
Licenses and fees	17,958	-	17,958
Interest income	21,106	-	21,106
Total revenues	<u>5,065,923</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,065,923</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
General Government:			
Outside services and fees	4,738,622	-	4,738,622
Professional services	7,100	-	7,100
Insurance	5,000	-	5,000
Advertising	3,817	-	3,817
Dues and subscriptions	1,110	-	1,110
Operating supplies	46	-	46
	<u>4,755,695</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,755,695</u>
Pollution Control:			
Operating supplies	17,904	-	17,904
	<u>17,904</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,904</u>
Total expenditures	<u>4,773,599</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,773,599</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	292,324	(292,324)	-
Change in net assets	-	292,324	292,324
Fund balance / net assets:			
Beginning of year	<u>4,344,775</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,344,775</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 4,637,099</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,637,099</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**CITY OF BAY LAKE, FLORIDA**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN**  
**FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL**

**GENERAL FUND**

Year Ended September 30, 2009

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>		<b>Actual</b>	<b>Variance With Final Budget</b>
	<b>Original</b>	<b>Final</b>		
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 5,027,676	\$ 5,027,676	\$ 5,026,859	\$ (817)
Licenses and fees	17,500	17,500	17,958	458
Interest income	113,000	113,000	21,106	(91,894)
Total revenues	<u>5,158,176</u>	<u>5,158,176</u>	<u>5,065,923</u>	<u>(92,253)</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
General Government:				
Outside services and fees	5,078,427	5,078,427	4,738,622	339,805
Professional services	7,100	7,100	7,100	-
Insurance	5,000	5,000	5,000	-
Advertising	2,500	2,500	3,817	(1,317)
Dues and subscriptions	1,500	1,500	1,110	390
Operating supplies	500	500	46	454
	<u>5,095,027</u>	<u>5,095,027</u>	<u>4,755,695</u>	<u>339,332</u>
Pollution Control:				
Operating supplies	50,000	50,000	17,904	32,096
	<u>50,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>17,904</u>	<u>32,096</u>
Total expenditures	<u>5,145,027</u>	<u>5,145,027</u>	<u>4,773,599</u>	<u>371,428</u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>\$ 13,149</u>	<u>\$ 13,149</u>	292,324	<u>\$ 279,175</u>
Fund Balance, beginning of year			<u>4,344,775</u>	
Fund Balance, end of year			<u>\$ 4,637,099</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# CITY OF BAY LAKE, FLORIDA

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended September 30, 2009

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Bay Lake is a municipal corporation of the State of Florida created in Chapter 67-1104 on May 12, 1967 by a special act of the legislature. The City of Bay Lake, Florida (the City) is governed by a five-member City Council elected by the residents of the City. The accompanying financial statements present the financial position and changes in financial position of the applicable fund controlled by or dependent upon the City. In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units for which the City may or may not be financially accountable and, as such, be includable within the City's financial statements. No component units exist that would require inclusion in the City's financial statements.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the City. The City only has governmental activities and does not engage in any business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include licenses and fees. General revenues include ad valorem taxes and interest income. Fund financial statements are presented for the City's general fund. The City has no other funds.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

**CITY OF BAY LAKE, FLORIDA**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED**

Year Ended September 30, 2009

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued**

**D. Property Taxes**

Property taxes are billed, collected and recorded within the same fiscal period. Ad valorem taxes on property values have a lien and assessment date of January 1, with millage established during the preceding September. The fiscal year for which taxes are levied begins October 1. Taxes, which are billed in November, carry a maximum discount available through November 30, and become delinquent April 1. State Statutes permit the City to levy property taxes at a rate up to 10 mills. The millage rate assessed by the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, was 1.0838 mills.

**E. Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of non-interest bearing demand accounts, money market funds and investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

**F. Investments**

Investments are stated at fair value based upon quoted market prices.

**G. Annual Budget**

An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The budgetary control is legally maintained at the department level. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

**H. Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

During the current fiscal year, there are no reconciling items between “excess of revenues over (under) expenditures” and “change in net assets” on the statement of activities. For purposes of the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, general fund balance has been reclassified as net assets-unrestricted.

**CITY OF BAY LAKE, FLORIDA**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – CONTINUED**

Year Ended September 30, 2009

**3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

As of September 30, 2009, the City had the following investments and maturities.

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities in Years	
		Less Than 1	1 - 5
Demand deposits	\$ 37,012	\$ 37,012	\$ -
U.S. Treasury Securities	383,648	-	383,648
Money Market Funds	4,268,132	4,268,132	-
Totals	<u>\$ 4,688,792</u>	<u>\$ 4,305,144</u>	<u>\$ 383,648</u>

*Credit Risk.* The City conducts its investment activity within the guidelines established by Florida Statute Section 218.415(17), Local Government Investment Policies. Under subsection 17, Authorized Investments; No Written Investment Policy, authorized investments include the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act, Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency, interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories as defined in Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*, and direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

*Interest Rate Risk.* The Statutory guidelines state that the City's investments provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. 91% of the City's funds are invested in money market funds with a weighted average maturity of the portfolio of not more than 90 days.

*Custodial Credit Risk.* The City's investments are insured or registered and held by its agent in the City's name.

In addition to demand accounts, the City classifies money market funds as cash and cash equivalents. As of September 30, 2009, deposits and investments of the City totaled \$4,688,792. The following is a summary of these amounts as reflected on the Balance Sheet / Statement of Net Assets:

	Totals
Statement of Net Assets Classifications:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,305,144
Investments	383,648
	<u>\$ 4,688,792</u>

**4. COMMITMENTS**

The City contracts with Orange County, Florida, to provide law enforcement services within the City. The current contract provides for the City to make quarterly payments of the annual amount which has been determined based on the services to be provided. For fiscal year 2009, the City paid the County \$3,547,000.

Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Internal  
Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance  
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements  
Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Honorable Mayor and City Council  
City of Bay Lake, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Bay Lake, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated January 20, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

**Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City's management and the City Council, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

*Ernst + Young LLP*

January 20, 2010

Honorable Mayor and City Council  
City of Bay Lake, Florida

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Bay Lake, Florida (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, we considered its internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

We conducted our audit in accordance with United States generally accepted auditing standards, and *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We have issued our Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with provisions of Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the state of Florida and require that certain items be addressed in this letter.

The *Rules of the Auditor General* (Section 10.554(1)(h)1.) require that we address in the management letter, if not already addressed in the auditor's reports on compliance and internal controls or schedule of findings and questioned costs, whether or not recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report have been followed. There were no recommendations in the preceding annual financial report.

As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General* (Section 10.554(1)(h)2.), the scope of our audit included a review of the provisions of Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*, regarding the investment of public funds. In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that would cause us to believe that the City was not in compliance with Section 218.415, *Florida Statutes*.

The *Rules of the Auditor General* (Section 10.554(1)(h)3.) require that we address in the management letter any findings and recommendations to improve financial management, accounting procedures, and internal controls. We recommend the City performs an analysis of investment values quarterly and at least annually. There were no other recommendations in the preceding annual financial report.

The *Rules of the Auditor General* (Section 10.554(1)(h)4.) require disclosure in the management letter of the following matters if not already addressed in the auditor's reports on compliance and internal controls or schedule of findings and questioned costs and are not clearly inconsequential: (1) violations of laws, rules, regulations, and contractual provisions that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred; (2) improper or illegal expenditures; (3) improper or inadequate accounting procedures (e.g., the omission of required disclosures from the financial statements); (4) failures to properly record financial transactions; and (5) other inaccuracies, shortages, defalcations, and instances of fraud discovered by, or that come to the attention of, the auditor. There were no recommendations in the current year for any of these aforementioned matters.

The *Rules of the Auditor General* (Section 10.554(1)(h)5.) also require that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in the management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. These are all disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

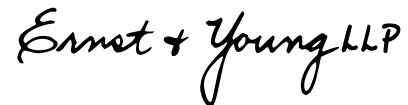
As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General* (Section 10.554(1)(h)6.a), a statement must be included as to whether or not the local government entity has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), *Florida Statutes*.

As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General* (Section 10.554(1)(h)6.b), we determined that the annual financial report for the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), *Florida Statutes*, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009.

As required by the *Rules of the Auditor General* (Sections 10.554(h)6.c. and 10.556(7)), we applied financial assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. Our procedures did not identify deteriorating conditions that would be required to be reported under the *Rules of the Auditor General*.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, and the State of Florida Office of the Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would be pleased to discuss the above matters or to respond to any questions, at your convenience.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads 'Ernst + Young LLP'.

January 20, 2010